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# Prospects of Quarkonium Studies at Belle II

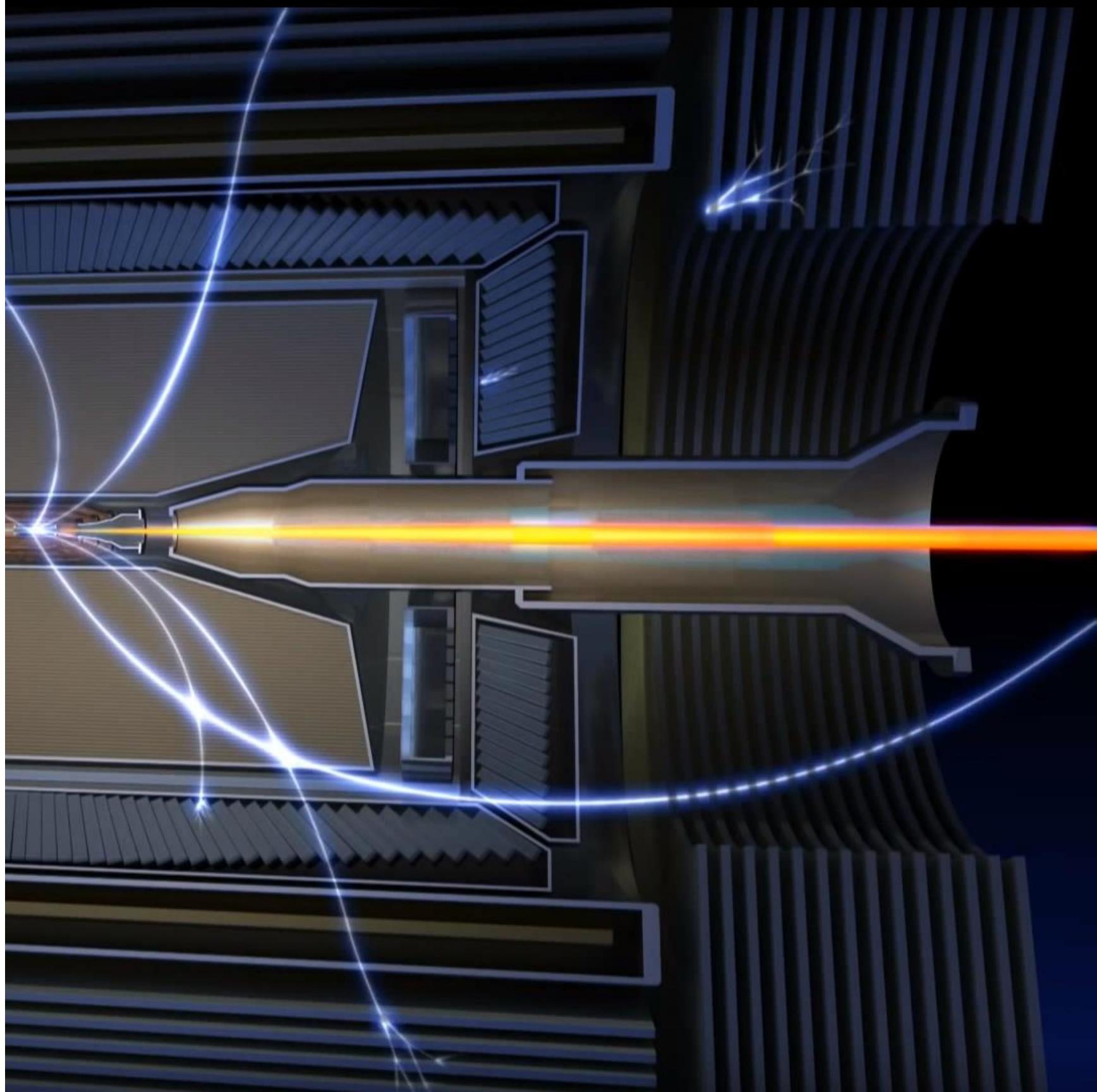
March 19, 2021

Bryan Fulsom (PNNL)  
on behalf of the Belle II Collaboration

14<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Heavy Quarkonium  
UC Davis, CA, USA

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY** **BATTELLE**

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# Introduction

- Belle / Belle II Overview
- Physics Potential
  - B Decays
  - Initial State Radiation
  - Other processes
  - Non- $\Upsilon(4S)$  Energies
- New Results from Data

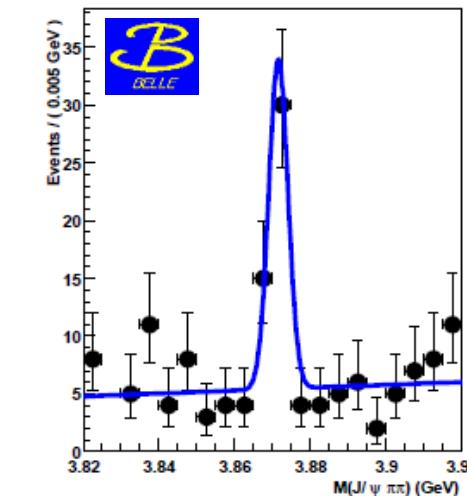
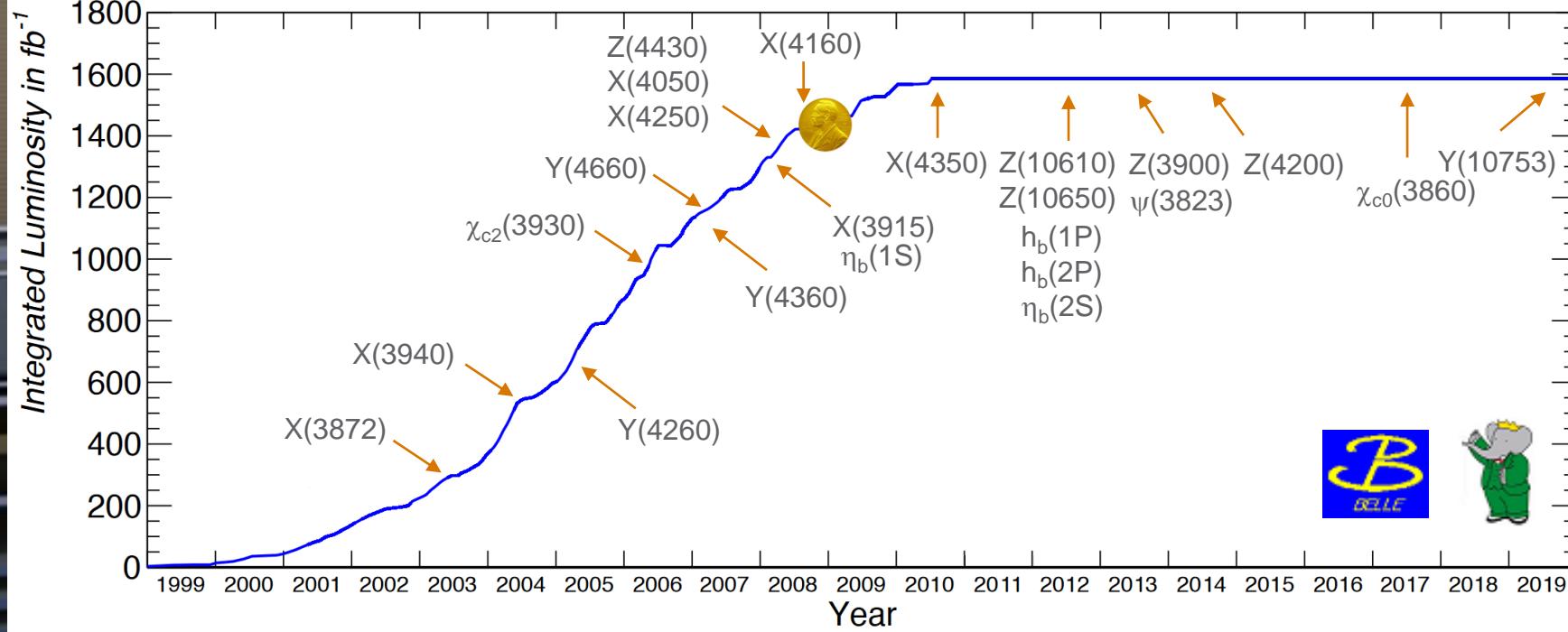


# Overview

# B-Factories Legacy

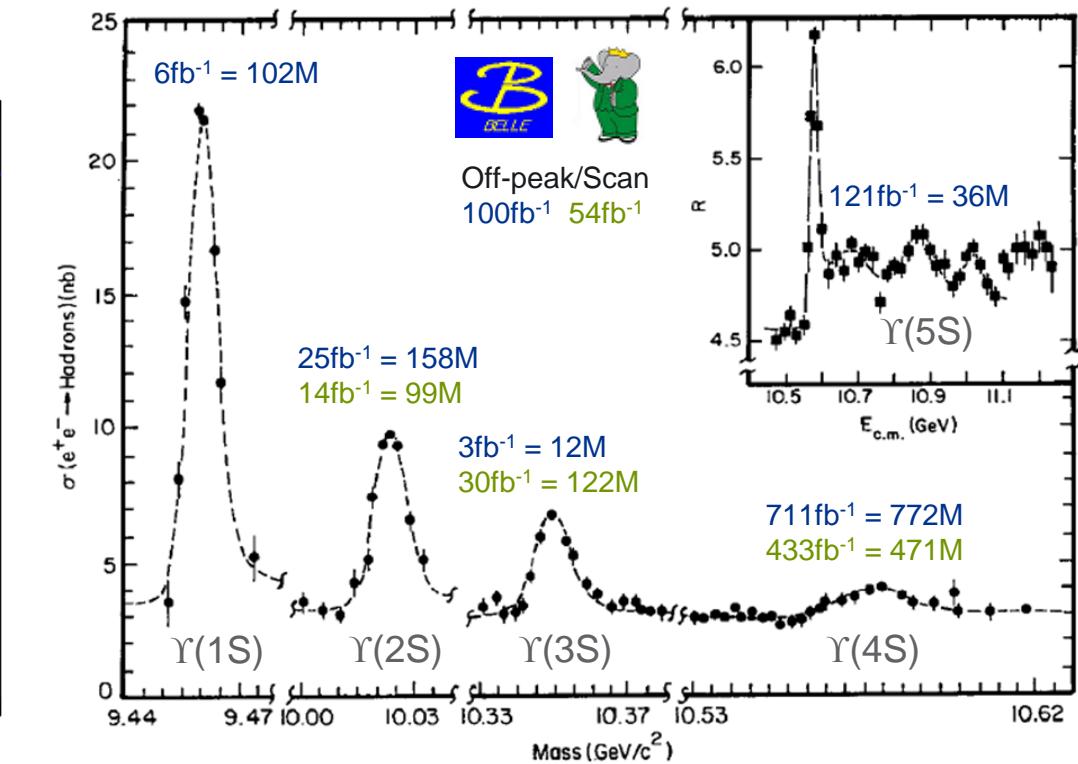
e.g.: “The Physics of the B Factories”, EPJC 74, 3026 (2014)

- ~2000 – 2010 : BaBar (SLAC) & Belle (KEK)
- Flavor physics: CKM/UT, CPV in B decays
- Hints for NP in rare processes
- New particle discoveries: “XYZ” states



X(3872): Most cited  
Belle paper (~1900)

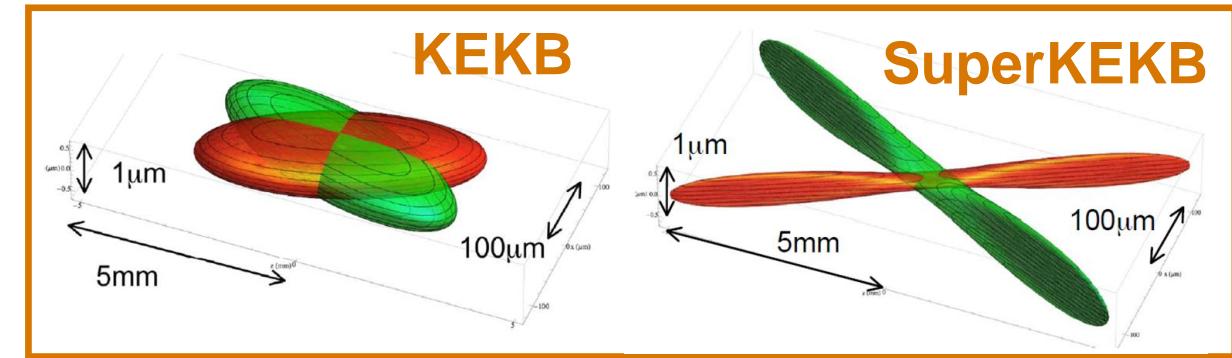
PRL 91, 262001 (2003)



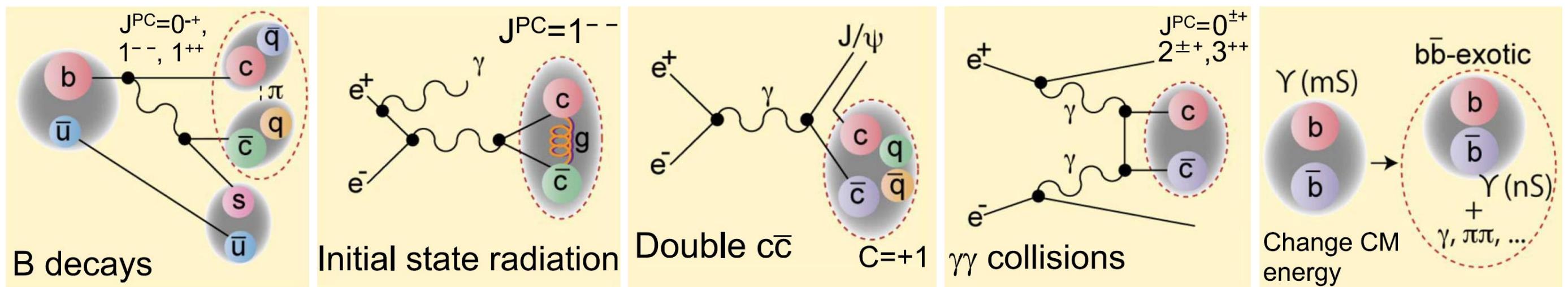
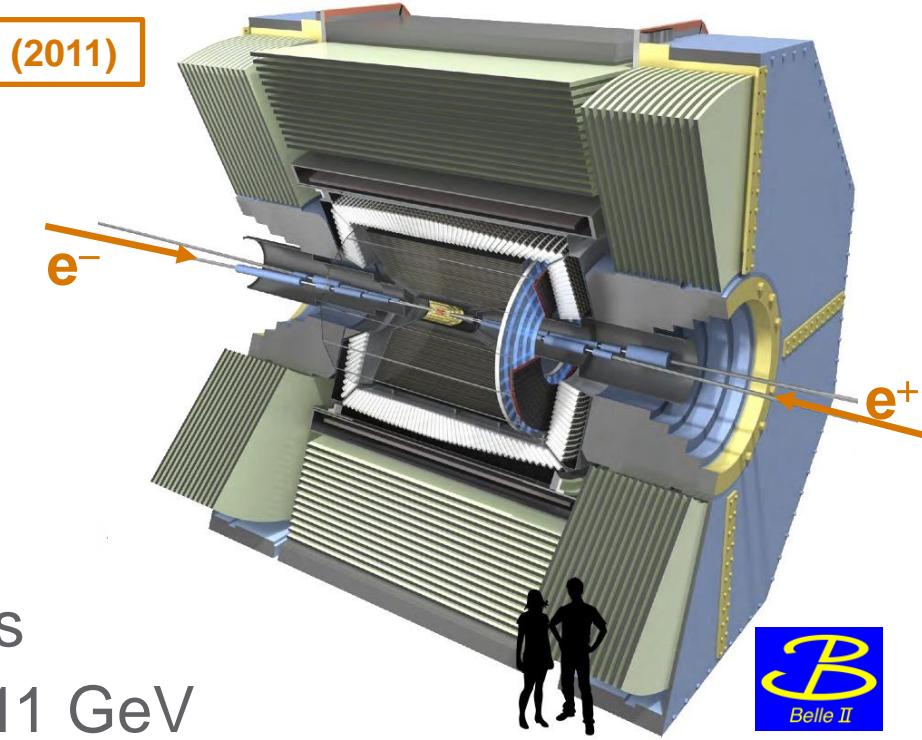
# Belle II Capabilities

PTEP 2019 123C01 (2019)

- Belle II is the next generation B-Factory
  - Upgraded detector and accelerator
  - 1076 members, 121 institutions, 26 nations
  - ~10-year program ongoing since 2019
- Advantages
  - ~40x instantaneous and integrated luminosity
  - Full event reconstruction, decays with neutral/soft particles
  - Nominal  $\sqrt{s} = 10.58 \text{ GeV} = m(\Upsilon(4S))$ , potential to reach ~11 GeV



arXiv:1011.0352 (2011)

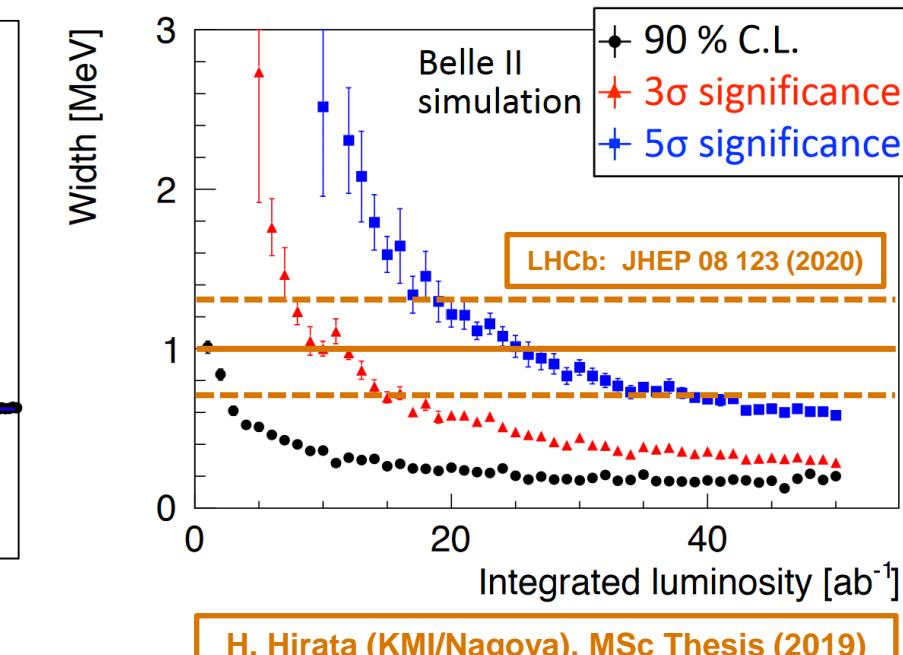
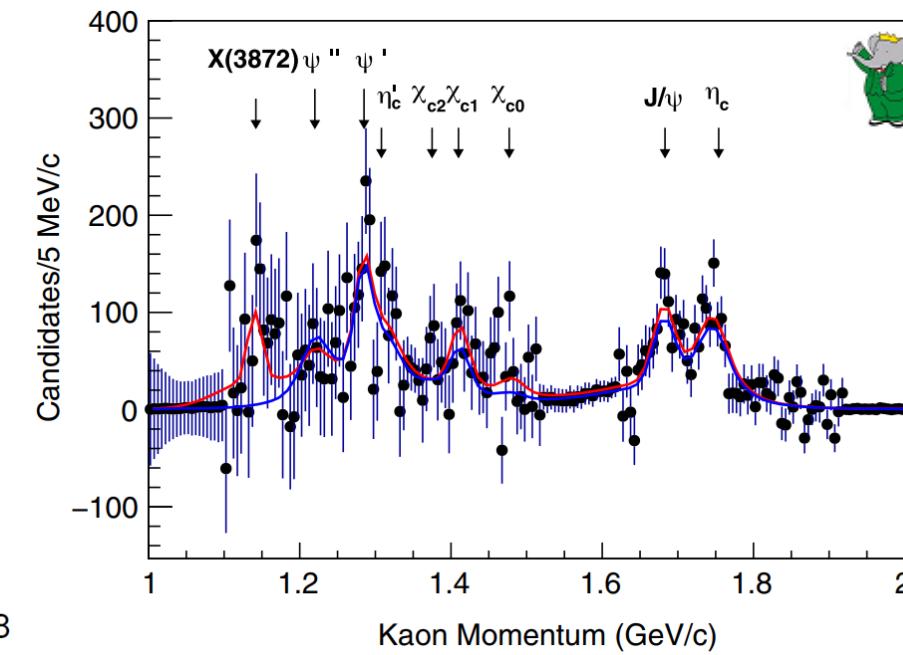
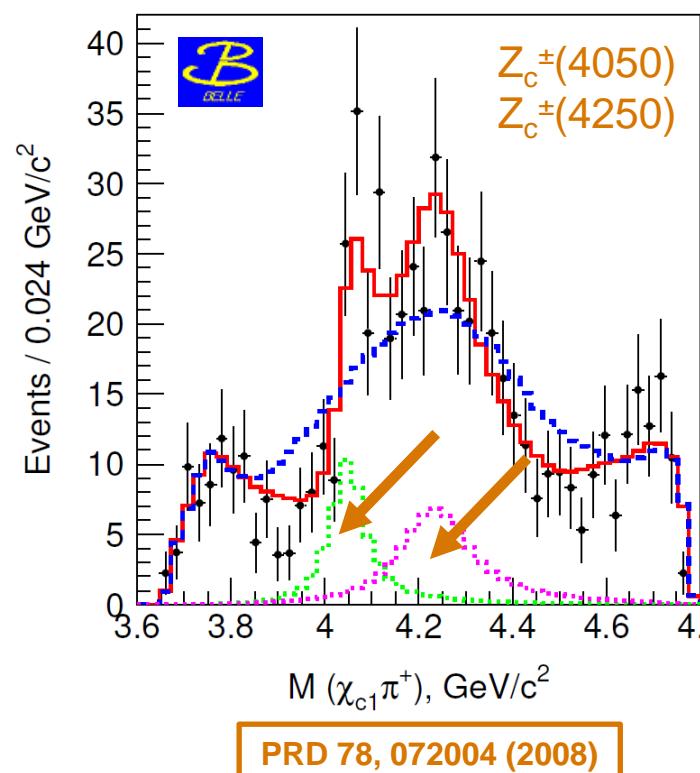
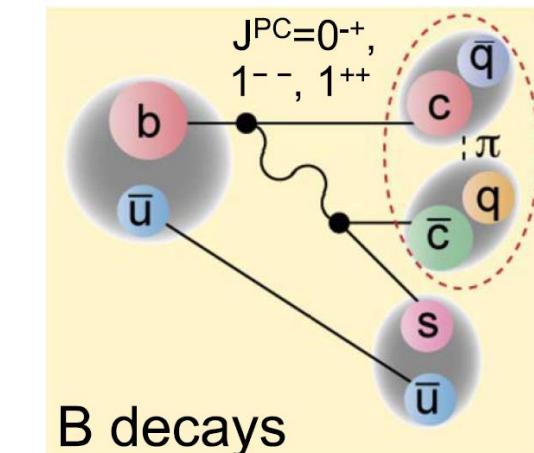




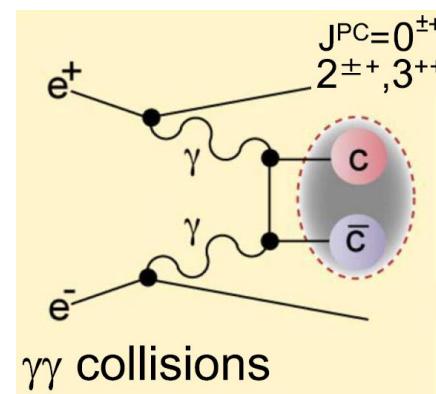
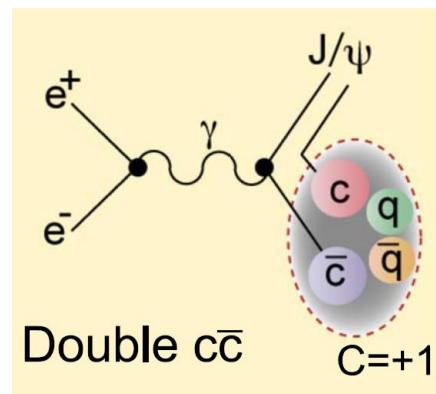
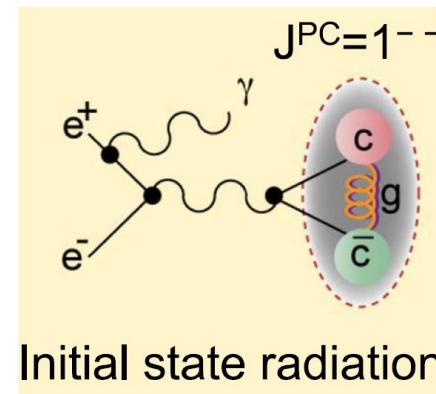
# Physics Potential

# Belle II Potential – B Decay

- High-statistics continuation from B-Factories
- Competition from LHCb, advantages for modes with neutrals
  - Confirm  $Z_c$  states and search for neutral partners
  - Absolute branching fractions  $B \rightarrow X(3872,3915) K$
  - Confirmation of  $X(3872)$  width measurement with  $D^0\bar{D}^0\pi^0$



# Belle II Potential – Other Processes



- ISR

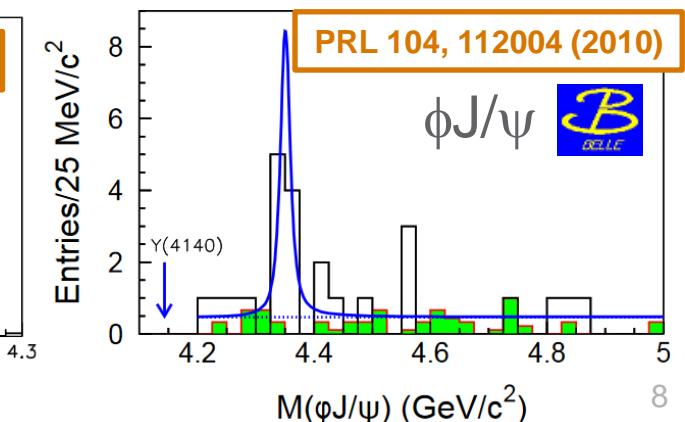
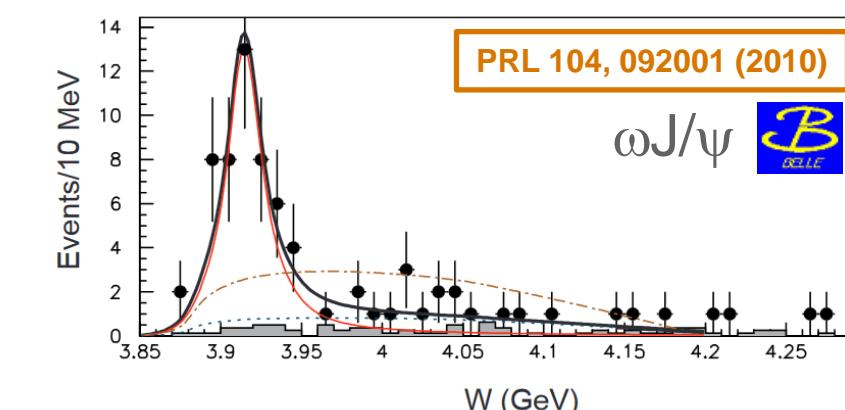
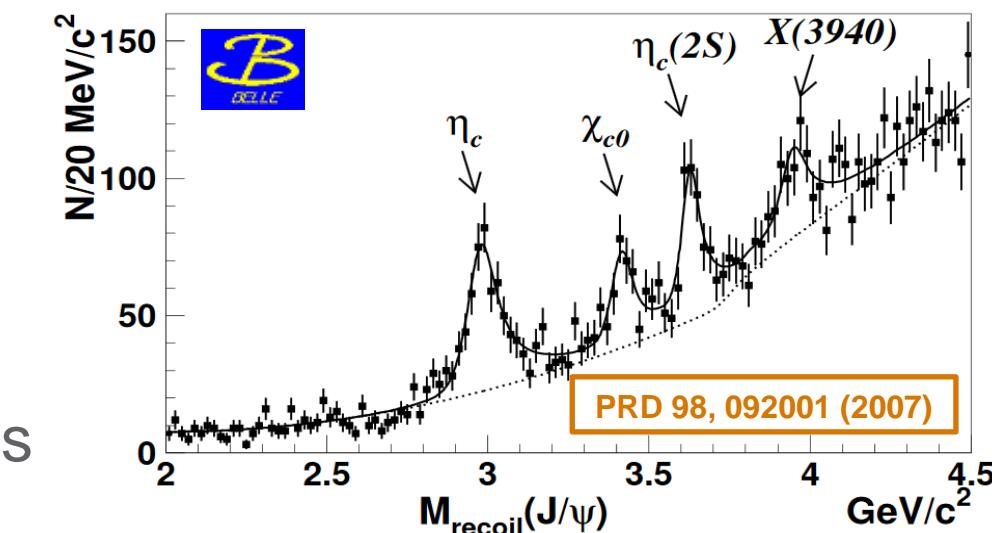
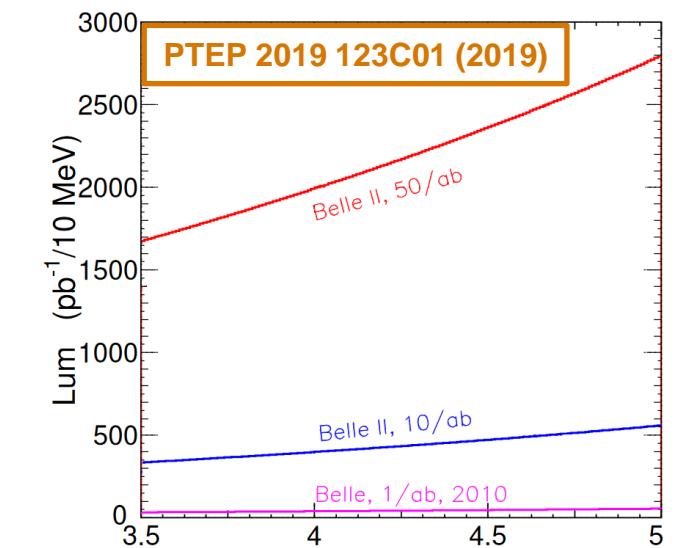
- Continuous mass range  $>4.6 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Higher masses/channels (e.g.  $\gamma_{\text{ISR}}\Sigma_c\bar{\Sigma}_c$ )
- Confirm  $Z_c$  states (e.g.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow h_c\pi\pi$ )

- Double- $c\bar{c}$

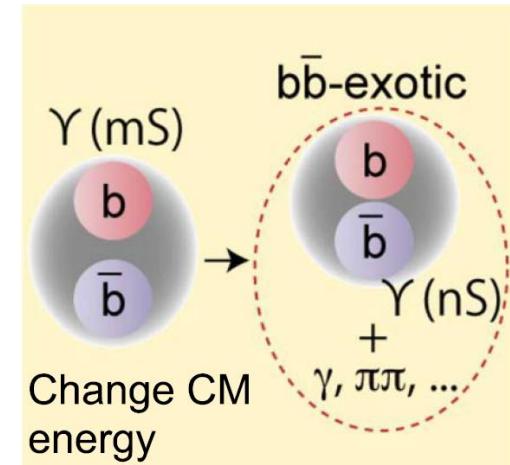
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow (c\bar{c})_{J=1}(c\bar{c})_{J=0}$  production rule
- Discovery of  $X(3940, 4160)$
- Expand to other  $c\bar{c}$ , search for new states

- Two-Photon

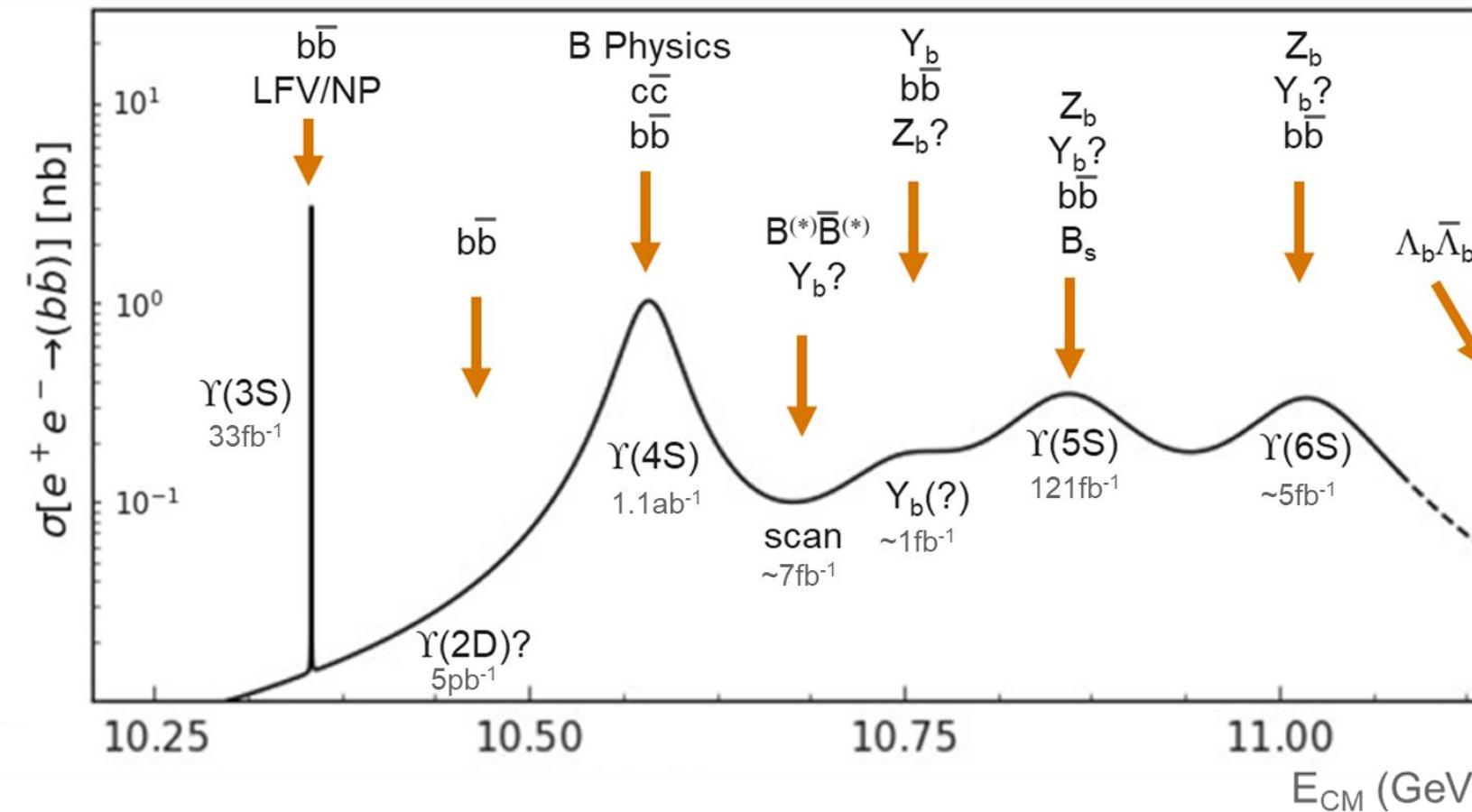
- $J^{PC}$  of  $X(3915)$
- Confirm  $\phi J/\psi$  state?
- $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$  final states



# Belle II Potential – Other Energies



- B-Factories extended their physics programs with non- $\Upsilon(4S)$  data
  - BaBar  $\Upsilon(3S)$ : discovery of  $\eta_b(1S)$
  - Belle  $\Upsilon(5S)$ : discovery of  $h_b(1P, 2P)$ ,  $\eta_b(2S)$ ,  $Z_b^\pm(10610, 10650)$
  - KEKB/Belle energy scan data:  $\Upsilon(6S)$ ,  $\Upsilon_b(10753)$



# Belle II Potential – 10.75 GeV

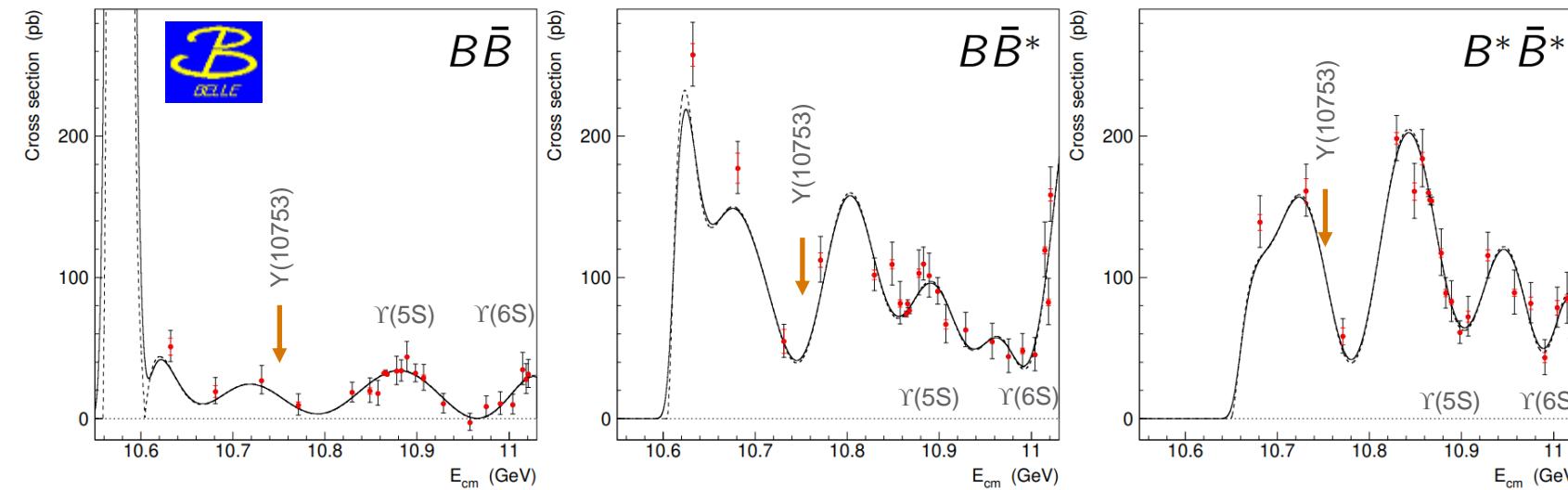
JHEP 10 (2019) 220

- Seven  $\sim 1\text{fb}^{-1}$  scan points below  $\Upsilon(5S)$
- New structure observed in  $\pi^+\pi^-\Upsilon(\ell^+\ell^-)$  transitions

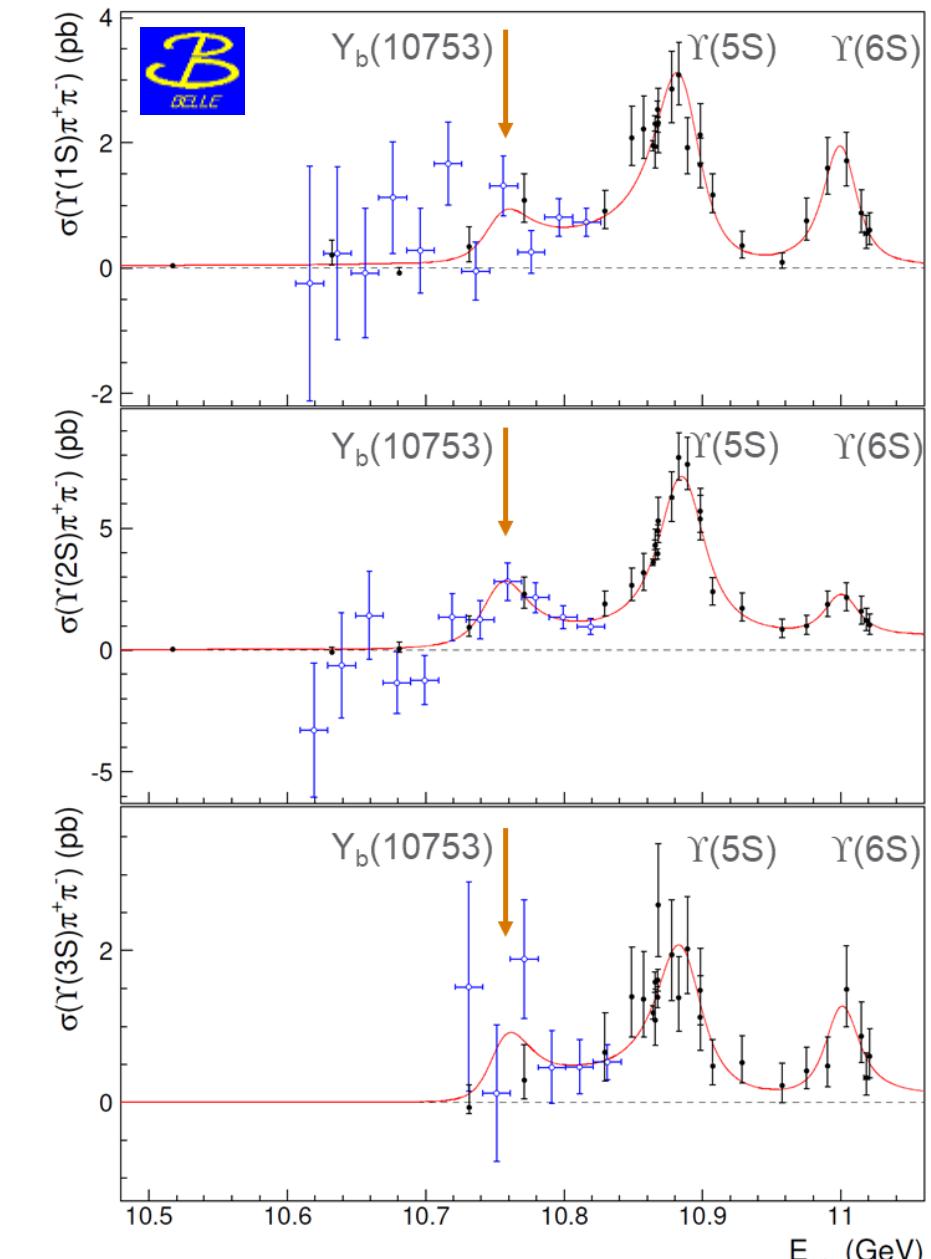
|                         | $\Upsilon(10860)$               | $\Upsilon(11020)$               | New structure                   |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| M (MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ) | $10885.3 \pm 1.5^{+2.2}_{-0.9}$ | $11000.0^{+4.0+1.0}_{-4.5-1.3}$ | $10752.7 \pm 5.9^{+0.7}_{-1.1}$ |
| $\Gamma$ (MeV)          | $36.6^{+4.5+0.5}_{-3.9-1.1}$    | $23.8^{+8.0+0.7}_{-6.8-1.8}$    | $35.5^{+17.6+3.9}_{-11.3-3.3}$  |

- New preliminary results this week

R.Mizuk QWG 2021

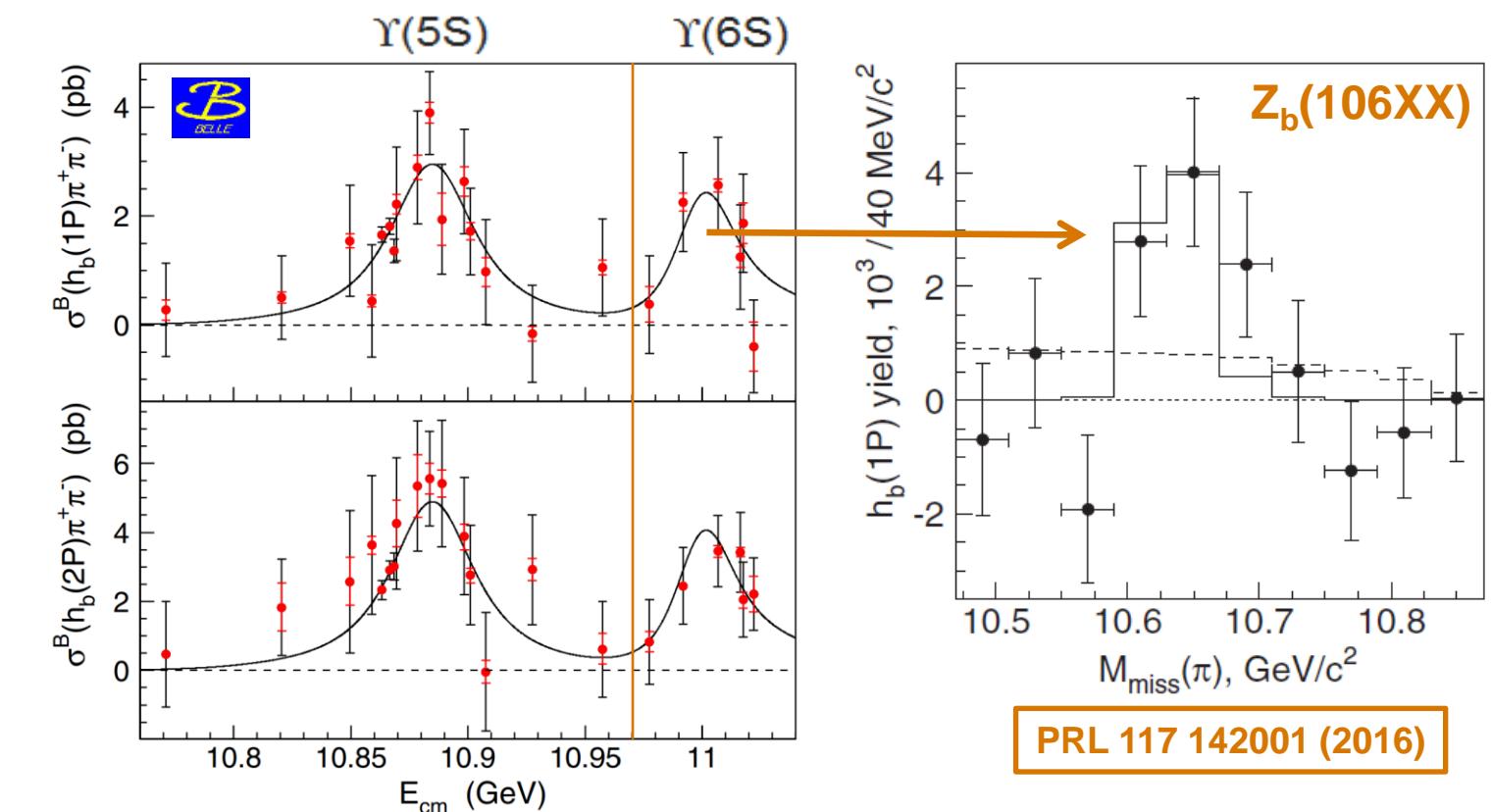


- Revisit this energy region with greater statistics



# Belle II Potential – $\Upsilon(6S)$

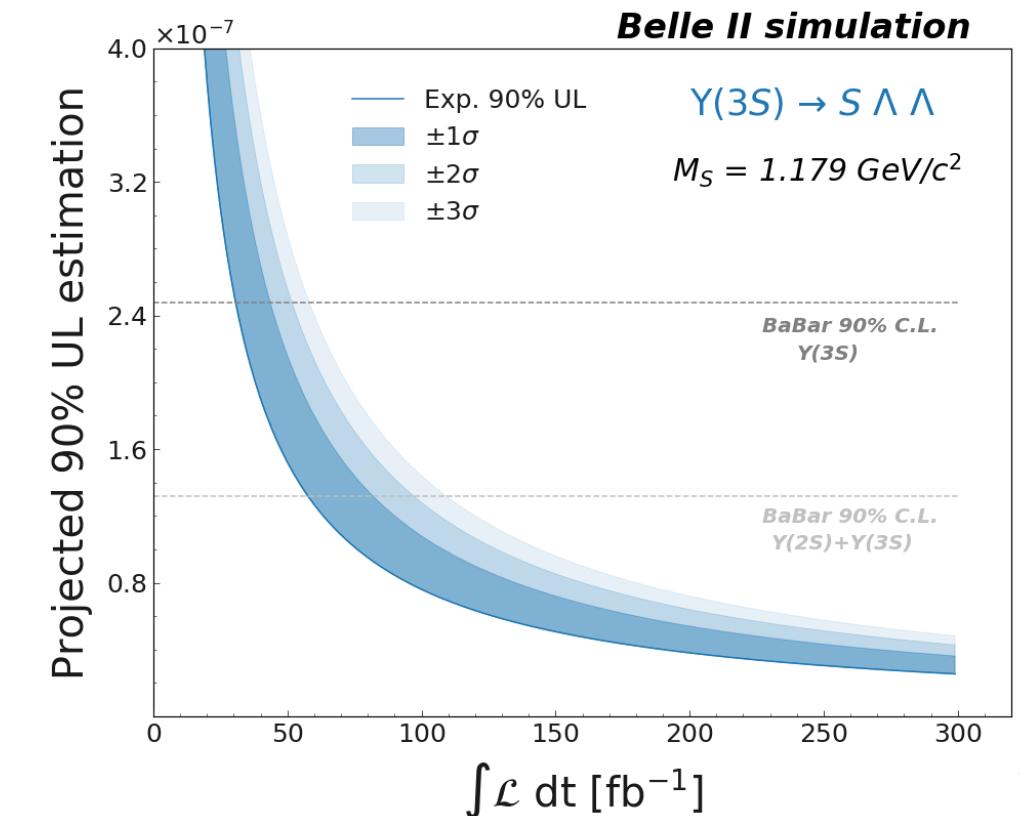
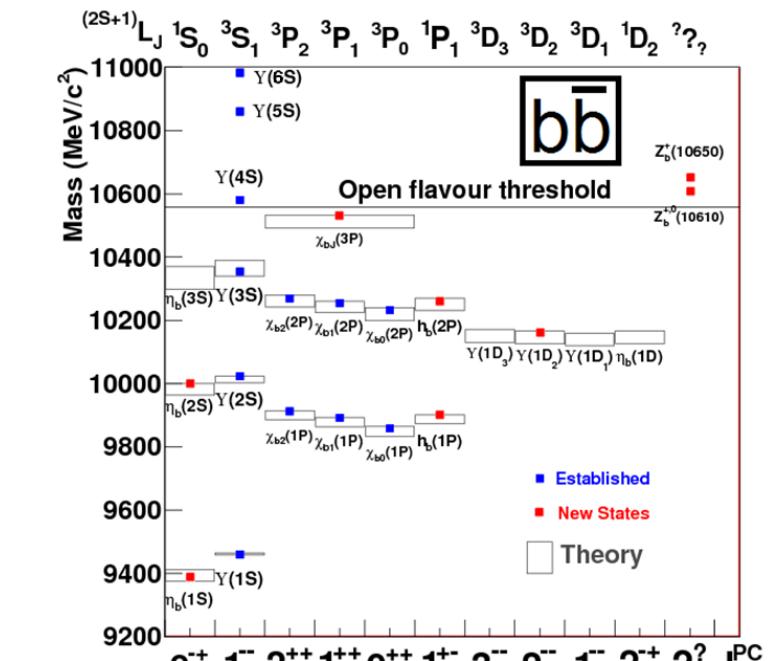
- Belle limited by statistics
- <1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  per scan point  $\sim 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Not on  $\sigma$  peak,  $L_{\text{eff}} = \sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $\Upsilon(6S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$ 
  - $h_b$ : evidence for  $Z_b$
  - $\Upsilon(pS)$ : statistics needed
- Include other decay modes
- Pending questions:
  - Investigate nature of  $\Upsilon(6S)$  and  $Z_b$ : how many states, neutral partners?
  - Potential pathway to other bottomonium states ( $h_b(3P)$ ,  $\Upsilon(D)$ )?



# Belle II Potential – $\Upsilon(4S)$ and Below

- Default  $\Upsilon(4S)$ 
  - Transitions:  $\pi\pi/\eta/\eta'$  transitions, radiative decays?
  - 16k  $h_b$  and 5k  $\eta_b$  tagged events /  $100\text{fb}^{-1}$
- Conventional quarkonium below  $\Upsilon(4S)$ 
  - Rare decays:  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_b(1P)$ ,  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$ , ...
  - D-wave:  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \Upsilon(1D)$ , scan for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(mD_1)$
  - Inclusive production ( $D$ ,  $\bar{d}$ , ...) in  $b\bar{b}$  decay
- Beyond Standard Model below  $\Upsilon(4S)$ 
  - $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow$  invisible with dipion tag
  - LFV search  $b\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell\tau$ , LFU  $\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \tau\tau/\mu\mu$
  - $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow S\Lambda\Lambda(n\pi)$  ‘sexaquark’ search

arXiv:1708.08951 (2018)

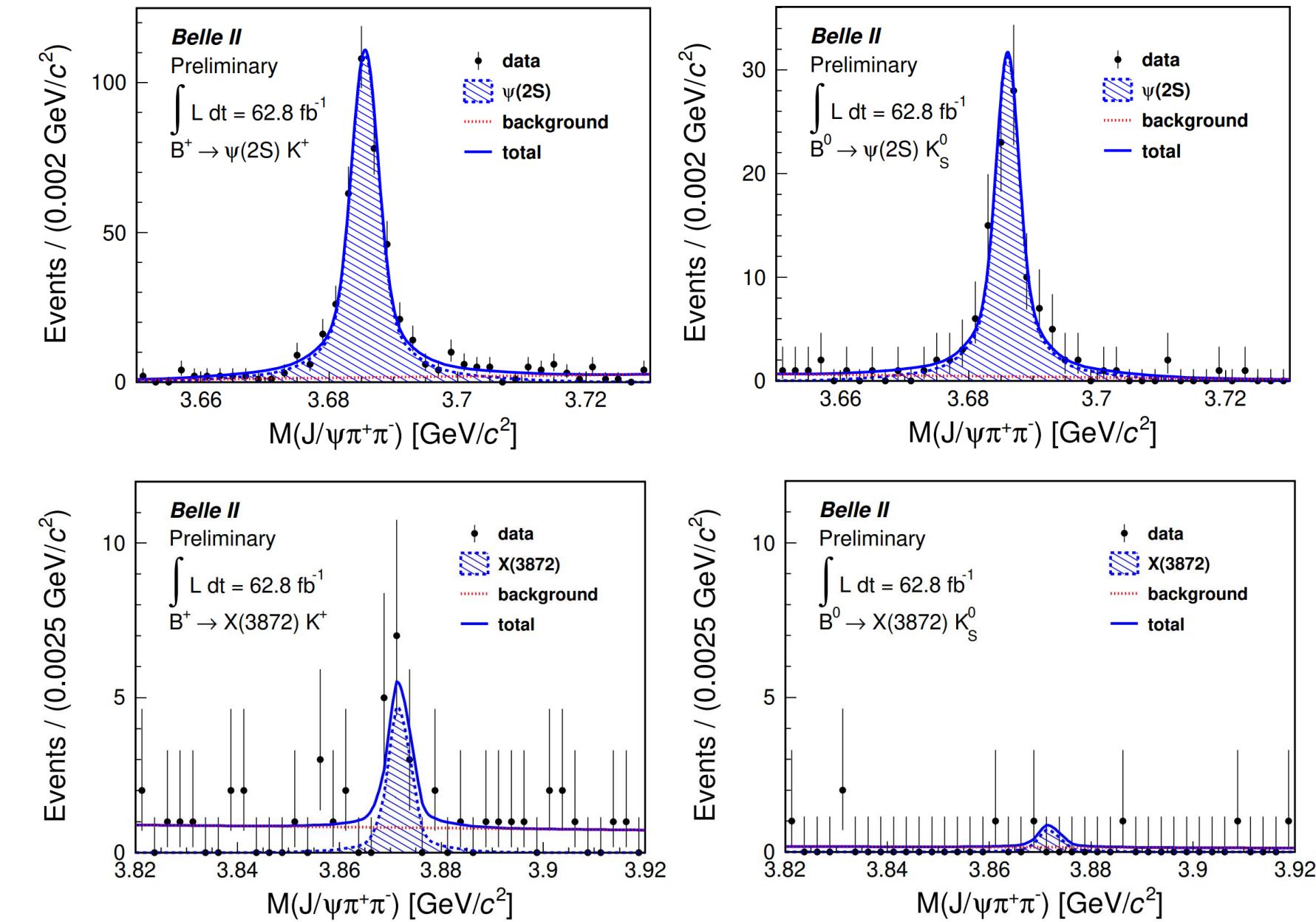




# Latest Results

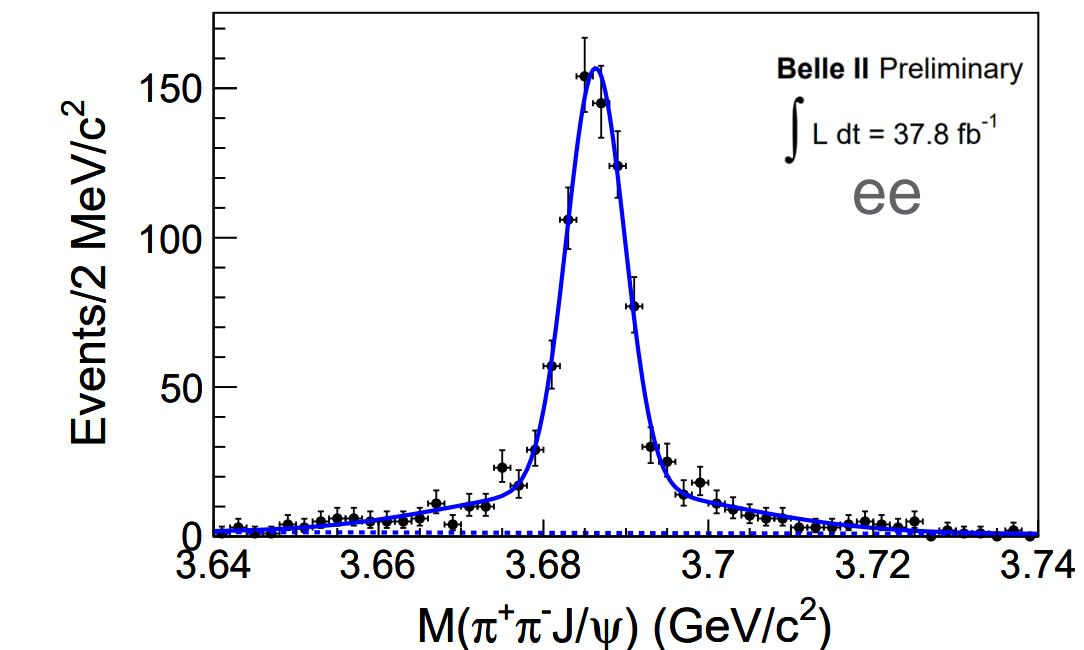
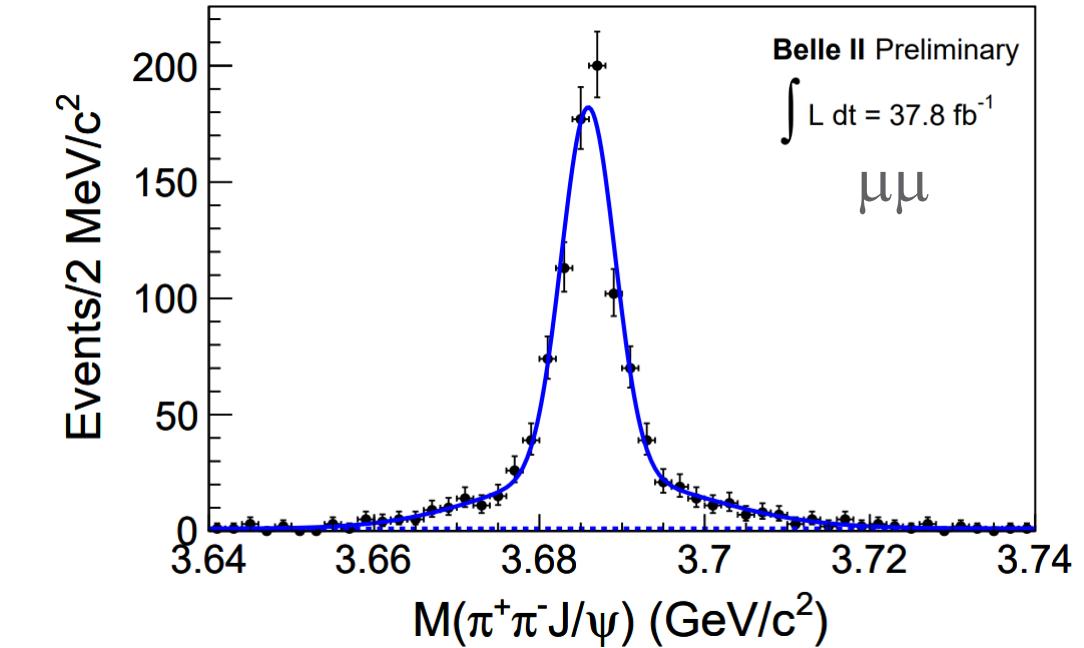
# Belle II Progress – X(3872)

- Reconstruct final states:
  - $B^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi(\ell^+ \ell^-) K^\pm$
  - $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi(\ell^+ \ell^-) K_S$
- “Standard” selection criteria
  - Particle identification
  - Continuum: nTracks,  $R_2$
  - Kinematics:  $M_{\pi^+\pi^-}$ ,  $M_{BC}$ ,  $|\Delta E|$
- Observe  $B \rightarrow \psi(2S) K$
- First X(3872) at Belle II
  - $14.4 \pm 4.6$  events ( $4.6\sigma$ )



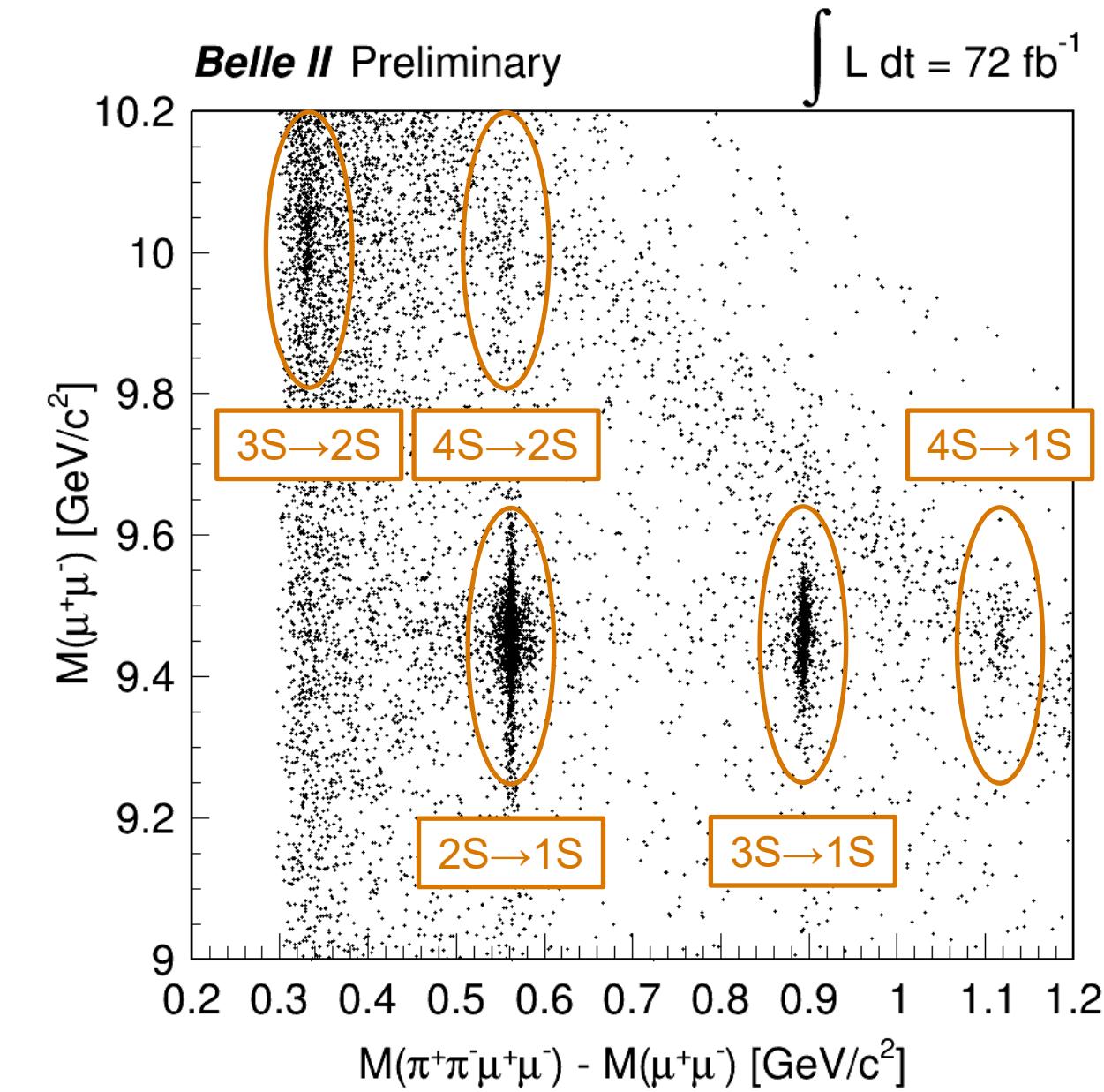
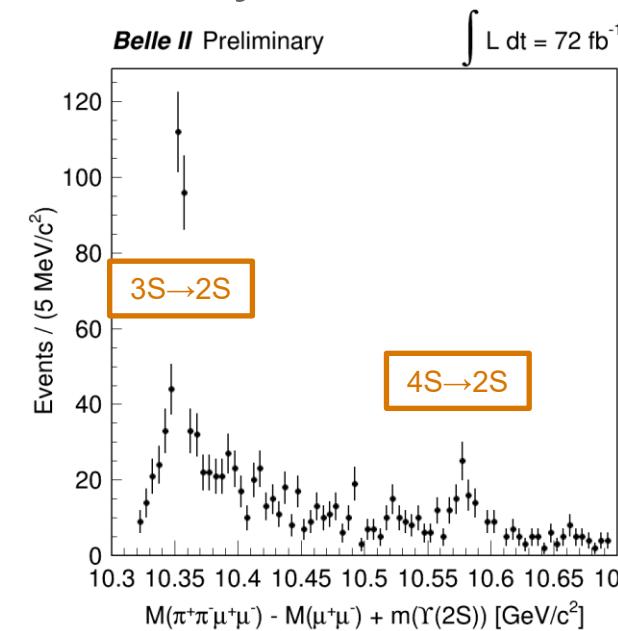
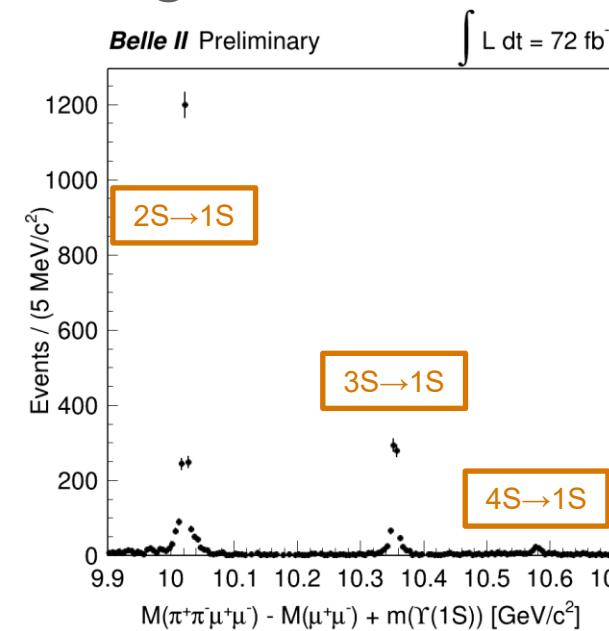
# Belle II Progress – ISR c $\bar{c}$ Processes

- $e^+e^- \gamma_{\text{ISR}} \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi(\ell^+\ell^-)$  final states
  - Nominal PID requirements
  - $|M(J/\psi) - M(\text{PDG})| < 75 \text{ MeV}$
  - ISR photon not required (high efficiency)
  - $|MM^2(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)| < 2 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Clear observation of ISR  $\psi(2S)$  signals
- Next step: “Y(4260)” rediscovery
  - Expect  $\sim 60$  total events per  $100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# Belle II Progress – Bottomonium

- Initial State Radiation production:
  - $\gamma_{\text{ISR}} \Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S)(\ell^+ \ell^-)$
  - $\gamma_{\text{ISR}} \Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S, 2S)(\ell^+ \ell^-)$
- Direct transitions:  $\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S, 2S)$
- All signals observed in early Belle II data

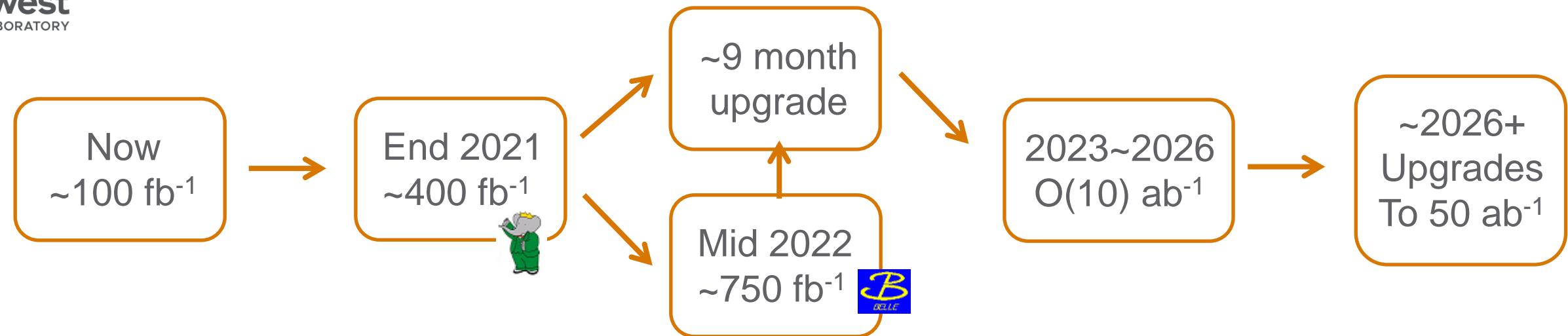


- Future studies:  $M(\pi^+ \pi^-)$  in  $\Upsilon(4S)$  transitions



# Conclusions

# Future Plans



- Main focus to collect  $\Upsilon(4S)$  on-peak data
- Near-term non- $\Upsilon(4S)$  proposals
  - **10.751 GeV (10 fb<sup>-1</sup>)**: to study  $\Upsilon_b(10753)$  on-peak
  - **10.657, 10.706, 10.810 (1+2+3 fb<sup>-1</sup>)**: additional points for  $B\bar{B}$  decomposition
  - **11 GeV (30+ fb<sup>-1</sup>)**: post-upgrade to study  $\Upsilon(6S)$  on-peak
- Beyond: options for larger  $\Upsilon(6S)$ , perhaps  $\Upsilon(3S)$ ,  $\Upsilon(5S)$ , datasets...

# Summary

- Belle II: next generation B-Factory
  - Quarkonium / XYZ is a main component of the physics program
  - Advantages with unique production, decay modes related to neutrals
  - Planning for non- $\Upsilon(4S)$  energies
- Analysis of early data
  - Rediscoveries of  $1^-$   $c\bar{c}$  /  $b\bar{b}$  states and  $X(3872)$
  - Statistics soon comparable to BaBar/Belle
- **Input welcome from QWG community!**



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# Thank you

