



Rediscovery of X(3872) at Belle II Experiment

Youngmin Yook (yook@ihep.ac.cn) on behalf of Belle II Collaboration Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Science

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X(3872) Mini Review

The notation was changed to $\chi_{c1}(3872)$ but just for the sake of convenience, I will stick to X in this talk.



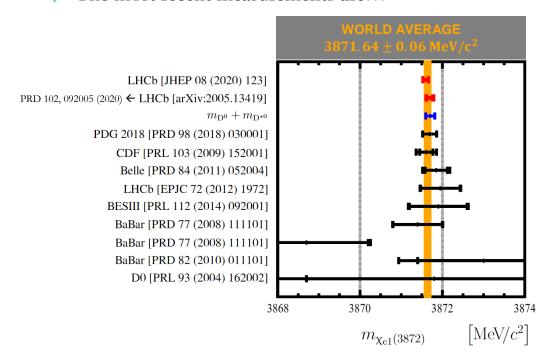
- The 2003 first discovery from Belle in $B \to K(J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-)$ channel PRL 91, 262001 (2003)

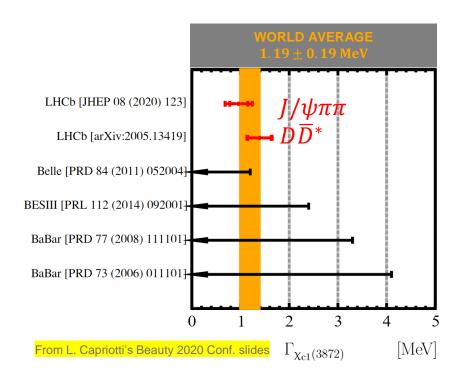
Productions in		$B \to KX$,	$par{p}$,	pp, e	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$		
Well established decay modes	$J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$,	$J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0,$	$J/\psi\gamma$,	$\psi(2S)\gamma$, $D\overline{D}\pi$,	$D\overline{D}\gamma$,	$\pi^0 \chi_{c1}$

- Yet the knowledge of the particle is not complete yet
 - Tetraquark / Molecule / Charmonium-Molecule mixture?

Great summaries by Dr. Skwarnicki and Dr. Guo in the first day EXOTIC session!

- Full width measurement can pin down the partial width and provide a handle to constrain model predictions.
- The most recent measurements are...

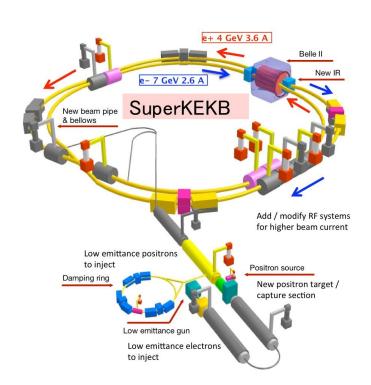


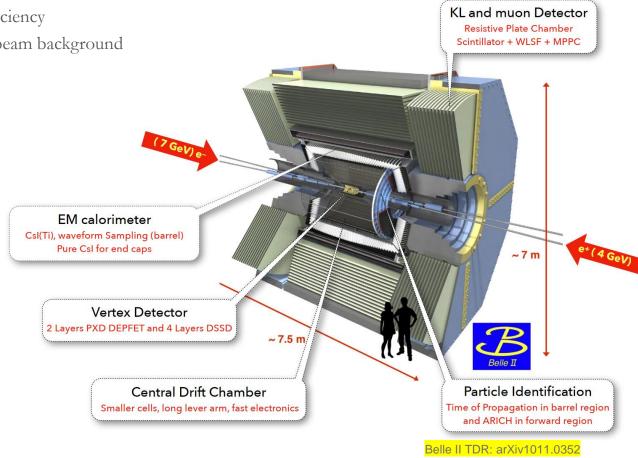


Belle II Detector

- A 4π detector with ability to detect π , K, p, e, μ , γ in wide momentum range
- $\sqrt{s} \sim 10.58 \text{ GeV}$
- J Operates on SuperKEKB accelerator designed to reach $\sim 30-40$ times (6.5 × 10^{35} cm⁻² s⁻¹) the luminosity of the older KEKB
- Major differences to Belle:
 - ▶ Introduction of PXD for improved vertexing / better Ks efficiency

Upgrade in Particle Identification to cope with much higher beam background

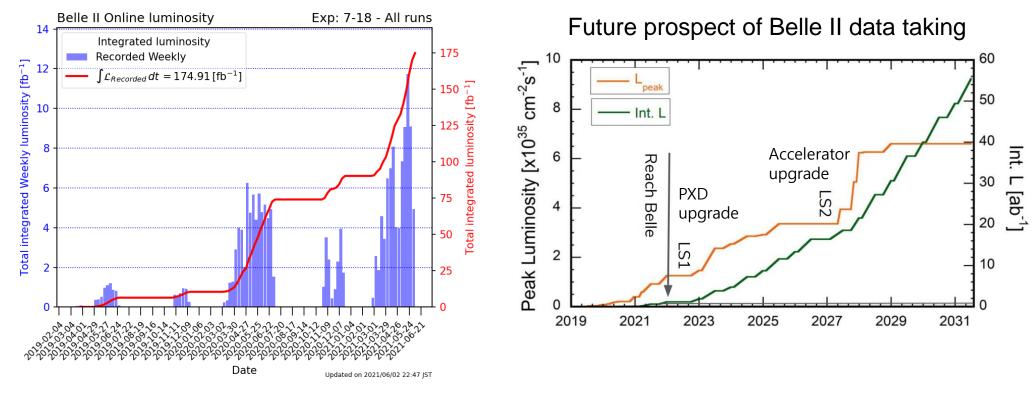




Belle II Dataset



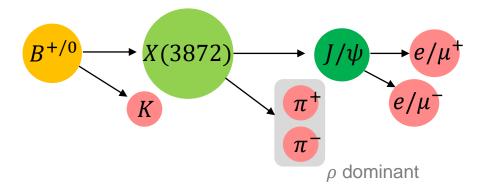
- Aiming to collect $50ab^{-1}$ data mostly on $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance (50 times of Belle)
- Current integrated luminosity 175 fb⁻¹ (peak instantaneous: $2.9 \times 10^{-34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$)
- Increasing by $1 1.5 \text{fb}^{-1}$ day by day



Today, based on 62.8fb⁻¹ $\Upsilon(4S)$ data: $B \to KX(3872)$: $X(3872) \to J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ with high reconstruction rate

Reconstruction and Event Selection





Track Selection

- ① PID for leptons and pions
- 2 Point of closest approach to the interaction point in $r \phi$ (along z direction) < 1.0 (3.0) cm

K_S^0

- 1 Vertex fit with two oppositely charged pions
- 2 $490 < M_{\pi + \pi^-} < 506 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

J/ψ

- ① $3.070 (3.065) < M_{J/\psi \to \mu^+ \mu^- (e^+ e^-)} < 3.117 \text{ GeV/}c^2$ (Bremsstrahlung photons are recollected)
- (2) Mass-constrained fit after the first criterion

B

- ① $M_{bc} (\equiv \sqrt{(s/2)^2 (p_B^{cms})^2}) > 5.27 \text{ GeV/c}^2$
- $(2) |\Delta E (\equiv s/2 E_B^{cms})| < 0.02 \text{ GeV/c}^2$

Continuum Suppression

Normalized Fox-Wolfram moment R2 < 0.4

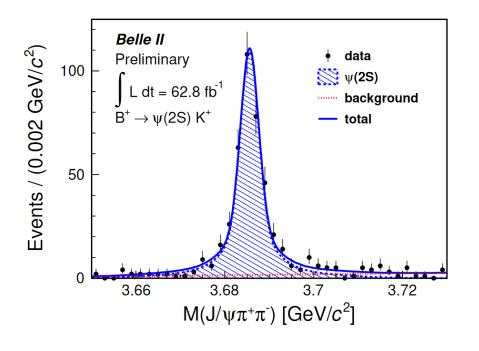
$$M_{\pi^+\pi^-}$$

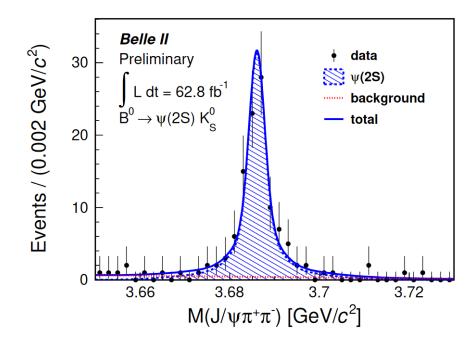
$$M_{\pi+\pi-}^{meas} - M_{\ell+\ell-\pi+\pi-}^{meas} + m_{I/\psi} > -0.150 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

- Retains \sim 90% of signal / suppresses background by \sim 75%
- Reduction in mis-identified pions

Control Sample Study with $B \to K\psi(2S)$: $\psi(2S) \to J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$

 $\supset BF(B \to \psi(2S)K)$ from the Belle II data vs. World Average





- J Same conditions for the X(3872) analysis applied: except for the X(3872) specific $M_{\pi^+\pi^-}$ criterion
- J Signal modeled in triple Gaussian with a common mean, Background in 1st order Chebyshev Polynomial
- J Signal PDF width floated
- J Unbinned maximum likelihood fit to the Data in $M_{I/\psi\pi^+\pi^-}$

Control Sample Study with $B \to K\psi(2S): \psi(2S) \to J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$



$$BF = \frac{N_{signal}^{Observed}}{N_B \cdot \epsilon \cdot \Pi BF (\text{sub} - \text{decays})}$$

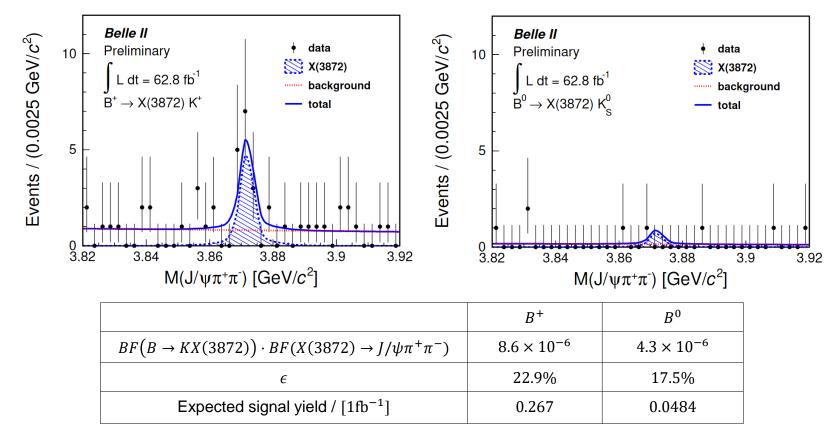
 ϵ : acceptance x selection efficiency of the signal events with PID correction N_B : Number of B mesons obtained

	$B^+ \to K^+ \psi(2S)$	$B^0 \to K_S^0 \psi(2S)$
Signal efficiency [%]	22.69 ± 0.16	17.40 ± 0.17
Obtained Branching Fraction (World average) [$\times 10^{-4}$]	$6.08 \pm 0.37 \ (6.19 \pm 0.22)$	$6.18 \pm 0.69 \ (5.8 \pm 0.5)$
Obtained / World Average	0.982 ± 0.069	1.07 ± 0.15

PDG2020: PTEP 2020, 083C01 (2020)

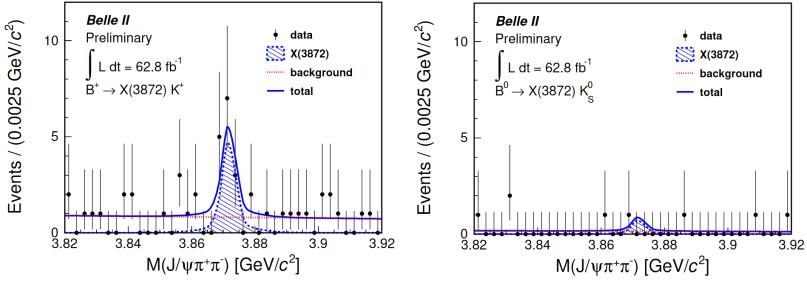
- J Statistical uncertainty only
- In a good agreement with the world average branching fraction of $B \to K\psi(2S)$
- J We see increased discrepancy with K/π Identification.
- J Possible major systematic sources are: Tracking, K_s reconstruction, Number of B mesons (2.1%)

Extraction of signal for $B \rightarrow KX(3872)$



- J Unbinned simultaneous extended maximum likelihood fit performed
- J The ratio of signals yields to the expected signal yield per 1 fb^{-1}
 - $BF(B^0 \to X(3872)K^0)/BF(B^+ \to X(3872)K^+) = 0.50$ Belle, PRD 84, 052004 (2011).
 - ▶ Signal PDF: Histogram PDF assuming World Average Mass and Width from LHCb measurements.
 - ▶ Background PDF: 1st order Chebyshev Polynomial

Extraction of signal for $B \rightarrow KX(3872)$



	With signal hypothesis	Without signal hypothesis
Signal Yield	14.4 ± 4.6	-
Background in B ⁺ channel	31.6 ± 6.1	45.0 ± 6.7
Background in B ⁰ channel	7.0 ± 2.8	8.0 ± 2.8
Log likelihood	-231.01	-220.33

Statistical significance estimated to be:

$$-2\ln(L_0/L) = 4.6\sigma$$

	Ве	elle	Belle II (This analysis)		
	Signal Yield / $\int Ldt$ [fb]	Signal Efficiency [%]	Signal Yield / $\int Ldt$ [fb]	Signal Efficiency [%]	
$B^+ \to K^+ \psi(2S)$	5.027 ± 0.090	17.8 ± 0.2	6.51 ± 0.37	22.7 ± 0.2	
$B^0 \to K_S^0 \psi(2S)$	1.145 ± 0.042	14.1 ± 0.2	1.66 ± 0.18	17.4 ± 0.2	
$B \rightarrow KX(3872)$	0.212 ± 0.021	19.1 ± 0.2	0.194 ± 0.062	22.9	

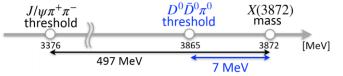
Note:

 $K\psi(2S)$ at Belle II tends to higher efficiency due to looser criteria compared to Belle analysis as it was being used as a control sample for this analysis.

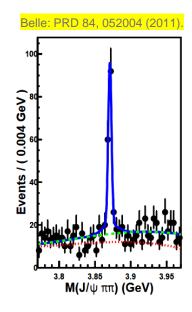
 π -ID correction is not applied for the Belle II KX(3872) analysis.

What next?: X(3872) Width measurement

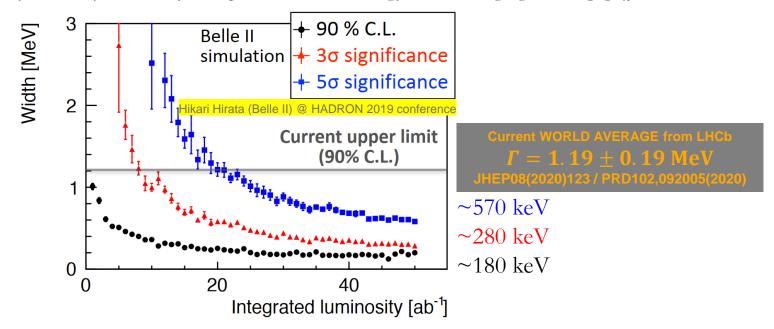
- J Mass resolution of signal PDF (1.86 \pm 0.01 MeV/ c^2) $> \Gamma_{total}^{X(3872)}$ in $J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$
- In order to improved the mass resolution $D^0 \overline{D}{}^0 \pi^0$ decay modes are preferred.



Previous related search @ Belle: $X(3872) \to D^{*0} \overline{D}{}^{0}$ $BF(B \to KX(3872)) \cdot BF(X(3872) \to D^{*0} \overline{D}{}^{0}) = (0.80 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-4} : \Gamma_{total} = 3.9^{+2.8+0.2(syst)}_{-1.4-1.1(syst)}$ Majority of systematics from fit bias, statistical limitation PRD 81, 031103 (2010).



- Looking forward to full width measurement at Belle II with $B \to KX(3872)$: $X(3872) \to DD\pi$!
 - Toy MC study has already been performed with strategy of extracting signal in $M_{D^0 \overline{D}^0 \pi^0}$



Summary



- J The first study of exotic Charmonia at Belle II
- JX(3872) revisited at 4.6σ statistical significance!
- J 62.8 fb⁻¹ $\Upsilon(4S)$ data analyzed for $B \to KX(3872)$: $X(3872) \to J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$
- J Belle II aims to reach $50ab^{-1}$ data ($5.5 \times 10^{10}~B\bar{B}$ s) and...

Provide total width of X(3872) in $X \to D^0 \overline{D}{}^0 \pi^0$ or inclusively

Provide inputs on the properties of X(3872) in its quantum numbers J^{PC}

Revisit more subchannels and improve measurements of the X(3872) decays e.g. $X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$ as low energy photon reconstruction is no problem @ Belle 2

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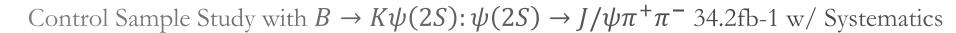


BACKUP

PDG2020 summary



State	M [MeV]	Γ [MeV]	J^{PC}	Process (mode)	Experiment (#σ)	Year	Status
X(3872)	3871.69 ± 0.17	< 1.2	1++	$B \to K(\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi)$	Belle [1049,1137] (>10), BaBar [1138] (8.6)	2003	Ok
				$p\bar{p} \to (\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi) \dots$	CDF [1139–1141] (11.6), D0 [1142] (5.2)	2003	Ok
				$pp \to (\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi) \dots$	LHCb [1143–1145] (np), CMS [1146] (np)	2012	Ok
				$Y(4260) \rightarrow \gamma (\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi)$	BESIII [1147] (6.3)	2013	NC!
				$B \to K(\omega J/\psi)$	Belle [1148] (4.3), BaBar [1149] (4.0)	2005	NC!
				$B \to K(\gamma J/\psi)$	Belle [1148,1150] (5.5), BaBar [1151,1152] (3.6),	2005	Ok
				$B \to K(\gamma \psi(2S))$	LHCb [1153] (> 10) BaBar [1152] (3.5), Belle [1150] (0.2),	2008	NC!
				$B \to K(D^0 \bar{D}^{*0})$	LHCb [1153] (4.4) Belle [1154,1155] (6.4), BaBar [1156] (4.9)	2006	NC!





Source	$B^+ \to K^+ \psi(2S)$	$B^0 \to K_S^0 \psi(2S)$
Tracking	8.5%	9.3%
K_s reconstruction efficiency	-	6.0%
Number of B mesons	2.1%	2.1%
Total	8.8%	11%