## **CKM and CPV: Experimental Overview**

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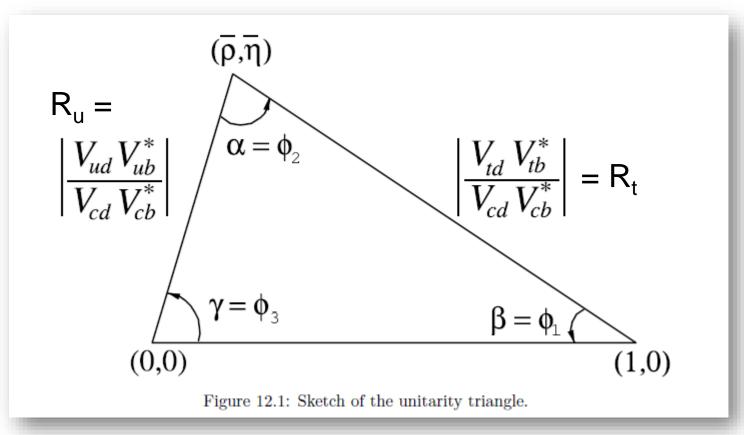


#### **Contents**

- CKM
  - Status of CKM angle γ
  - V<sub>xy</sub> from (semi)-leptonic decays
- CPV
  - CPV phase  $\phi_s$  in  $B_s$  mixing
  - Time dependent analyses
- News from Belle II
- Summary

#### Disclaimer:

There is an enormous variety of interesting topics on CKM/CPV. Given the time constraint, only selected subjects are summarized.

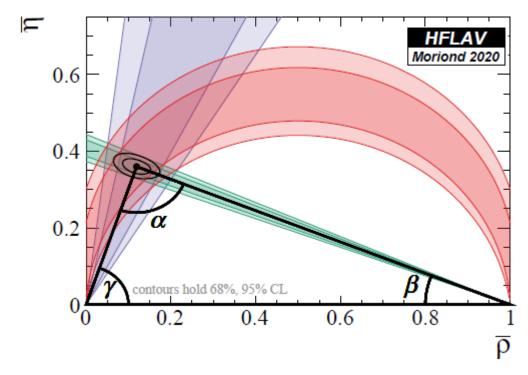


**CKM** 

Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2020 083C01 (2020) aka PDG 2020

## **Current Status of CKM Angles**

$$\alpha = 84.9^{+5.1}_{-4.5}, \quad \beta = 22.2 \pm 0.7, \quad \gamma = 72.1^{+4.1}_{-4.5} \text{ deg}$$



Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2020 083C01 (2020)

- The measurement on γ has been improved nicely with LHCb data. However,
  - Direct measurement at tree level:

$$\gamma = 72.1^{+4.1}_{-4.5}$$
 deg

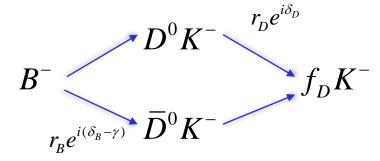
Indirect calculation at loop level:

$$\gamma = 65.66^{+0.9}_{-2.65}$$
 deg (CKMFitter 2019 summer)

– There is a 2  $\sigma$  tension between the values, which could be an indication for New Physics.

## The CKM Angle γ

$$\gamma = \phi_3 = \arg\left(\frac{-V_{ud}V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd}V_{cb}^*}\right)$$



- $\gamma$  can be measured with a very small theoretical error.
  - Calculable at the tree level as an interference between "b to u" and "b to c".

 $\delta \gamma / \gamma \approx O(10^{-7})$  Brod & Zupan, JHEP01, 051 (2014).

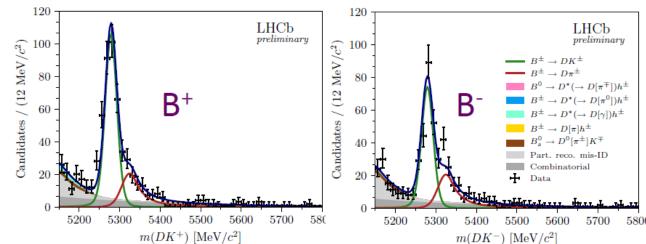
- Experimentally, not so simple:
  - Uses hadronic B decay channels with small branching fractions; sizable LHCb data sets incredibly useful.
  - Modes involving neutrals need Belle (II) data.
  - Analyses need inputs from other beauty and charm experiments (CLEO-c, BES III)
  - Strategy: Measure  $\gamma$  from many D decay channels and combine them.

# preliminary

# Testing $B \to Dh'$ with $D \to K_S^0 hh$ , $h = K, \pi$

- LHCb is studying various  $B \rightarrow Dh'$  combinations with full Run 1 and Run 2 data.
- An example: BPGGSZ (D to 3 body final states) analysis on  $D \to K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $D \to K_S^0 K^+ K^-$ .
  - $B^+$  and  $B^-$  yields are compared for each Dalitz mass bin of D, resulting in asymmetry.

# Dalitz mass bin #4



https://cds.cern.ch/record/2725936

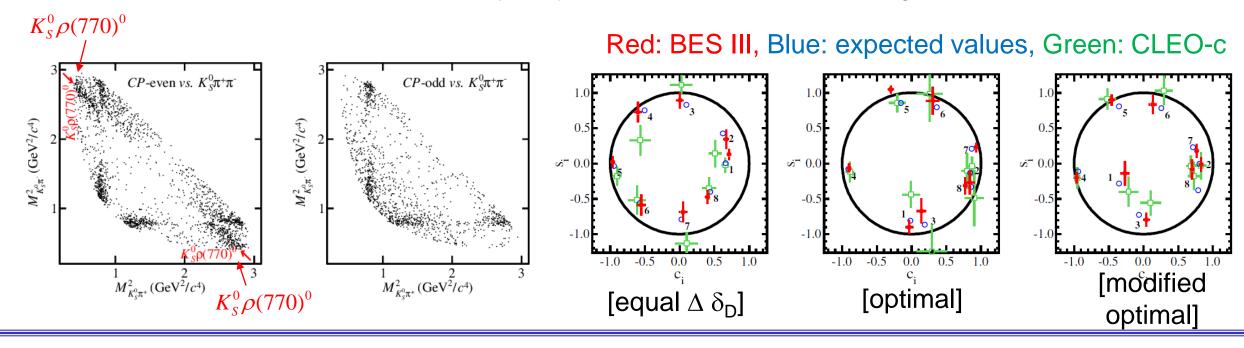
Preliminary LHCb  $\gamma = (69 \pm 5) \text{ deg}$ with uncertainty ~ 5(stat) ~1(sys) ~1(ext) deg

- CPV is observed clearly in B → DK.
- This preliminary result is the most precise single measurement on γ.
   (Talk Malde, July 30<sup>th</sup>)
- The last uncertainty is from  $\delta_D$  (next slide)

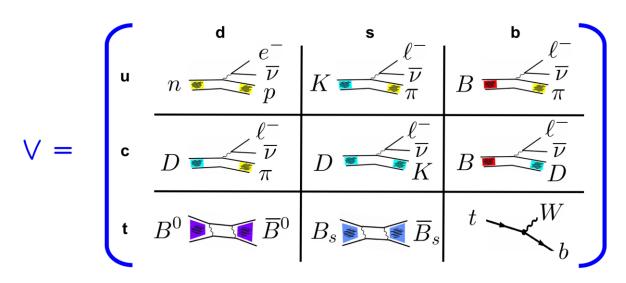
Previous LHCb:  $\gamma = (80^{+10}_{-9})$  deg with uncertainy ~9(stat) ~3(sys) ~4(ext) deg

## Measurement of Strong Phase $\delta_D$

- Charm factories (CLEO-c, BES III) running at  $\psi$  (3770) create C- odd  $D\overline{D}$  pairs (Quantum correlation).
  - If tag side  $\overline{D}$  is CP odd, then signal side D is CP even. And vice versa.
- BES III conducted Dalitz analysis of  $D \to K_{S,L}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$  and measured  $\delta_D$ . Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 241802 (2020), Phys. Rev. D 101, 112002 (2020).
  - The associated uncertainty on  $\gamma$  is reduced from ~3 to ~1 deg. (Talk Lin, July 28<sup>th</sup>)



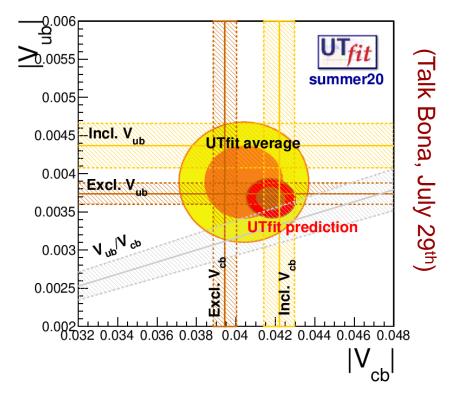
## (Semi)-Leptonic Decays



Semi-leptonic decay rates are described as

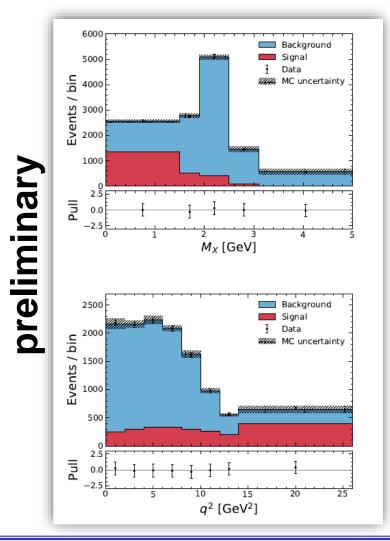
$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \to h_x l v)}{dq^2 d\Omega} \propto \left| V_{xb} \right|^2 \times FF_{B \to h_x}(q^2, \Omega)$$

- The measurement of h<sub>x</sub> final states gives additional 'kinematic information, such as angles.
- Form factors, which represent hadronic interactions, need inputs from LQCD, light cone, etc.

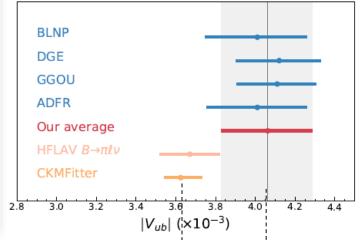


Historically, V<sub>xb</sub> measurements using exclusive and inclusive approaches did not agree very well, leading to speculations regarding new physics from e.g. right-handed currents.

## **V<sub>ub</sub>: Inclusive Measurement**



- Cabibbo favored  $B \to X_c l \nu$  is a major background to CKM suppressed  $B \to X_u l \nu$ .
- Lepton energy endpoint and/or low  $M_x$  regions give clear info on  $B \to X_u l \nu$ .
- The new Belle analysis used neural network for hadronic tagging of the other B. Machine learning (BDT) is used to suppress backgrounds such as X<sub>c</sub>lv.



From the 2-d fit on  $q^2$  and  $M_x$  with  $E_I > 1.0$  GeV, Belle obtained a preliminary result of

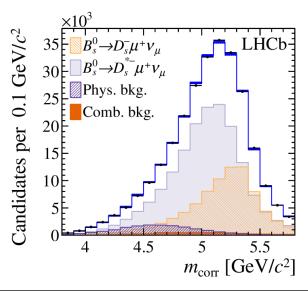
$$|V_{ub}| = (4.06 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$$
.  
(last uncertainty theoretical)  
(Talk Cao, July 30<sup>th</sup>)

## **V<sub>cb</sub>: Exclusive Measurement**

- $B \to D^{(*)} l \nu$  is studied extensively to obtain exclusive  $V_{cb}$ .
- Fit variable *w* + Full angular analysis strategy is used.

$$w = \frac{m_B^2 + m_D^2 - q^2}{2m_B m_D}, \quad z = \frac{\sqrt{w+1} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{w+1} + \sqrt{2}}$$

 Note that uncertainty in form factors and F(1) should be considered.



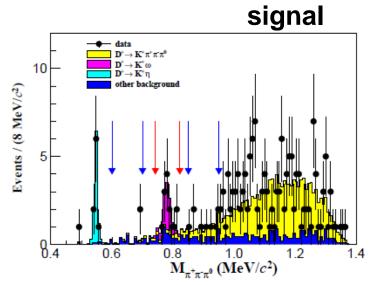
	V <sub>cb</sub> BGL fit (10 <sup>-3</sup> )	V <sub>cb</sub> CLN fit (10 <sup>-3</sup> )	Reference
Belle (B <sup>0</sup> )	$38.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6$ (ext)	$38.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.6$ (ext)	Phys. Rev. D 100, 052007 (2019)
BABAR (B <sup>0</sup> )	$38.36 \pm 0.90$	$38.40 \pm 0.84$	Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 091801 (2019) (Talk Simonetto, July 29 <sup>th</sup> )
LHCb (B <sub>s</sub> )	$42.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.2$ (ext)	$41.4 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.2$ (ext)	Phys. Rev. D 101, 072004 (2020) (Talk Ferrari, July 29 <sup>th</sup> )
PDG2020	$39.5\pm0.9$		Mannel and Urquijo, PDG 2020

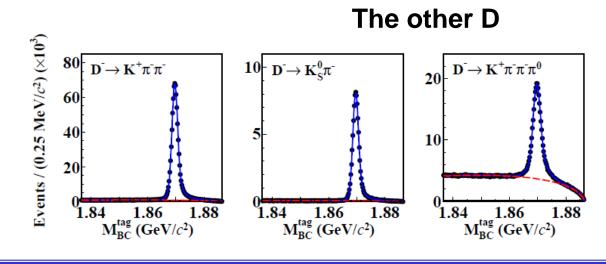
## tan $\theta_{c}$ and Isospin: Old Issue but New Result

• BES III measured DCS BF  $D^+ \to K^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$  by reconstructing double tag events. arXiv:2007.07674. This world first measurement provides the ratio of DCS/CF BRs, which is related to tan  $\theta_C$  as,

$$\frac{B(D \to K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)}{B(D \to K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)} = (1.81 \pm 0.15)\% = (6.28 \pm 0.52) \tan^4 \theta_C$$

- This value is much larger compared to the other DCS/CF ratios. There may be a large isospin violation between  $D^+ \to K^+\pi^-\pi^0$  and  $D^0 \to K^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$ .
- There was no clear evidence of CPV in the charge asymmetry measurement.





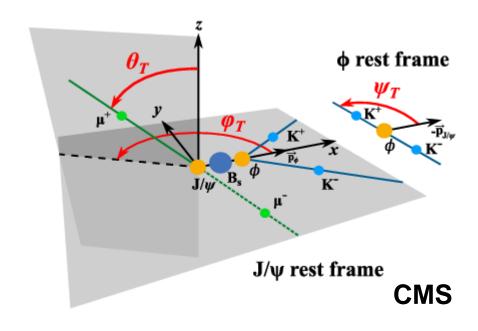
## **CPV**

## **CPV** phase $\phi_s$ in $B_s$ mixing

- $\phi_s$  is a CPV phase, which is a weak phase difference between the  $B_s$   $\overline{B}_s$  mixing and the direct decay of  $B_s$  into a common final state.
- The golden mixing decay  $B_s \to J/\psi \phi$ ,  $(\phi \to K^+K^-)$  is well known, less complicated environment to measure the phase. (No direct CPV. Only one weak phase.)
- At the tree level, SM predicts

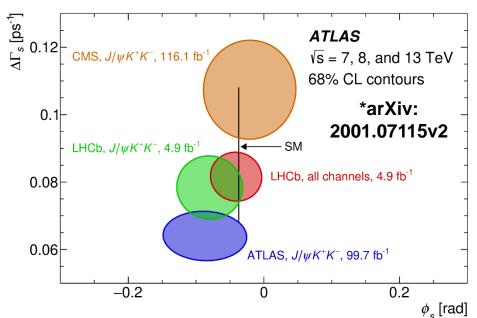
$$\phi_s \approx -2\beta_s = -2\arg\left(\frac{-V_{ts}V_{tb}^*}{V_{cs}V_{cb}^*}\right)$$

 At LHC experiments, the flavor of B<sub>s</sub> is determined by Opposite Side Tagging (muon, electron, jet-charge) or Same Side Tagging (Kaon, LHCb only).

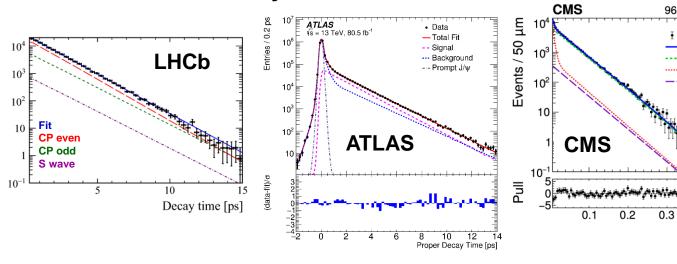


## Measurements of $\phi_s$ and $\Delta\Gamma_s$ at LHC

Weighted cands. / (0.3 ps)



#### **Decay time distributions**



	φ <sub>s</sub> (mrad)	$\Delta\Gamma_{ m s}$ (ps $^{-1}$ )	Reference	Sample (fb <sup>-1</sup> )
LHCb (K+K-)	-81 ± 32	$0.0777 \pm 0.0062$	Erratum: Eur. Phys. J. C <b>80</b> , 601 (2020)	4.9
LHCb (all)	-42 ± 25	$0.0813 \pm 0.0048$	(Talk Li, July 30 <sup>th</sup> )	
ATLAS	-87 ± 41	0.0641 ± 0.0049	arXiv: 2001.07115v2 (Talk, Jakoubek July 29th)	99.7
CMS	−21 ± 45	0.1073 ± 0.0097	arXiv: 2007.02434 (Talk, Lusiani July 29 <sup>th</sup> + Poster, Alibordi July 29 <sup>th</sup> )	116.1
SM	$-36.96^{+0.72}_{-0.84}$	$0.087 \pm 0.0021$	CKMFitter 2019 summer	

96.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

Data

--- Signal

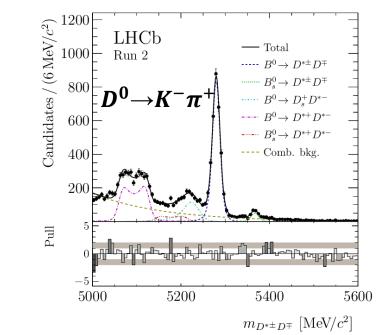
--- Comb. bkg
--- Peaking bkg

ct (cm)

— Fit

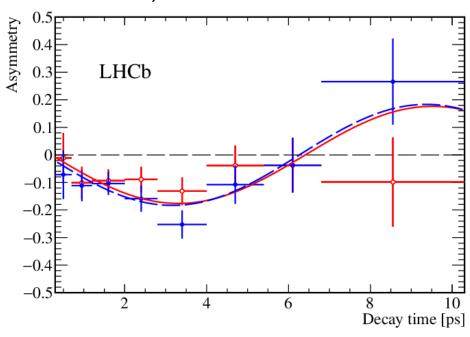
## Time Dependent CPV in $B \rightarrow D^{*\pm}D^{\mp}$

- In the  $B \to D^{*\pm}D^{\mp}$  decays, in addition to the CKM angle  $2\beta$ , New Physics contributions may appear.
  - Recent LHCb results, JHEP 03, 147 (2020), are comparable to the previous Belle/Babar numbers, and are the most precise up to date.
  - Used modes are  $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$  ( $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$ ) and  $D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-$ .



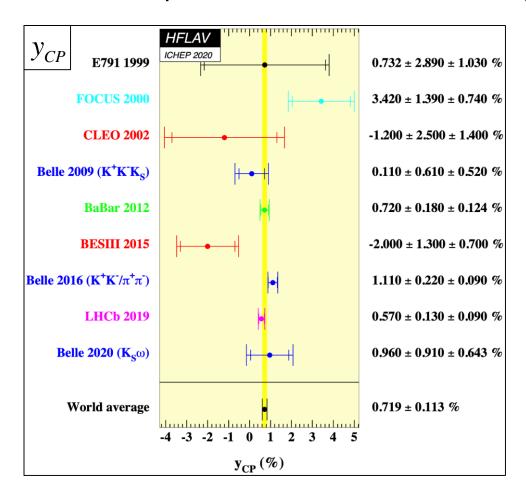
$\overline{S_{D^*D}}$	$-0.861 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.019$
$\overline{\Delta S_{D^*D}}$	$0.019 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.012$
$\overline{C_{D^*D}}$	$-0.059 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.020$
$\overline{\Delta C_{D^*D}}$	$-0.031 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.016$
$\overline{A_{\overline{D}^*D}}$	$0.008 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$

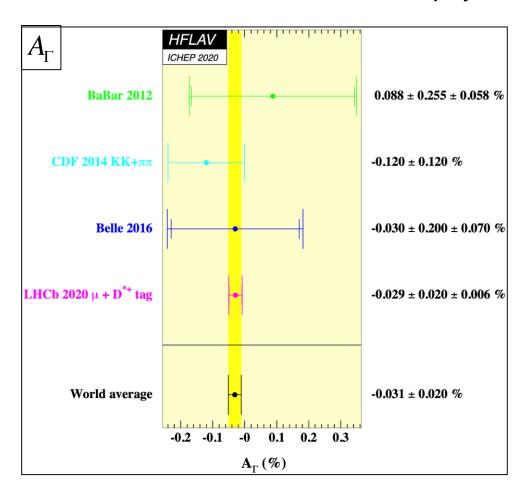




### **Update of Charm mixing/CPV: ICHEP 2020**

HFLAV updated the charm sector as https://hflav.web.cern.ch/content/charm-physics

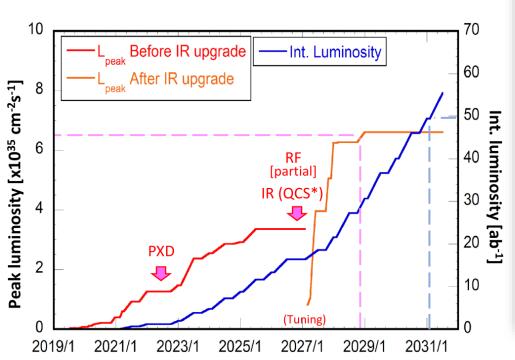


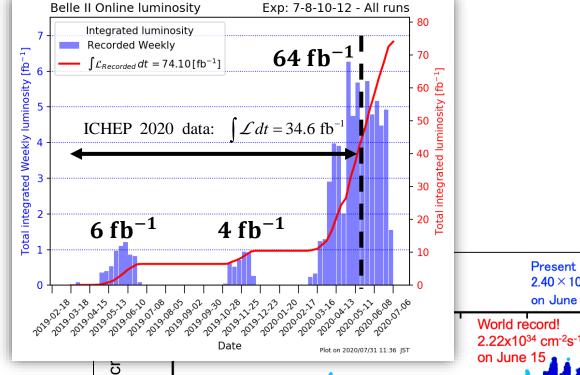


LHCb  $D^0 \to K^+K^-$ ,  $D^0 \to \pi^+\pi^-$  Phys. Rev. D 101, 012005 (2020) (Talk Tuci, July 30<sup>th</sup>)

## **NEWS FROM BELLE II**

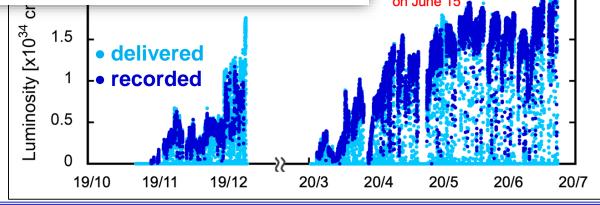
Belle II Luminosity: Proposed Plan and Status





In general, 8 months running per year.

- 2021-2022: PXD exchange.
- 2026: Partial RF-power upgrade. IR upgrade.
- $\beta_{\nu}^{*} \sim 0.5$  mm before 2026. 0.3 mm after 2026.

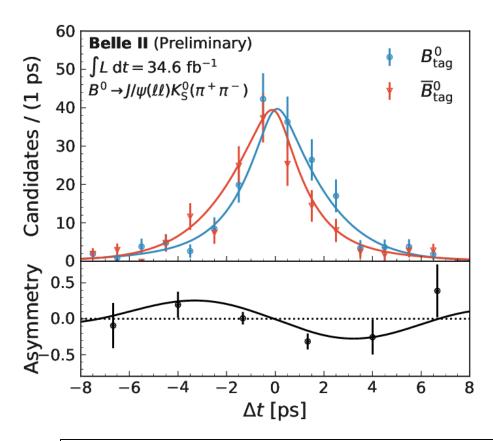


Present record

on June 21

 $2.40 \times 10^{34} \, \text{cm}^{-2} \, \text{s}^{-1}$ 

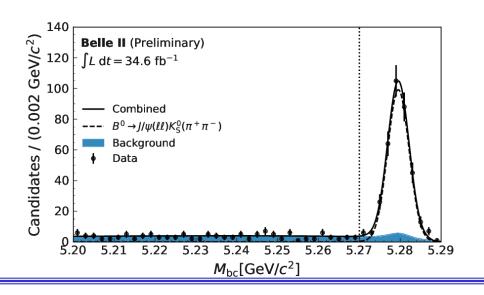
## **Time Dependent CPV and Mixing**



Belle II:  $S_f \approx \sin 2\phi_1 = 0.55 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.04$ .

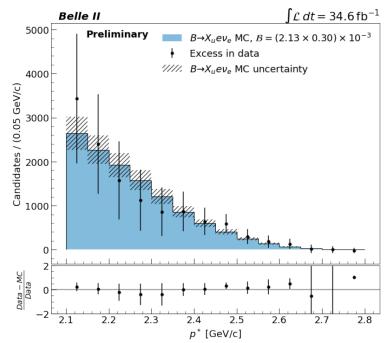
W. A.:  $S_f \approx 0.691 \pm 0.017$ .

- The golden channel  $B^0 \to J/\psi(ll)K_S^0(\pi^+\pi^-)$  is studied and the time dependent CPV parameter  $\sin 2\phi_1$  is extracted.
- CPV is assumed only from the  $B^0$  mixing ( $A_{CP} = 0$ ).
- The wrong sign tag ratio  $w = (20.9 \pm 2.1)\%$  is obtained from the  $B^0 \rightarrow D^-(K^+\pi^-\pi^-)\pi^+$  sample where  $\Delta m_d = (0.531 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.013) \text{ ps}^{-1}$ .

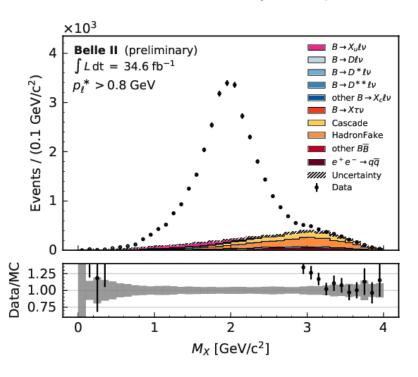


## Toward V<sub>cb</sub> and V<sub>ub</sub>: Semi-Leptonic Decays

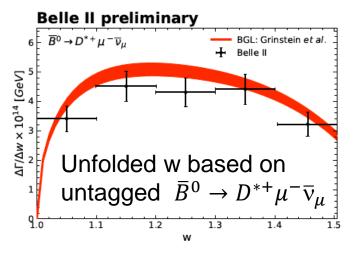
#### (Talk Cheaib, July 29<sup>th</sup> & poster Granderath, July 29<sup>th</sup>)

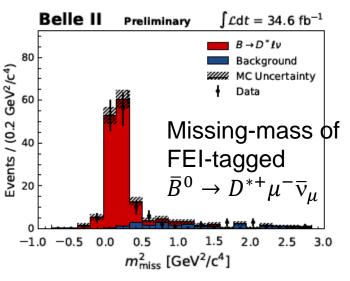


Untagged  $B \rightarrow X_u e v_e$  at the endpoint region of electron momentum



Hadronic mass moment  $M_x$  of FEI-tagged  $B \rightarrow X_c l v$ 





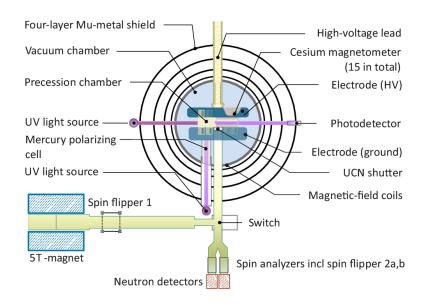
## **Summary**

- Measurement on  $\gamma$  slowly enters the precision area.
  - Inputs from charm/beauty experiments are needed.
- The CKM elements are being updated relentlessly.
  - (semi)-leptonic decay modes are leading the efforts.
- Belle II started generating comparable physics results.
- The CKM/CPV is a great handle to look for new physics.

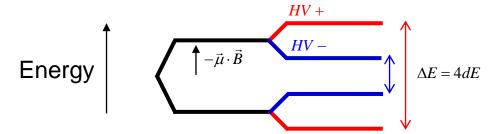


# **EXTRA**

## nEDM: neutron Electric Dipole Moment



$$H = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B} - \vec{d} \cdot \vec{E} \implies \text{Larmor precession}$$



(Ayres @ FPCP 2020)

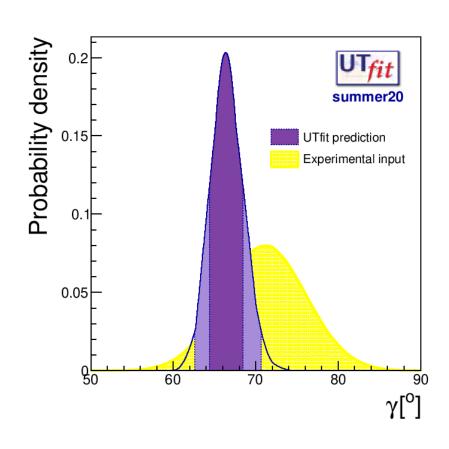
- A new measurement at Paul Scherrer Institute (Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 081803)
- Classically, EDM represents an asymmetric charge distribution inside a particle.
- Non-zero EDM in neutron implies T violation.
   Under CPT conservation, it also means CPV.
- Ramsey's method was used to extract frequency of ultracold neutrons in B and E fields.

$$d_n = (0.0 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-26} e.\text{cm}$$
  
 $\Rightarrow |d_n| < 1.8 \times 10^{-26} e.\text{cm} \quad (90\% \text{ C.L.})$ 

Previously, Phys. Rev. 29, 092003 (2015)

$$d_n = (-0.2 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-26} e.\text{cm}$$
  
 $\Rightarrow |d_n| < 3 \times 10^{-26} e.\text{cm} \quad (90\% \text{ C.L.})$ 

## UTfit Update of γ: ICHEP 2020



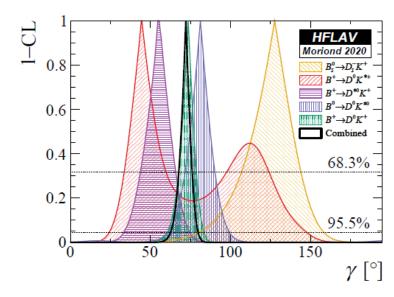
Plot courtesy: Marcella Bona

Input: HFLAV  $\gamma(\exp) = (71.1 \pm 5.0) \text{ deg}$ 

Output: UTfit prediction  $\gamma = (66.4 \pm 2.0)$  deg

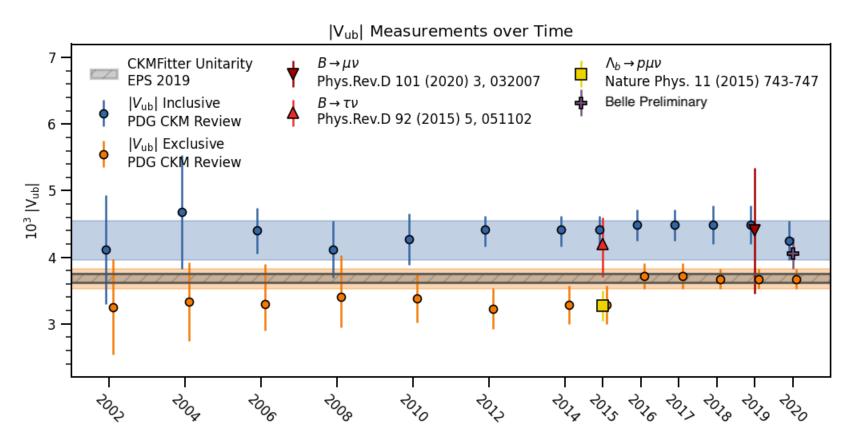
## Final D Category for Measurement of $\gamma$

- GLW: CP eigenstate D decays
  - $D \to KK$ ,  $D \to \pi\pi$ . Phys. Lett. B 253, 483 (1991), Phys. Lett. B 265, 172 (1991)
- ADS: CF or DCS D decays
  - $D \rightarrow K\pi$ . Phys. Rev. Lett. 78, 3257 (1997), Phys. Rev. D63, 036005 (2001)
- BPGGSZ: D to 3 body final states
  - $D \to K_S^0 \pi \pi$ . Phys. Rev. D68, 054018 (2003)
- TD (time dependent): Interference between mixing and decay
- Dalitz: 3-body B decays with a neutral D
  - $B \to \overline{D}^{0}K\pi$ . Phys. Rev. D79, 051301 (2009)



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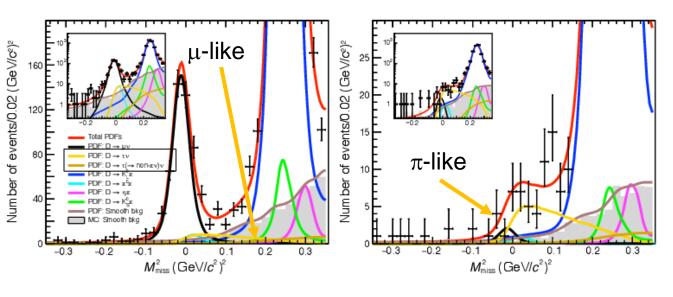
## **History of Vub Measurements**



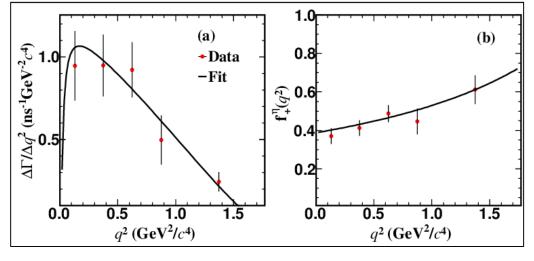
- Plot courtesy: Belle
- Also https://hflav-eos.web.cern.ch/hflav-eos/semi/summer16/html/InclusiveVub/inclXulnu.html

## Other (Semi)-Leptonic Decays

Observation of  $D^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_{\tau}$  by BES III. Phys. Rev. Lett. **123**, 211802



First measurement of BF  $D^+ \rightarrow \eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  by BES III. Phys. Rev. Lett. **124**, 231801



- Note that the signal is represented by yellow curves.
- With LQCD inputs on  $f_{D+}$  (ETM 2015, Fermilab + MILC 2018),  $|V_{cd}| = 0.237 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.001$  (theory)
- Fit to  $f_+^{\eta}(0)|V_{cd}| = 0.087 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.002$ .
- Ivanov et al. (2019) review on  $f_{+}^{\eta}(0)$  gives  $|V_{cd}| = 0.242 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.033$  (theory)
- Note) PDG 2020  $|V_{cd}| = 0.221 \pm 0.004$