

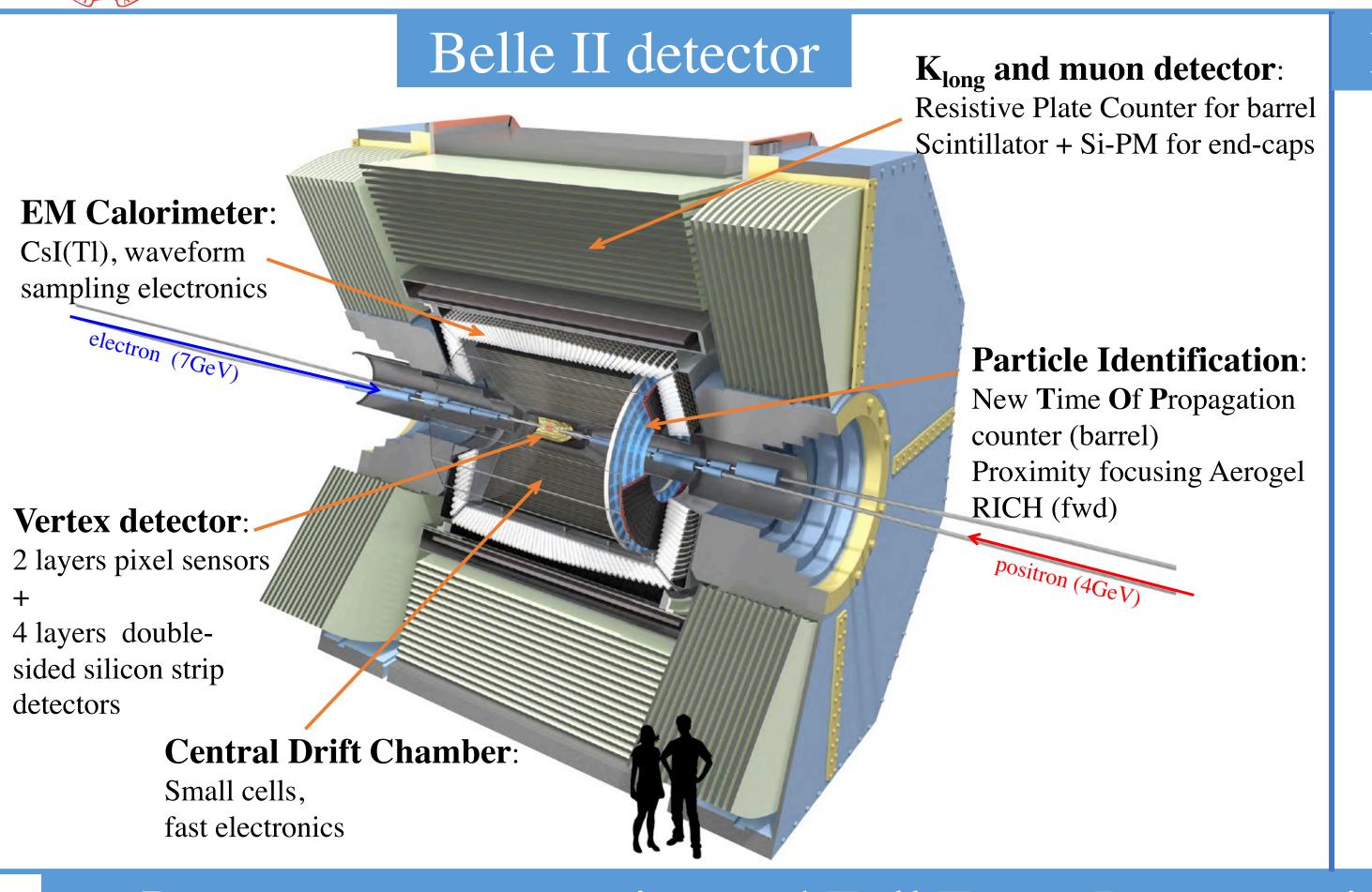
Semileptonic and leptonic B decay results from early Belle II data

Andrea Fodor, on behalf of the Belle II collaboration McGill University, Canada



Y(4S) data

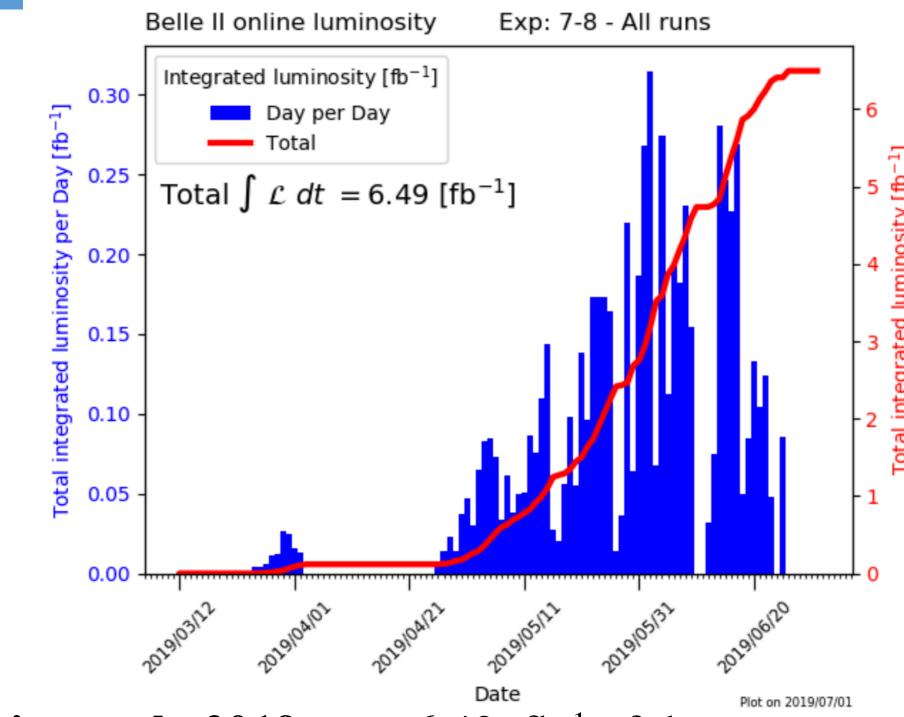
Belle II 2019 Preliminary



Belle II run in 2019

- First Belle II official data taking run with the full detector installed from March to July 2019
- Reached an instantaneous luminosity of $5.5 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

signal-side



Integrated luminosity during early 2019 run: 6.49 fb⁻¹ of data collected, approximately $7.1 \times 10^6 \ B\overline{B}$ -pairs

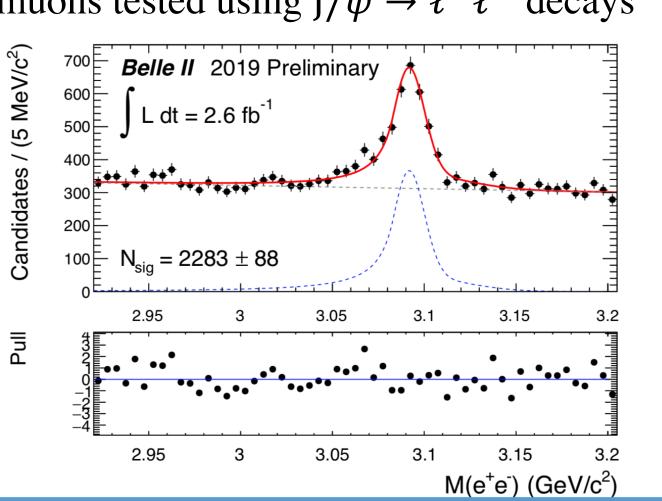
Belle II Performance

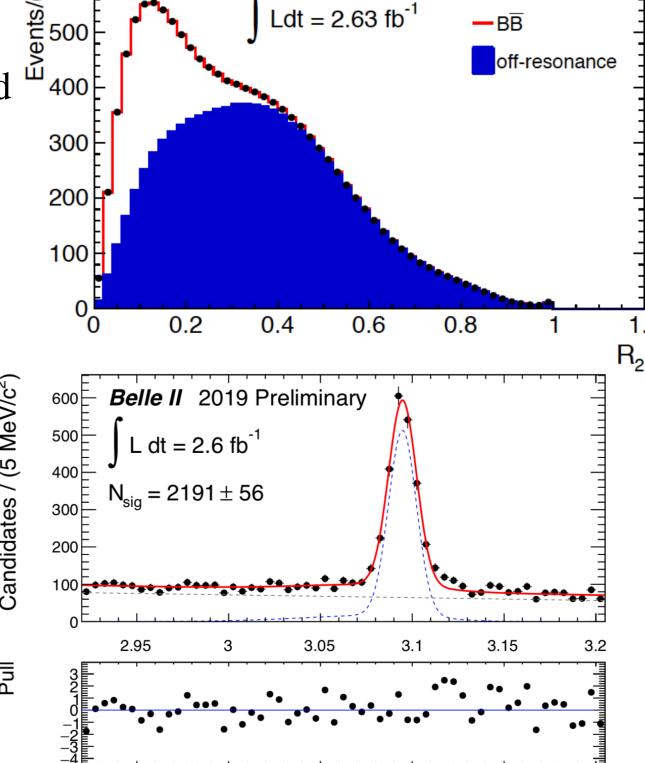
B-meson detection:

Data/MC comparison of R2, ratio of second 400 and zeroth Fox-Wolfram moment – a good indicator of collisions at $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance

Particle Identification:

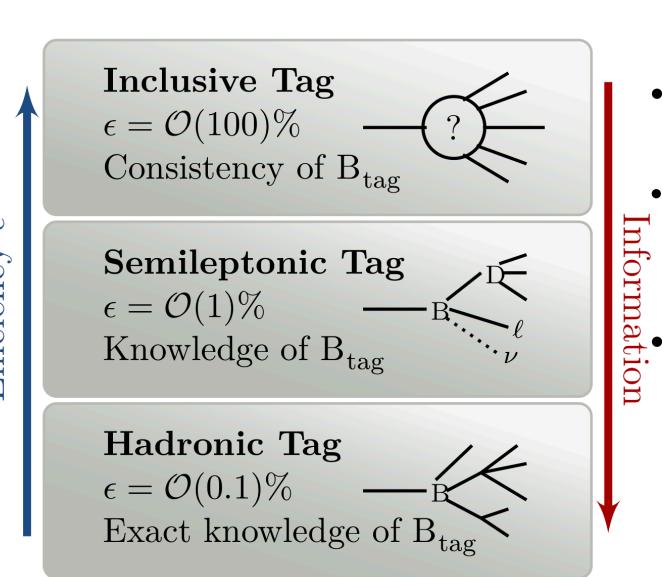
Identification efficiency for electrons and muons tested using $J/\psi \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ decays





B-meson reconstruction and Full Event Interpretation

- e^+e^- collided at the $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance which : decays almost exclusively to **B-meson pairs**
- B-mesons produced almost at rest in the **CoM** frame
- Several approaches in the analysis depending on the treatment of the companion B-meson,

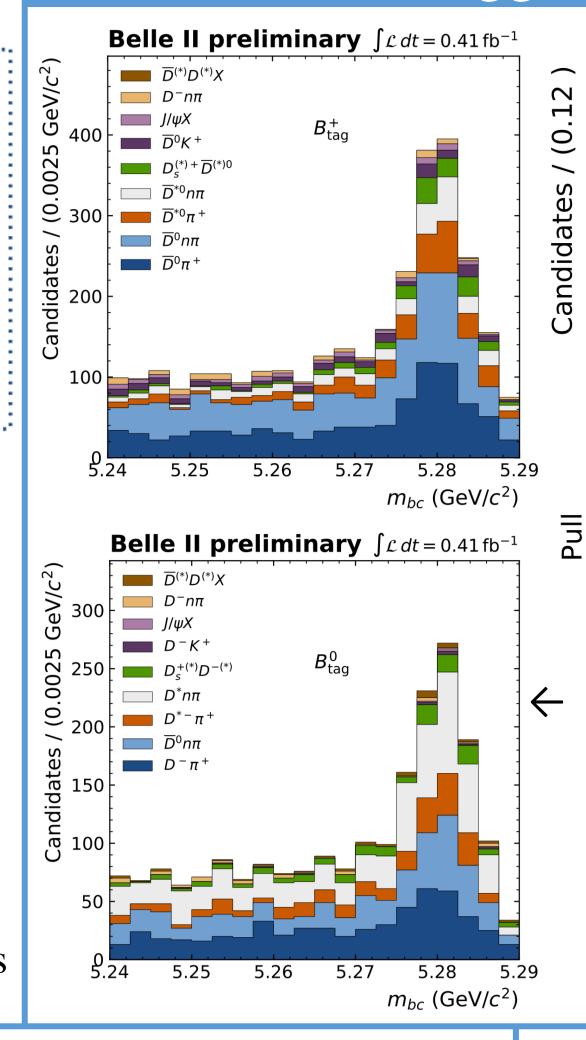


Untagged reconstruction – signal reconstruction without full B_{tag} reconstruction

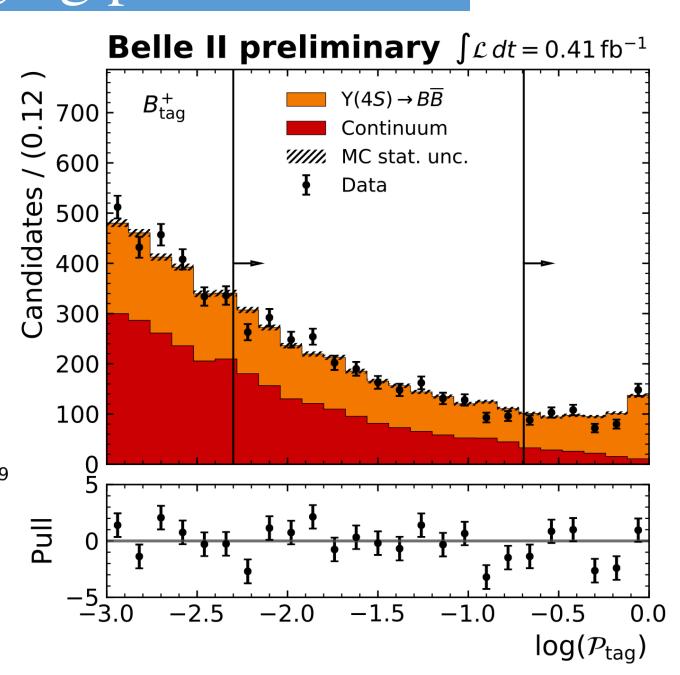
tag-side

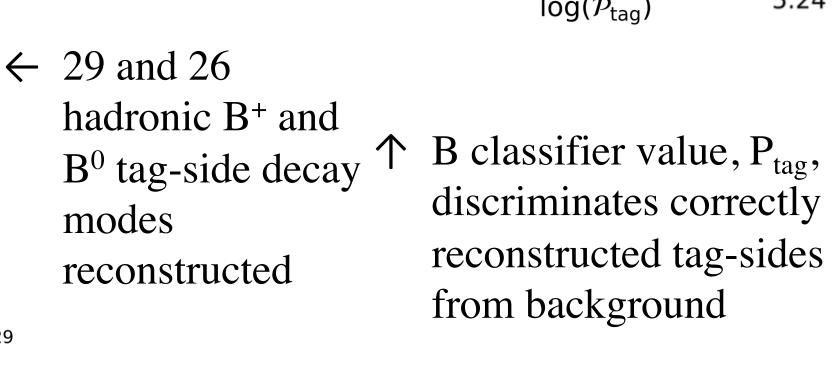
- **Tagged approach** reconstruction of the B_{tag} first using semileptonic or hadronic decay modes and attributing the remaining detected depositions to the B_{sig}
- Full Event Interpretation tagging approach implemented by Belle II that uses Machine Learning and reconstructs B_{tag} from more than 200 different decay modes, improving the B_{tag} reconstruction efficiency; enables precise determination of the energy carried by undetected neutrinos Comput. Softw. Big Sci. (2019) 3: 6

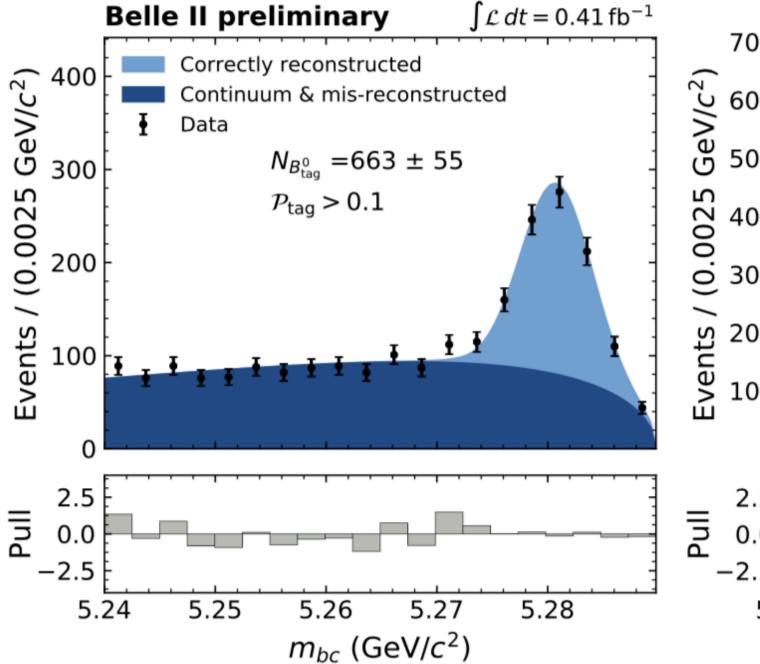
Hadronic FEI tagging performance

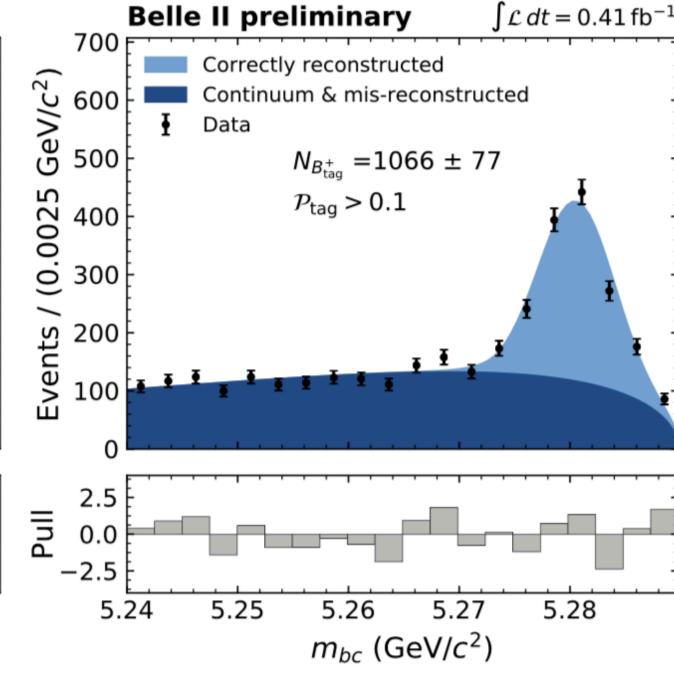


 $B \to D^* \ell \nu$ (1809.03290)





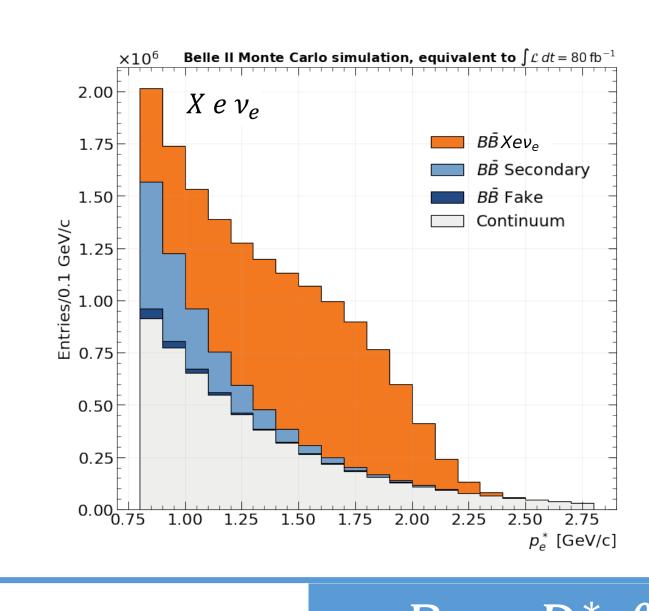




↑ Determine the correctly reconstructed tag-side yield by fitting the mass of the reconstructed B_{tag} $m_{bc} = \int E_{beam}^2 / 4 - p^{*2}_{B_{tat}}$

$B \to X \ell \nu_{\ell}$ — untagged reconstruction

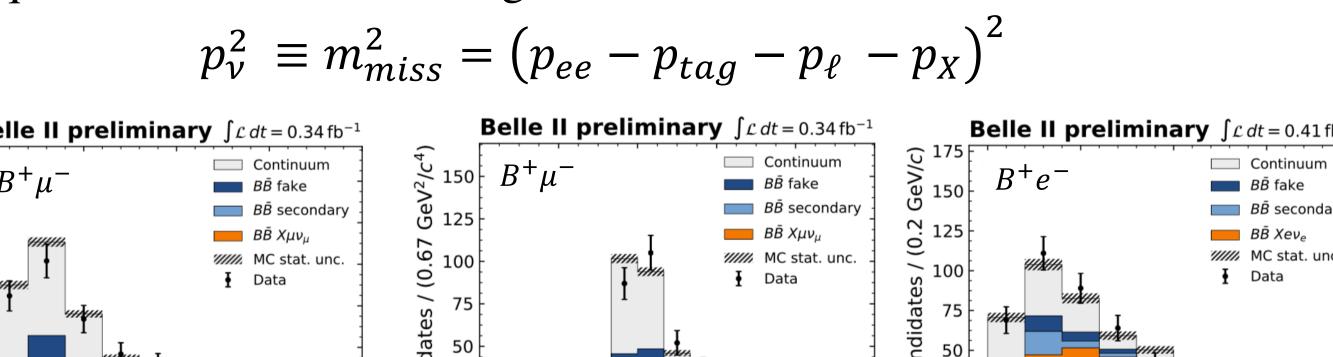
- Can be used to measure $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$ CKM matrix elements
- Current measurements show disagreement of $|V_{ub}| / |V_{cb}|$ in inclusive and exclusive final states

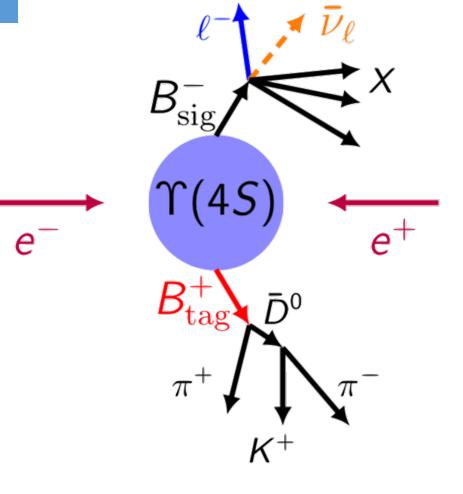


- Analysis of the lepton spectrum close to the kinematic endpoint to be used to separate between $X_c \ell \nu_\ell$ and $X_u \ell \nu_\ell$ decay modes
- Untagged analysis; suppression of continuum processes using multi-variative methods
- Off-resonance data available to describe continuum

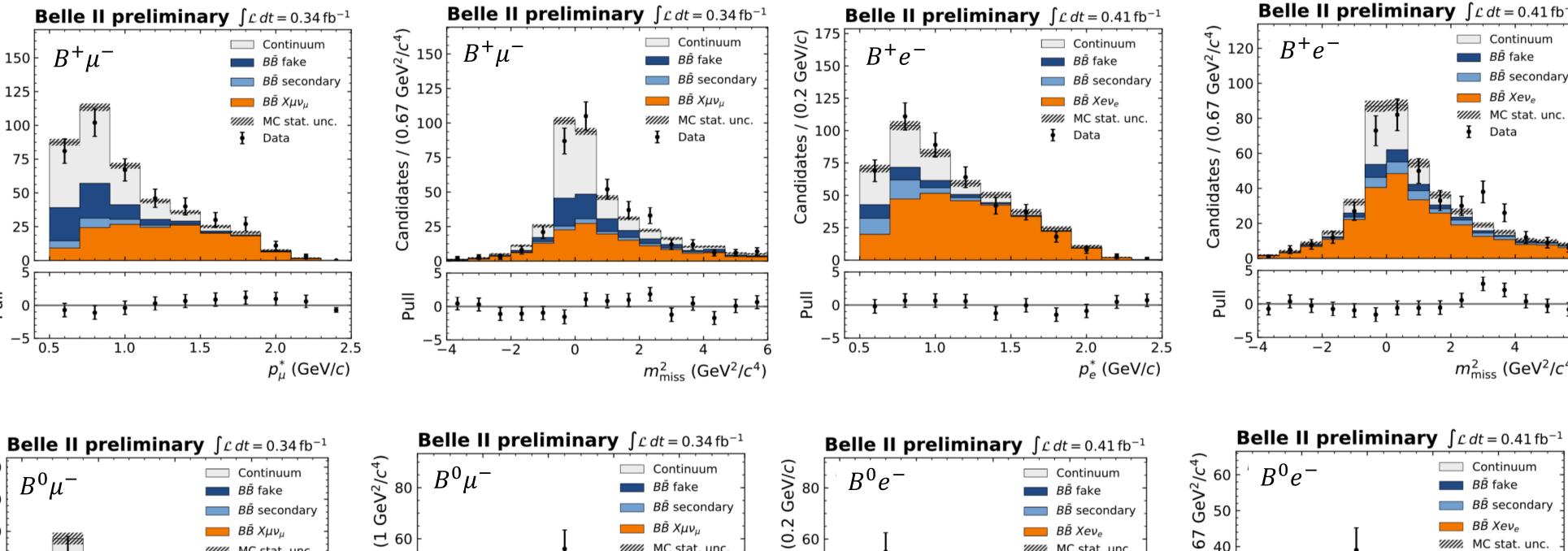
$B \to X \ell \nu_{\ell}$ — hadronic FEI tagging

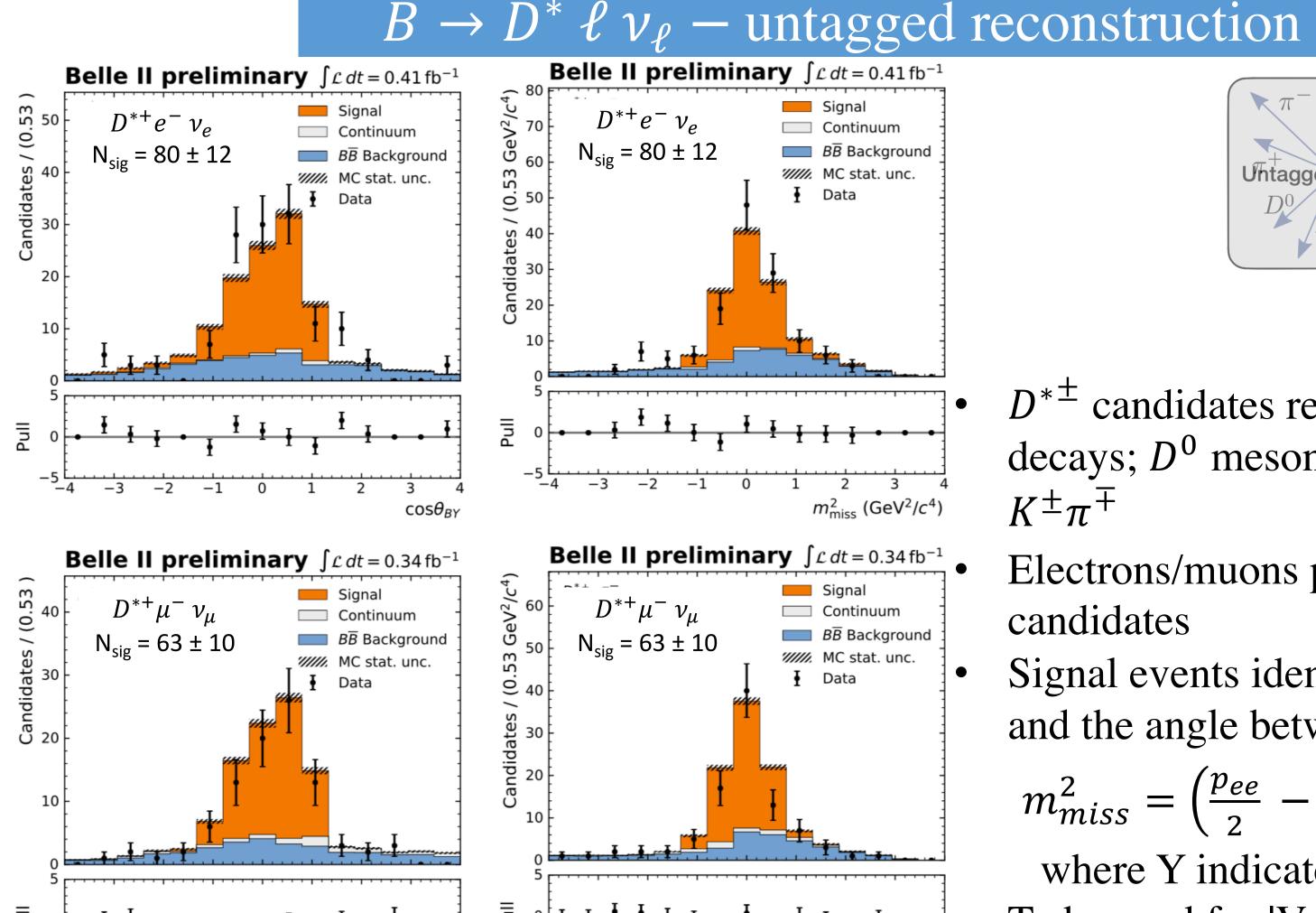
- Evaluate hadronic FEI tagging performance in early data
- Highest momentum lepton selected from the remaining tracks not associated with B_{tag}
- $p_{\ell}^* > 0.6 \text{ GeV/c}, m_{hc}^{\text{tag}} > 5.27 \text{ GeV/c}^2$
- The missing neutrino momentum is equivalent to the missing mass squared, reconstructed using:

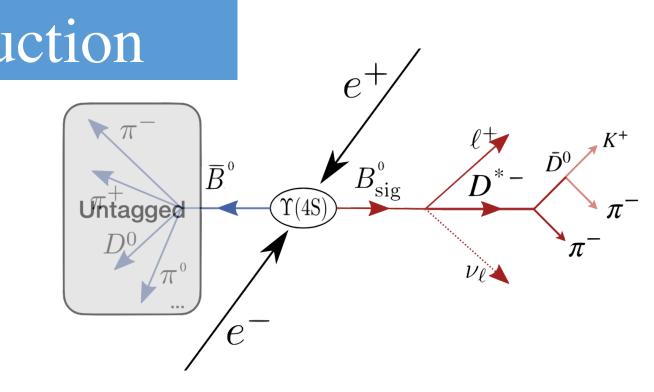




/////. MC stat. und







 $V_{\rm cb}$ Exclusive

- $D^{*\pm}$ candidates reconstructed from the $D^{*\pm} \to D^0 \pi^{\pm}$ decays; D^0 mesons reconstructed in the decay mode $K^{\pm}\pi^{+}$
- Electrons/muons paired with the $D^{*\pm}$ to form signal candidates
- Signal events identified using the missing mass squared and the angle between the B-meson and the $D^*\ell$ system: $\cos \theta_{BY} = \frac{2 E_B^* E_Y^* - M_B^2 - m_Y^2}{2 + \frac{1}{2}},$
 - where Y indicates the $D^*\ell$ system To be used for $|V_{cb}|$ measurements

Conclusion

- Belle II has completed its first physics run and collected 6.5 fb-1 of data
- First data analyzed to validate the detector performance
- FEI hadronic tagging performance tested with $B \to X \ell \nu_{\ell}$ decay mode
- Validation of Monte Carlo simulation using $B \to D^* \ell \nu_{\ell}$ untagged analysis
- Untagged $B \to X \ell \nu_{\ell}$ measurements under preparation

