

$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$ Time-dependent status and plan

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June 23, 2021 @B2GM

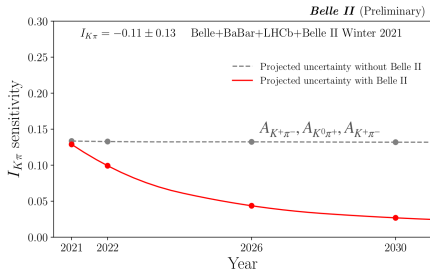
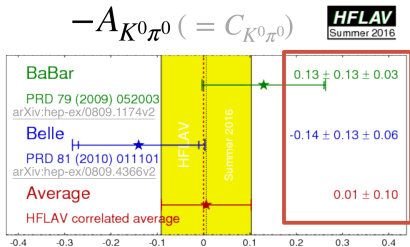


Motivation

- In the SM, the decay $B^0 \rightarrow K_s^0 \pi^0$ proceeds via $b \rightarrow s$ loop diagrams.
- Such FCNC transitions are highly suppressed in the SM and sensitive to non-SM particles appearing in the loops.
- Sum rule relation for $B \rightarrow K\pi$ decays

$$I_{K\pi} = \mathcal{A}_{K^+\pi^-} + \mathcal{A}_{K^0\pi^+} \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^+)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2\mathcal{A}_{K^+\pi^0} \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2\mathcal{A}_{K^0\pi^0} \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)} = 0$$

Predicting $A_{K^0\pi^0} = -0.17 \pm 0.06$ (Phys.Lett. B627 (2005) 82-8)



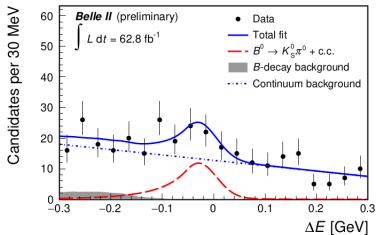
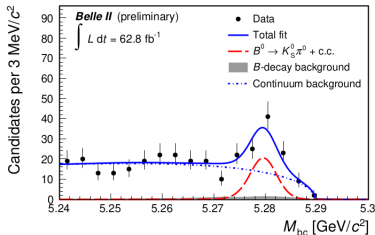
Recap till Moriond

\mathcal{B} extraction

2D ($M_{bc}, \Delta E$) Extended Fit

BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-046

- Fit to determine yield info of signal, rare B & continuum background
- Fixed params: shape parameters of PDFs
- Gaussian constraints:
 - N_{rare} : from know rare decays (see backup p. 5)
 - ΔE shift: μ and σ from $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0$ (ONLY ON DATA)
- Floated params: qq ΔE slope, \mathcal{B}



$$N(B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0) = 45_{-8}^{+9}$$

(S.Hazra)

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0) = [8.5_{-1.6}^{+1.7}(\text{stat}) \pm 1.2(\text{syst})] \times 10^{-6}$$

$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$

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Time-integrated $A_{K^0\pi^0}$ extraction

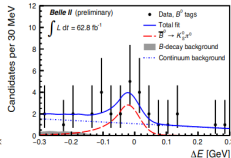
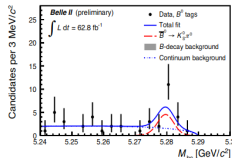
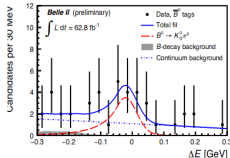
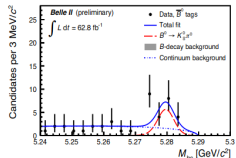
$(M_{bc}, \Delta E) \times q$ Fraction Fit

BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-046

- $P_{sig}(q) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1 - q \cdot \Delta w_r + q \cdot (1 - 2w_r) \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \chi_d)) \cdot A_{K^0\pi^0}$
- 7 r-bin simultaneous CP-fit
- χ_d : time-integrated B^0 mixing probability (external input)
- Flavor parameters ($w_r, \Delta w_r, \epsilon_r$) from [BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2021-001].
- Assume null $A_{CP}^{rare} +$ continuum flavor symmetric

$B^0 \rightarrow K^0\pi^0$

$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow K^0\pi^0$



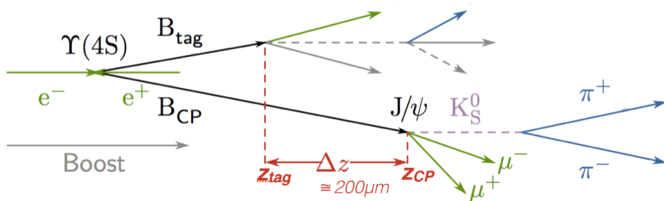
$$A_{K^0\pi^0} = -0.40^{+0.46}_{-0.44}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.04(\text{syst})$$

Ongoing work

Time-dependent analysis

- $$\mathcal{P}(q, \Delta t) = \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}}}{4\tau_{B^0}} [1 + q\{\mathcal{A} \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) + \mathcal{S} \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t)\}]$$

$$\Delta t \approx (z_{\text{rec}} - z_{\text{tag}})/\beta\gamma c$$
- The key challenge arises due to the absence of primary charged final-state particles at the B decay vertex
- Δt resolution study
- $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$ as control channel to check the vertex resolution



Δt uncertainty (Δt_{err}) study

Selection criteria

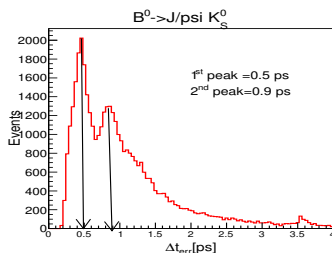
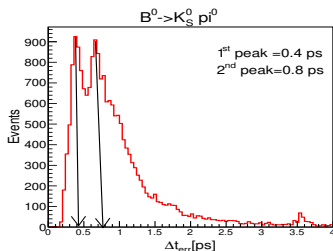
$$B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$$

- Criteria are taken from BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-046
- For CP-side **RaveFit**: IP constraint and only K_S^0 vertexing
- For tag-side : IP constraint

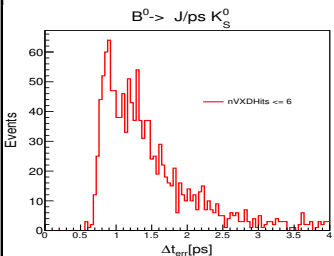
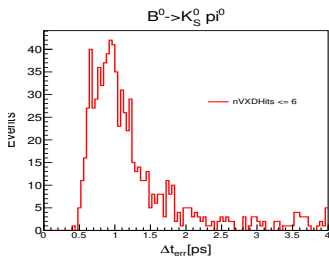
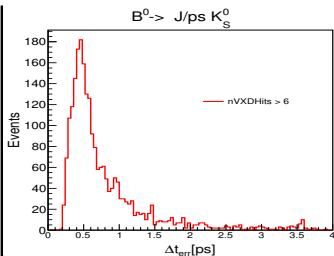
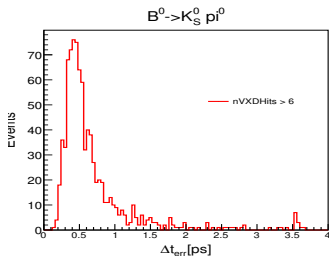
$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$$

- Criteria are taken from BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-038

double-peak structure !



Δt_{err} double peak



- The second peak due to K_S^0 decays outside VXD giving fewer hits.

Validation

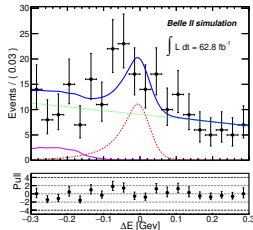
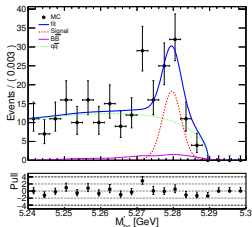
Plans

- To validate time-dependent framework, first reproduce the BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-046 results
- Unblind time-independent analysis on Moriond sample and compare BF and A_{CP} results

Current status & strategy

- All selections are same except `raveFitter` for B^0 vertex reconstruction to take only K_S^0
- `raveFitter` is only option to vertex using only K_S^0
- Follow the same fitting strategy both for branching fraction and A_{CP} measurements.

Results



BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-046

Parameter	62.8 fb^{-1} MC cocktail
B.F. ($\times 10^{-6}$)	$8.27^{+1.53}_{-1.44}$
N_{qq}	$182.1^{+14.4}_{-14.0}$ (exp.=180)
N_{bb}	$12.6^{+1.06}_{-1.09}$ (exp.=12)
$q\bar{q}\Delta E$ slope	$-0.8240^{+0.469}_{-0.461}$

Parameter	62.8 fb^{-1} MC cocktail
$B [\times 10^{-6}]$	$9.13^{+1.73}_{-1.59}$
N_{qq}	$241.3^{+17.1}_{-16.4}$
N_{rare}	$12.7^{+1.1}_{-1.1}$
$q\bar{q} \Delta E$ slope	$-1.1181^{+0.3888}_{-0.3721}$
ΔE mean-shift [MeV]	-

$$A_{K^0\pi^0} = +0.215^{+0.431}_{-0.443}$$

- $A_{K^0\pi^0} = 0.342^{+0.460}_{-0.472}$
- We believe small difference due to (raveFitter + our CS weight file), investigation is going on.

Developing Time-dependent fitter

- Apply cut $\Delta t_{err} < 2.5$ ps

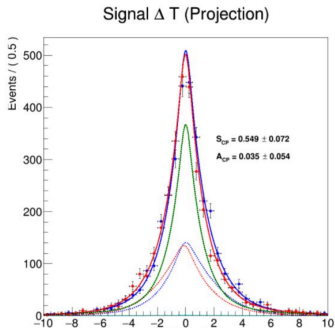
- Fitting to Δt

→ B-Physics PDF convolved with a double gaussian:

$$P_{sig}(\Delta t, q) = \frac{\exp^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}}}{4\tau_{B^0}} ([1 - q\Delta w + q\mu_i(1 - 2w)] + [q(1 - 2w) + \mu_i(1 - q\Delta w)](A_{CP} \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) - S_{CP} \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t)))$$

→ Core gaussian

→ Tail gaussian



Summary & plans

Summary

- Shown the recap of Moriond results.
- Time-dependent analysis recent development and strategy.

Plans

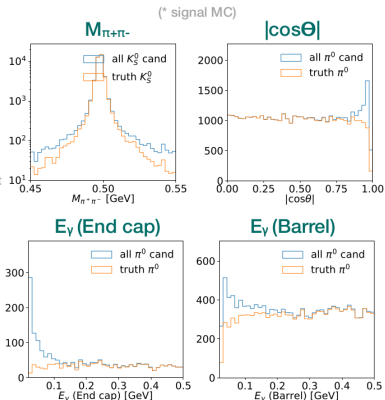
- Develop the time-dependent part on $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$ decays using only K_S^0 vertex.
- Repeat the time-independent analysis on Moriond data sample with $\Delta t_{err} < 2.5$ ps
- A_{CP} & S_{CP} measurement
- Two groups are working on $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$ time-dependent analysis
- Expect to have preliminary result in next winter conference.

Thank You

Backup

Candidates selections

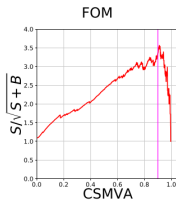
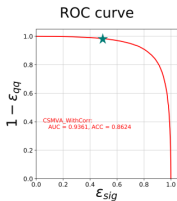
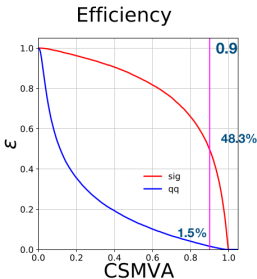
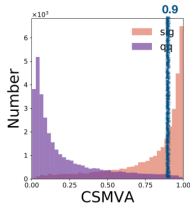
- K_S^0 selection
 - pairs of oppositely charged particles that originate from a common space-point
 - **goodBelleKshort**
requirements dependent on K_S^0 momentum, the K_S^0 flight distance, the distance between trajectories of the two charged-pion candidates, the angle between the pion-pair momentum and the direction of the K_S^0 flight
 - $0.482 \leq M_{\pi^+\pi^-} \leq 0.513$ [GeV/c²]
- π^0 selection
 - $0.119 \leq M_W \leq 0.150$ [GeV/c²]
 - $|\cos\theta_{\text{hel}}| \leq 0.953$
- γ selection
 - E_γ (Endcap) ≥ 0.223 GeV
 - E_γ (Barrel) ≥ 0.080 GeV



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Continuum suppression

- Select at CSMVA > 0.9
- Optimize by FOM ($S/\sqrt{S+B}$) in the signal enhanced region:
 $M_{bc} > 5.27 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



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Efficiency

- The analysis region is defined as

$$M_{bc} > 5.24 \text{ GeV}/c^2, -0.3 < \Delta E < 0.3 \text{ GeV}$$

The signal enhanced region is: (used for fit projection)

$$M_{bc} > 5.27 \text{ GeV}/c^2, -0.16 < \Delta E < 0.08 \text{ GeV}$$

- Efficiency evaluation by Monte Carlo counting:

Operation	ϵ_{sig}	$\epsilon_{\text{BB+rare}}$	$\epsilon_{\text{q}\bar{\text{q}}}$
Reconstruction	0.388	7.619×10^{-6}	0.001
Pre-selection	0.317	4.476×10^{-7}	1.278×10^{-4}
Continuum	0.156	1.810×10^{-7}	1.032×10^{-6}
Suppression			

Rare components investigation

2D (M_{bc} , ΔE) Extended Fit (Cont'd)

- Rare background contributing to the analysis region:

expected @ 62.8 fb⁻¹

$$N = \int \mathcal{L} dt \cdot \sigma \cdot f^{+-} \cdot 2 \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon$$

Mode	$\mathcal{B}[10^{-6}]$ (PDG2020 Avg. [3])	$\epsilon[\%]$	Yield
$\rho^+ K^0$	$7.3^{+1.0}_{-1.2}$	1.05	5.5 ± 0.8
$K^*(892)^+ \pi^0$	6.8 ± 0.9	0.85	4.1 ± 0.5
$X_{s,u} \gamma$	349 ± 19	<0.01	0.7 ± 0.0
$a_1(1260)^+ K^0$	35 ± 7	<0.01	0.1 ± 0.0
$f_2(1270) K^0$	$2.7^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$	0.52	1.0 ± 0.4
$f_0(980) K^0$	4.1 ± 0.4	0.19	0.5 ± 0.1
$X_{s,d} \gamma$	349 ± 19	<0.01	0.5 ± 0.0
$K_S^0 K_S^0$	0.61 ± 0.08	0.50	0.2 ± 0.0
$K^0 \eta'$	66 ± 4	<0.01	0.1 ± 0.0
Sum			12.7 ± 1.1

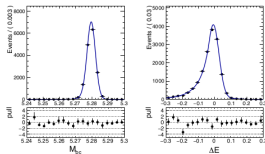
dominant processes
 $B \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$
 (PDG; PRD)

$$N = \int \mathcal{L} dt \cdot \sigma \cdot f^{00} \cdot 2 \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon$$

- Finally assign a Gauss($\mu=12.7$, $\sigma=1.1$) constraint on the normalization of rare background

PDF Modelling

2D (M_{bc} , ΔE) Extended Fit (Cont'd)

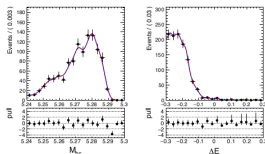


Signal

$$\mathcal{P}_{sig} \equiv \mathcal{P}_{sig}(M_{bc}) \times \mathcal{P}_{sig}(\Delta E),$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{P}_{sig}(M_{bc}) & : 1 \text{ Gaussian} + 1 \text{ Crystal ball} \\ \mathcal{P}_{sig}(\Delta E) & : 1 \text{ Crystal ball} + 2 \text{ Gaussians} \end{cases}$$

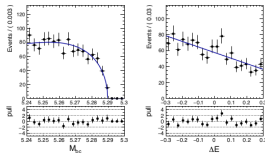
common means & relative widths



B decays background

$$\mathcal{P}_{rare} \equiv H_{rare}(M_{bc}, \Delta E),$$

$$H_{rare}(M_{bc}, \Delta E) : 2\text{D kernel estimation PDF}$$



Continuum background

$$\mathcal{P}_{qq} \equiv \mathcal{P}_{qq}(M_{bc}) \times \mathcal{P}_{qq}(\Delta E),$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{P}_{qq}(M_{bc}) & : 1 \text{ Argus} \\ \mathcal{P}_{qq}(\Delta E) & : \text{Linear function} \end{cases}$$

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$$\mathcal{B} = \frac{N_{sig}}{\epsilon \cdot \mathcal{B}_s \cdot 2 \cdot N_{B\bar{B}}}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_s = f(K^0 \rightarrow K_S^0) = 50\%$$

$$N_{B\bar{B}} = \int L dt \cdot \sigma_{e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)} \cdot f^{00}$$

1. $N(B\bar{B})$ 2. Tracking efficiency ($K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$): 2*0.91%3. K_S^0 reconstruction

- Average 3D flight distance * 0.31%

- For 2nd & 3rd layer of vertex detector: additional uncertainty of 15%4. π^0 reconstructionEfficiency ratio of $\frac{B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\rightarrow D^0(\rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0)\pi^+)}{B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\rightarrow D^0(\rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0)\pi^+)}$ in MC & data

5. Continuum suppression efficiency

Efficiency ratio of $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0(\rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0)\pi^+$ in MC & data at CSMVA > 0.9 cut point

6. Signal modeling

1. M_{bc} : 1CB + 1Gaus \rightarrow 1CB + 2Gaus (~0.01%)2. ΔE : 1CB + 2Gaus \rightarrow 1CB + 1Gaus (~0.01%)

7. Continuum background modeling

1. M_{bc} : Argus \rightarrow Argus + Gaus (~0.01%)2. ΔE : Linear \rightarrow 2nd order Chebyshev polynomial (1.4%)* Uncertainty on rare modeling is addressed in the Gaussian constrained N_{rare} normalization

1. Flavor tagging modeling:

An alternative fit with the flavor parameters obtained by the signal MC (accounting for decay mode dependence)

2. B^0 mixing parameter χ_d

An alternative fit with χ_d varied by its uncertainty

$$(\chi_d, w_A = 0.1858 \pm 0.0011)$$

3. B -decay background asymmetry

An alternative fit with B -decay background asymmetry varied to ± 1 (conservative)

4. Continuum background asymmetry

Allow non-zero asymmetry for continuum background ($A_{CP, qq}$), yielding a $A_{CP, qq}$ consistent with zero with a 7% uncertainty

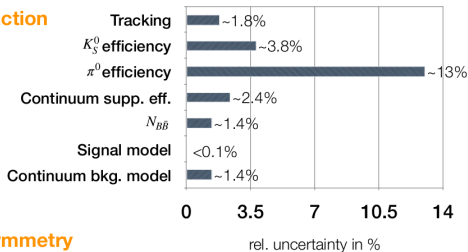
* Uncertainty in determining of flavor parameters ($\Delta w, w, \epsilon$) are addressed with Gaussian constraints in the nominal fit

⇒ propagated as the statistical uncertainty of $A_{K^0\pi^0}$

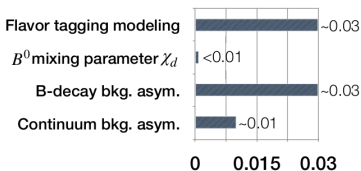
Results

$\mathcal{B}, A_{K^0\pi^0}$ for 62.8 fb⁻¹ Moriond data

Branching fraction



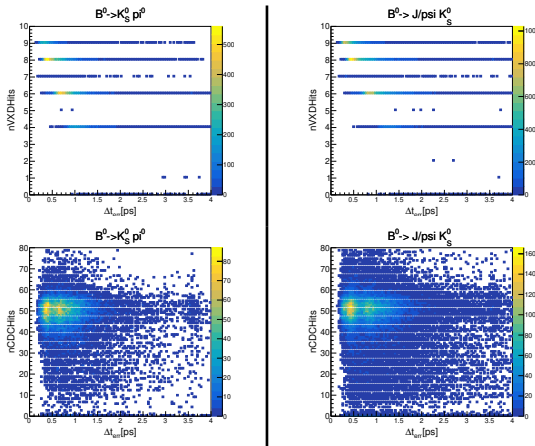
Direct CP asymmetry



$$\mathcal{B} = (8.5_{-1.6}^{+1.7} \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-6}$$

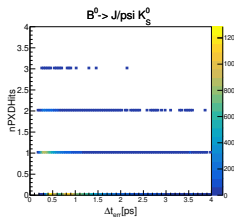
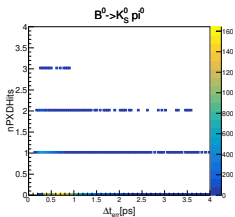
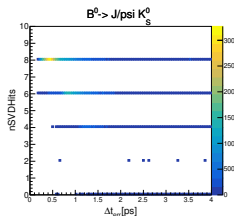
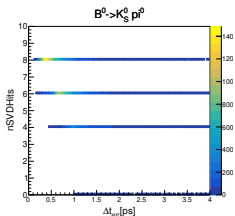
$$A_{K^0\pi^0} = -0.40_{-0.44}^{+0.46} \pm 0.04$$

Δt_{err} vs. Hits(VXD + CDC)



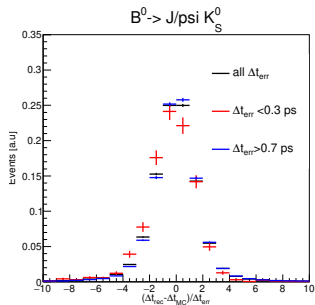
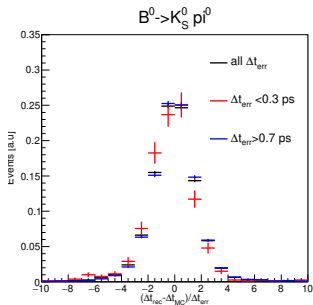
- We plots number of hits in VXD and CDC to find out the double peak structure in the Δt_{err} distribution.

Δt_{err} vs. Hits (SVD + PXD)



- We plot number of hits in SVD and PXD to find out the double peak structure in the Δt_{err} distribution.

Pull distribution



- Pull distribution shows similar behaviour for both signal and control channels.

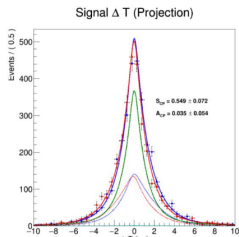
Single Fits

$S_{CP} = 0.549 \pm 0.072$ (Expected: 0.6)

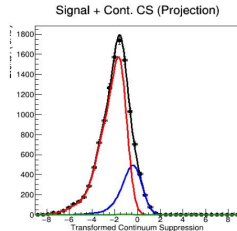
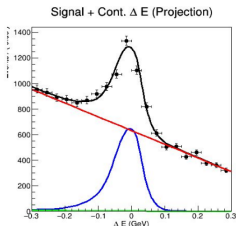
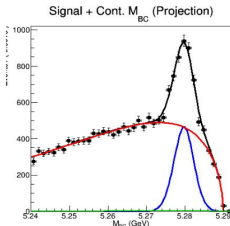
$A_{CP} = 0.035 \pm 0.054$ (Expected: 0.0)

Yield: 2852 ± 71 (Expected: 3051)

Simulated Luminosity: $5ab^{-1}$



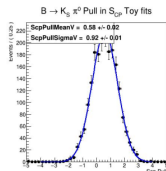
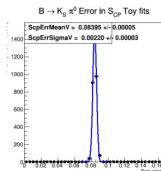
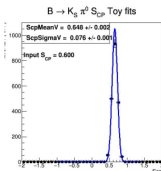
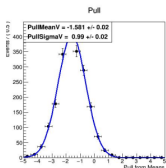
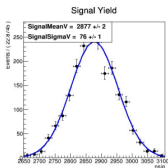
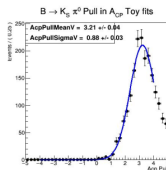
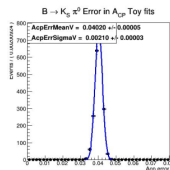
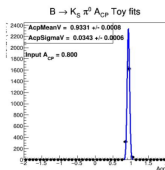
Currently using 8 bins of q,r -
Working on changing to 7



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MC Toy Results

$S_{CP} = 0.648 \pm 0.084$ (Expected: 0.6)
 $A_{CP} = 0.933 \pm 0.040$ (Expected: 0.8)
 Yield: 2877 ± 75 (Expected: 3051)



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Linearity Tests

~4% Bias in Yield

$a_0 = 32.78$

$a_1 = 0.96$

~0.6% Bias in S_{CP}

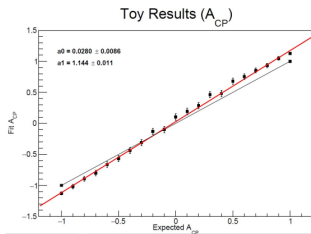
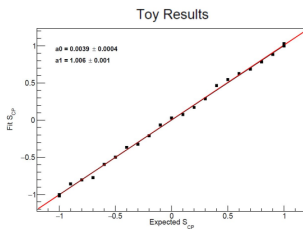
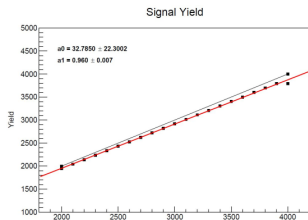
$a_0 = 0.0039$

$a_1 = 1.006$

~14% Bias in A_{CP}

$a_0 = 0.028$

$a_1 = 1.14$



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