



Status and Future Prospects for Charged Lepton Flavor Violation Searches at B Factories and Belle-II

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for the Belle II collaboration

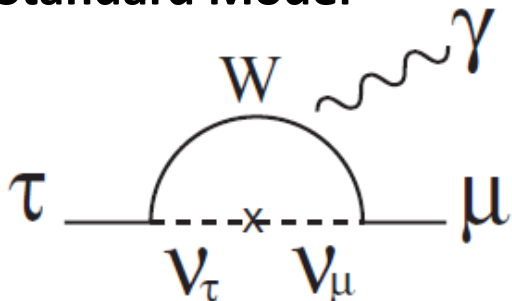
KEK IPNS

25/08/2016, NuFact2016, Qyu Nhon, Vietnam

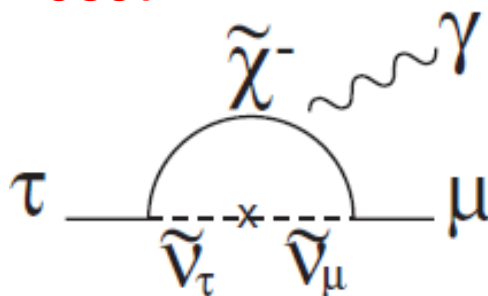
Introduction to tau LFV

- **Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV)** is highly suppressed in the Standard Model (SM) even if neutrino oscillation is taken
 - $Br < O(10^{-54}) \Rightarrow$ Experimentally unreachable
 - **Many extensions to SM** predict to enhance LFV to be observable in current experiment facilities: $Br \sim O(10^{-8})$
- \Rightarrow **Observation of LFV is an clear signature of the New Physics (NP)!**
- Tau lepton - the heaviest charged lepton coupling to the NP
- \Rightarrow **Many possible LFV decay modes related to the NP models**

Standard Model



SUSY



Higgs mediated



Predicted BF in various models

- Various models predict BF for $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ and $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$

| | Reference | $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ | $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$ |
|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SM+ ν mixing | EPJ C8 (1999) 513 | 10^{-40} | 10^{-14} |
| SM + heavy Maj ν_R | PRD 66 (2002) 034008 | 10^{-9} | 10^{-10} |
| Non-universal Z' | PLB 547 (2002) 252 | 10^{-9} | 10^{-8} |
| SUSY SO(10) | PRD 68 (2003) 033012 | 10^{-8} | 10^{-10} |
| mSUGRA+seesaw | PRD 66 (2002) 115013 | 10^{-7} | 10^{-9} |
| SUSY Higgs | PLB 566 (2003) 217 | 10^{-10} | 10^{-7} |

Numbers correspond to the most optimistic case

- B factory sensitivity ($\sim 10^{-8}$) reaches a possible region to τ LFV!

Predicted BF in various models

- Ratio of Tau LFV decay BF provides discrimination of NP models

(M.Blanke, et al., JHEP 0705, 013(2007), C.Yue, et al.,PLB547, 252 (2002))

| | SUSY+GUT (SUSY+Seesaw) | Higgs mediated | Little Higgs | non-universal Z' boson |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| $\left(\frac{\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu}{\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma}\right)$ | $\sim 2 \times 10^{-3}$ | 0.06~0.1 | 0.4~2.3 | ~ 16 |
| $\left(\frac{\tau \rightarrow \mu ee}{\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma}\right)$ | $\sim 1 \times 10^{-2}$ | $\sim 1 \times 10^{-2}$ | 0.3~1.6 | ~ 16 |
| Br ($\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$) @ Max | $< 10^{-7}$ | $< 10^{-10}$ | $< 10^{-10}$ | $< 10^{-9}$ |

Favorite modes $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$

- It is important to search for various kinds of τ LFV

=> Almost all decay modes were studied using the Belle data

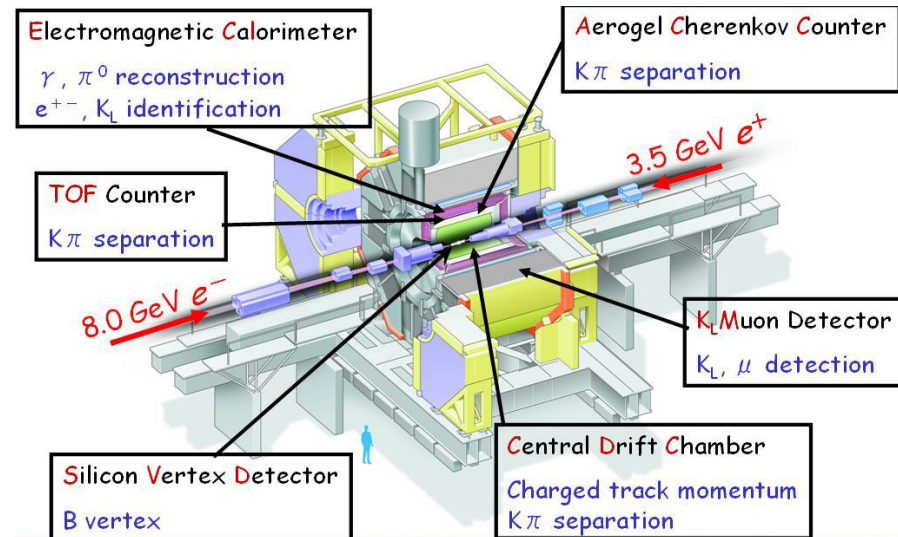
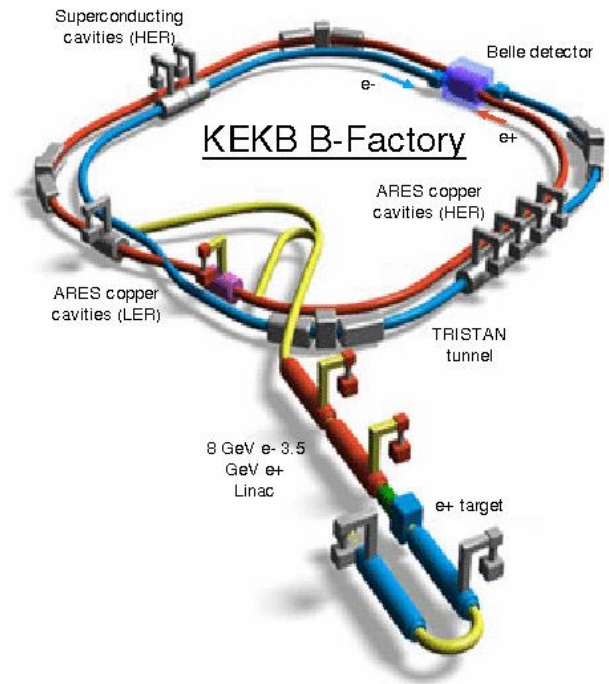
τ LFV search at Belle

B-factory at KEK

- KEKB: asymmetric $e^+(3.5\text{GeV}) e^-(8\text{GeV})$
 - Peak luminosity: $2.1 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - => World highest peak luminosity
 - $\sigma(\tau\tau) \sim 0.9\text{nb}$, $\sigma(bb) \sim 1.1\text{nb}$
 - => **B-factory is also τ factory!**
- Belle Detector:

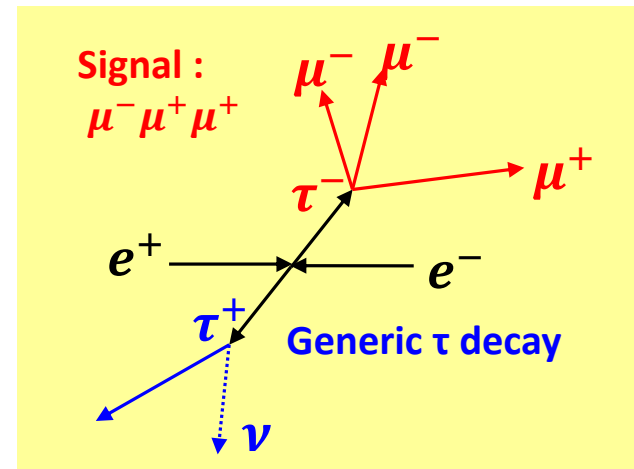
- Good track reconstruction
- Good particle identification
- => Lepton efficiency: 90%
- Fake rate : $O(0.1) \%$ for e
- $O(1) \%$ for μ

Collected $\sim 10^9$ τ pairs



Analysis procedure

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$: No missing in signal side
 - ↳ **Signal side**: $\mu\mu\mu$
 - Fully reconstructed
 - ↳ **Tag side**: 1 prong + missing
 - Br \sim 85 %

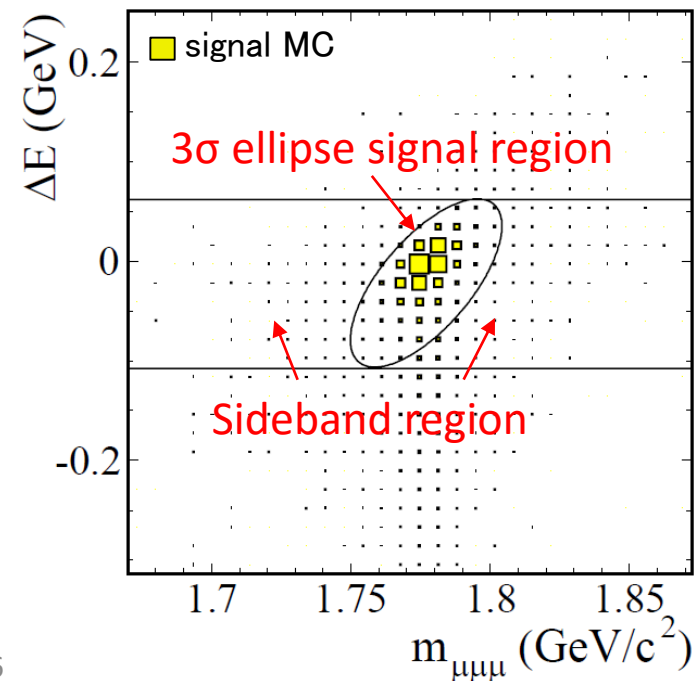


- **Signal extraction**: $m_{\mu\mu\mu} - \Delta E$ plane

$$- m_{\mu\mu\mu} = \sqrt{E_{\mu\mu\mu}^2 - p_{\mu\mu\mu}^2} \sim m_\tau$$

$$- \Delta E = E_{\mu\mu\mu}^{CM} - E_{beam}^{CM} \sim 0$$

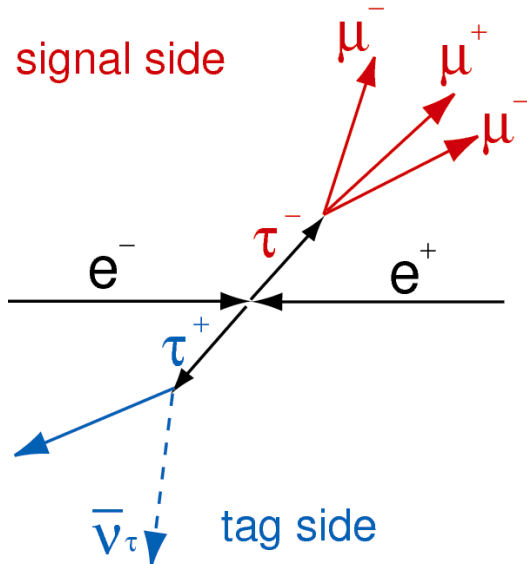
- Number of Background is estimated using sideband data and MC



Signal and backgrounds

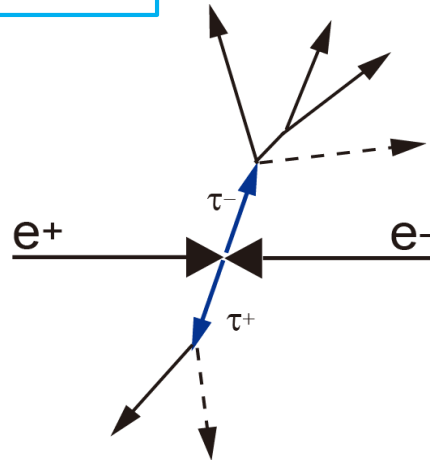
LFV Signal

signal side



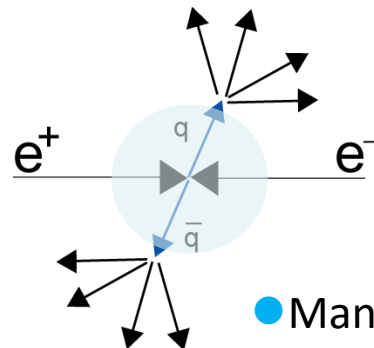
- Neutrino(s) in tag side
- Particle ID
- Mass of mesons

SM $\tau\tau$



- Neutrinos in both sides
- Missing energy in signal side

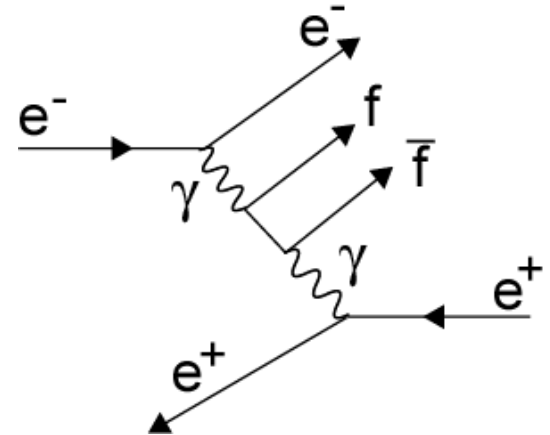
$q\bar{q}$



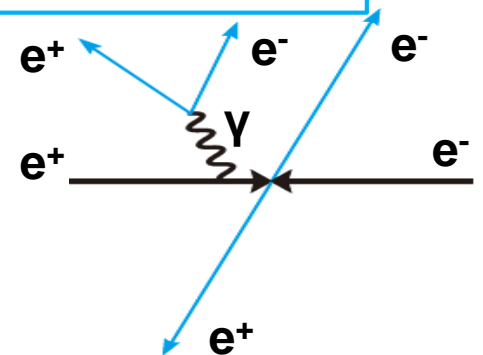
- Many tracks

2photon process

$f = \text{leptons, quarks}$



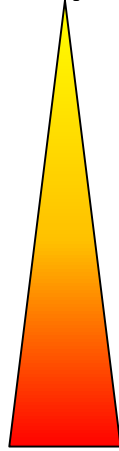
radiative Bhabha



Analysis strategy

- Rare decay search :
=> Understand backgrounds and reduce as much as possible
- Search various decay modes:
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell K_s, \Lambda h$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell V_0 (\rightarrow hh')$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell P^0 (\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell hh'$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \ell\gamma$
- Analyze the modes from simple selection to hard for background reduction
 - Provide feedback to next analysis of similar final state

Simple

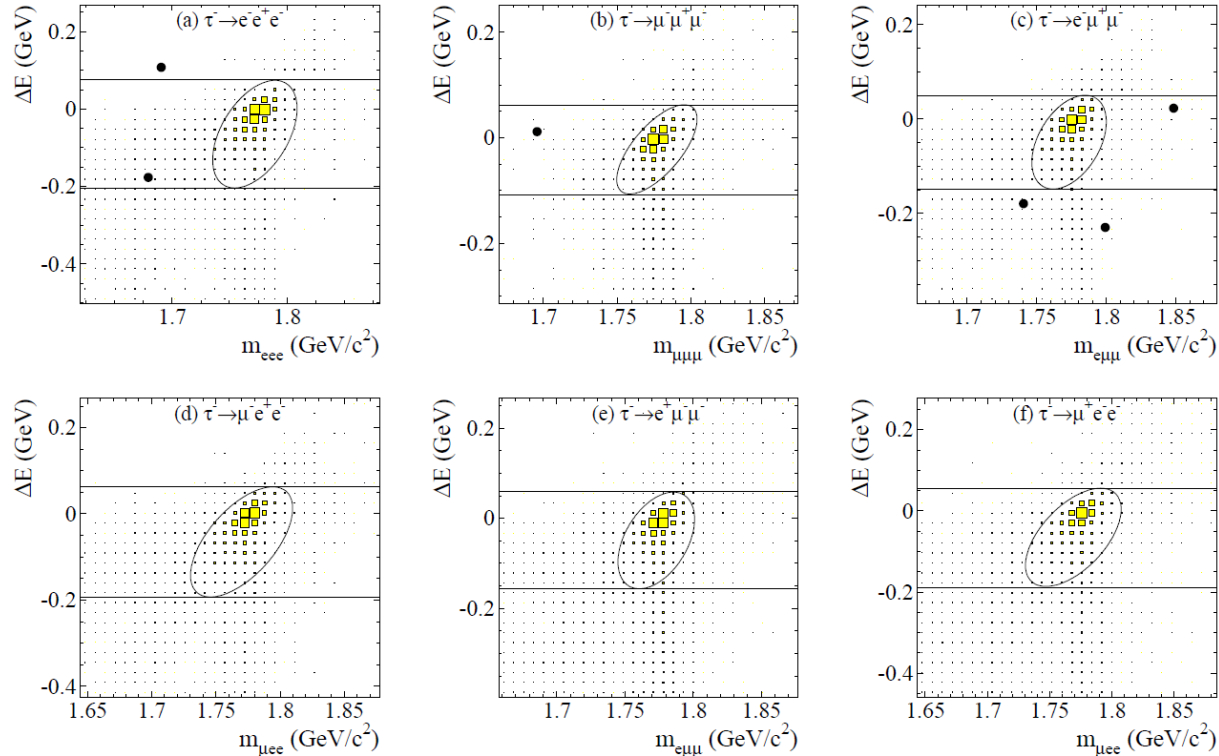


Difficulty of
background reduction

Hard

$\tau \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell$

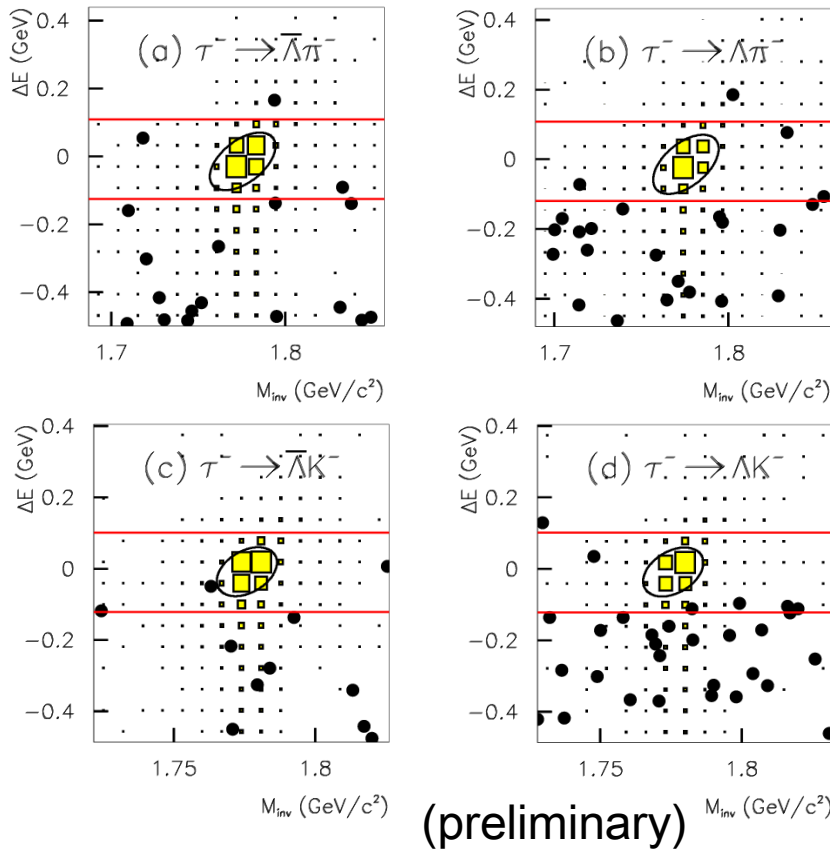
- Data: 782fb⁻¹
- No events are found in the signal region.
- **Almost BG free**
 - Expected # of BG: 0.01-0.21
 - Good lepton ID
- $\text{Br} < (1.5-2.7) \times 10^{-8}$ at 90%CL



Phys.Lett.B687,139 (2010)

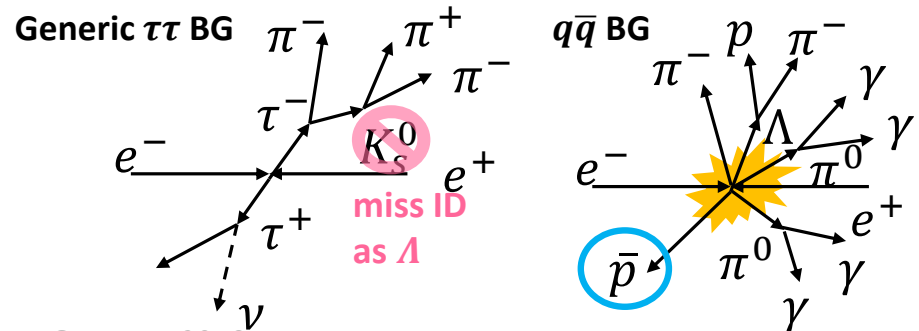
| Mode | ϵ (%) | $N_{\text{BG}}^{\text{EXP}}$ | σ_{syst} (%) | UL ($\times 10^{-8}$) |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| $e^- e^+ e^-$ | 6.0 | 0.21 ± 0.15 | 9.8 | 2.7 |
| $\mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ | 7.6 | 0.13 ± 0.06 | 7.4 | 2.1 |
| $e^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ | 6.1 | 0.10 ± 0.04 | 9.5 | 2.7 |
| $\mu^- e^+ e^-$ | 9.3 | 0.04 ± 0.04 | 7.8 | 1.8 |
| $\mu^- e^+ \mu^-$ | 10.1 | 0.02 ± 0.02 | 7.6 | 1.7 |
| $e^- \mu^+ e^-$ | 11.5 | 0.01 ± 0.01 | 7.7 | 1.5 |

$\tau \rightarrow \Lambda h / \bar{\Lambda} h$



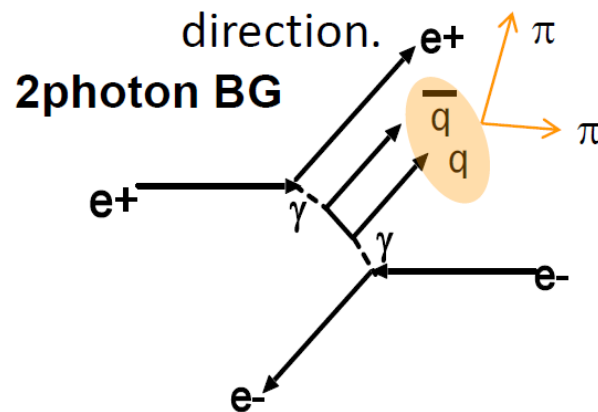
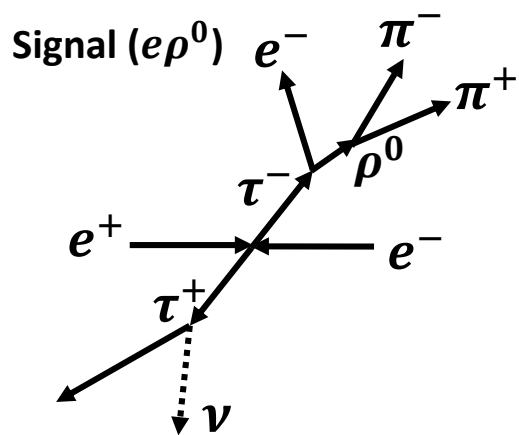
| Mode | ϵ (%) | N_{BG}^{EXP} | UL ($\times 10^{-8}$) |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^-$ | 4.80 | 0.21 ± 0.15 | 2.8 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}K^-$ | 4.11 | 0.31 ± 0.14 | 3.1 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$ | 4.39 | 0.31 ± 0.18 | 3.0 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \Lambda K^-$ | 3.16 | 0.42 ± 0.19 | 4.2 |

- No candidate events found
=> no significant excess
 - Expected # of BG: (0.21-0.42)
- $\tau\tau$ BG including K_S^0 miss ID as Λ
 - Reduce by K_S^0 mass
- $q\bar{q}$ BG including Λ : proton ID
- **UL@90%CL (preliminary):**
 - $Br < (2.8-3.1) \times 10^{-8}$: B-L cons.
 - $Br < (3.0-4.2) \times 10^{-8}$: B-L viol.

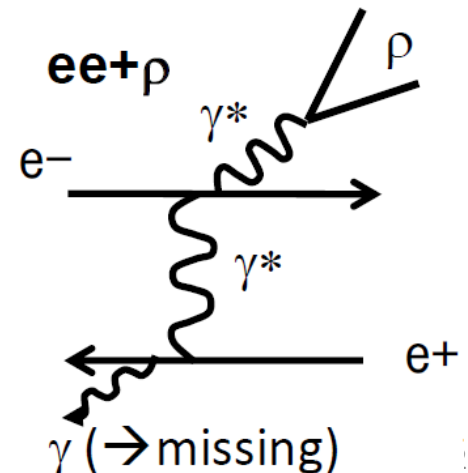


$$\tau \rightarrow \ell V^0 (= \rho^0, K^{*0}, \omega, \phi)$$

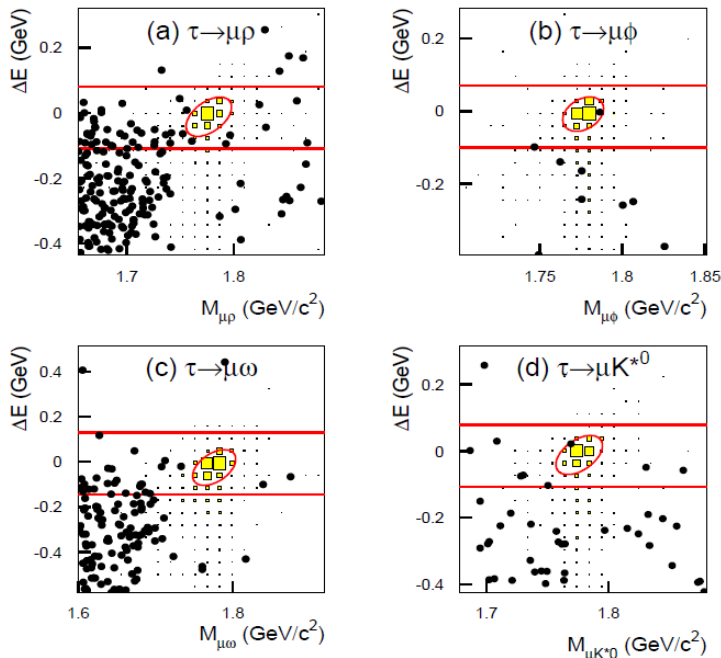
- Search with 854fb^{-1} data sample
 - Select one lepton and two hadrons
 - Require di-hadron mass to be consistent with a vector meson mass
- Possible backgrounds
 - For $\ell = \mu$, hadronic tau decay and $q\bar{q}$ with miss μ -ID
 - For $\ell = e$, 2photon processes could be large BG.
 - $ee+X$ process also become large background.
 - => Reduced using missing-momentum direction.



Tau LFV in B factory @ NuFact 2016



$\tau \rightarrow \ell V^0 (= \rho^0, K^{*0}, \omega, \phi)$



- After event selection
 - 1 event in $\mu\phi, \mu K^{*0}, \mu\bar{K}^{*0}$
 - 0 events others in the signal region
 => No significant excess
 => expected # of BG: 0.06-1.48
- $\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \ell V^0) < (1.2-8.4) \times 10^{-8} @ 90\% \text{CL}$

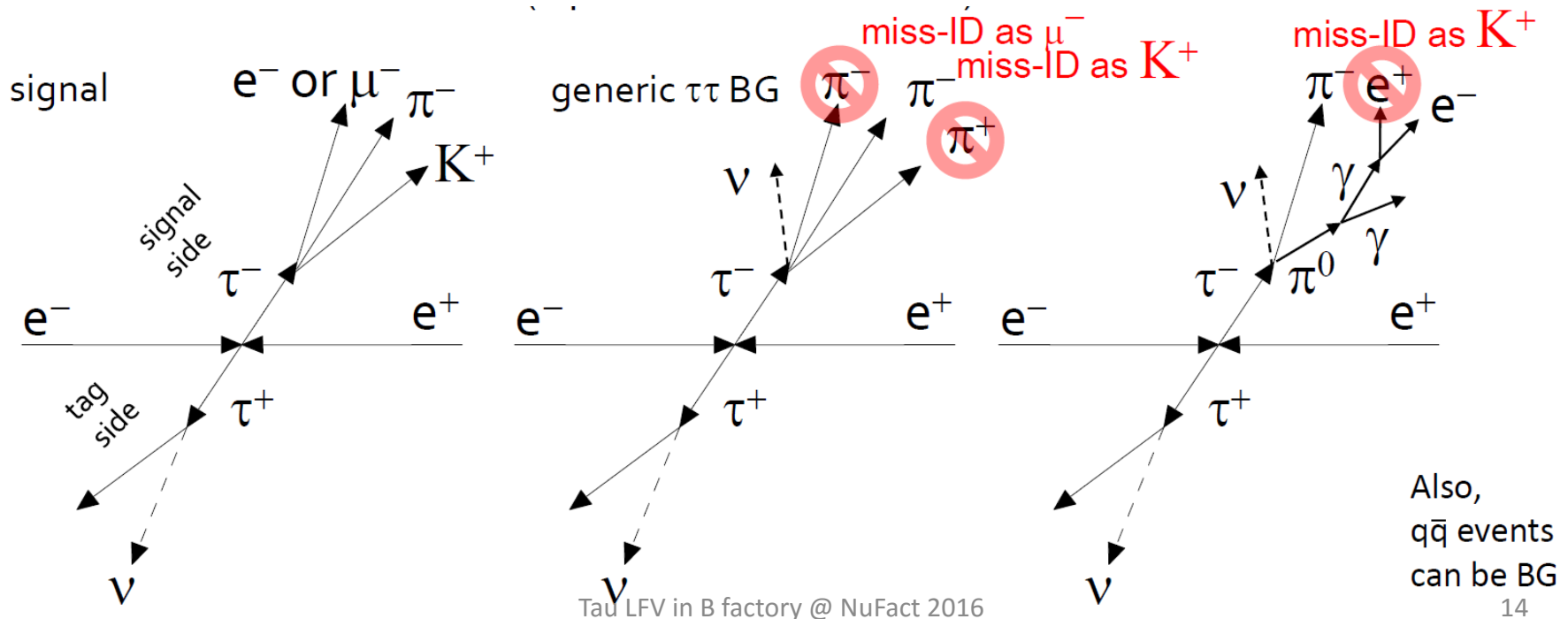
Phys.Lett.B699,251 (2011)

| Mode | ϵ (%) | $N_{\text{BG}}^{\text{EXP}}$ | $N_{\text{obs.}}$ | UL ($\times 10^{-8}$) |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| $e^- \rho^0$ | 7.6 | 0.29 ± 0.15 | 0 | 1.8 |
| $\mu^- \rho^0$ | 7.1 | 1.48 ± 0.35 | 0 | 1.2 |
| $e^- \phi$ | 4.2 | 0.47 ± 0.19 | 0 | 3.1 |
| $\mu^- \phi$ | 3.2 | 0.06 ± 0.06 | 1 | 8.4 |
| $e^- \omega$ | 2.9 | 0.30 ± 0.14 | 0 | 4.8 |

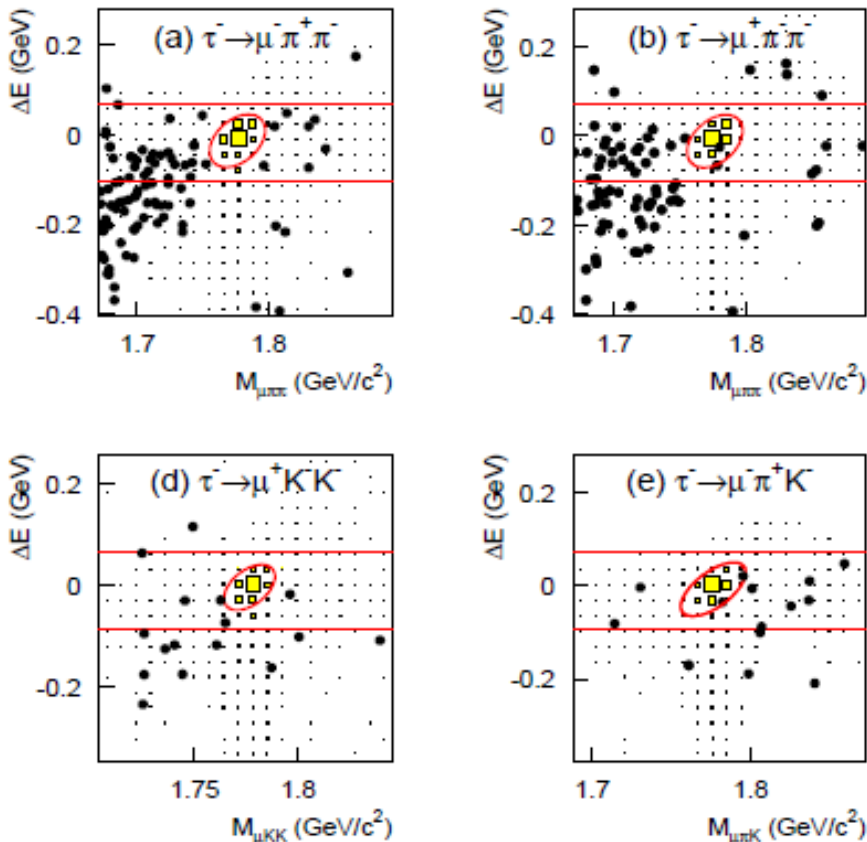
| Mode | ϵ (%) | $N_{\text{BG}}^{\text{EXP}}$ | $N_{\text{obs.}}$ | UL ($\times 10^{-8}$) |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| $e^- K^{*0}$ | 4.4 | 0.39 ± 0.14 | 0 | 3.2 |
| $\mu^- K^{*0}$ | 3.4 | 0.53 ± 0.20 | 1 | 7.2 |
| $e^- \bar{K}^{*0}$ | 4.4 | 0.08 ± 0.08 | 0 | 3.4 |
| $\mu^- \bar{K}^{*0}$ | 3.6 | 0.45 ± 0.17 | 1 | 7.0 |
| $\mu^- \omega$ | 2.4 | 0.72 ± 0.18 | 0 | 4.7 |

$\tau \rightarrow \ell h h'$

- Search with 854fb^{-1} data
 - BaBar: $\text{Br} < (7-48) \times 10^{-8}$ at 221fb^{-1}
- 14 modes are investigated ($h, h' = \pi^\pm, K^\pm$)
 - $\tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- h^+ h'^-$: 8 modes (lepton flavor violation)
 - $\tau^- \rightarrow \ell^+ h^- h'^-$: 6 modes (lepton number violation)



$\tau \rightarrow \ell h h'$



- No significant excess
 - 1 event: $\mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\mu^- \pi^+ K^-$
 - no events: other modes
- => Expected # of BG: 0.06-0.72

| Mode | ϵ (%) | N_{BG} | σ_{syst} (%) | N_{obs} | s_{90} | \mathcal{B} (10^{-8}) |
|--|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ | 5.83 | 0.63 ± 0.23 | 5.3 | 0 | 1.87 | 2.1 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-$ | 6.55 | 0.33 ± 0.16 | 5.3 | 1 | 4.02 | 3.9 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ | 5.45 | 0.55 ± 0.23 | 5.4 | 0 | 1.94 | 2.3 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$ | 6.56 | 0.37 ± 0.18 | 5.4 | 0 | 2.10 | 2.0 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ K^-$ | 2.85 | 0.51 ± 0.18 | 5.9 | 0 | 1.97 | 4.4 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- K^-$ | 2.98 | 0.25 ± 0.13 | 5.9 | 0 | 2.21 | 4.7 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ K^-$ | 4.29 | 0.17 ± 0.10 | 6.0 | 0 | 2.28 | 3.4 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- K^-$ | 4.64 | 0.06 ± 0.06 | 6.0 | 0 | 2.38 | 3.3 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ K^-$ | 2.72 | 0.72 ± 0.27 | 5.6 | 1 | 3.65 | 8.6 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ K^-$ | 3.97 | 0.18 ± 0.13 | 5.7 | 0 | 2.27 | 3.7 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ \pi^-$ | 2.62 | 0.64 ± 0.23 | 5.6 | 0 | 1.86 | 4.5 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ \pi^-$ | 4.07 | 0.55 ± 0.31 | 5.7 | 0 | 1.97 | 3.1 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- \pi^-$ | 2.55 | 0.56 ± 0.21 | 5.6 | 0 | 1.93 | 4.8 |
| $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- \pi^-$ | 4.00 | 0.46 ± 0.21 | 5.7 | 0 | 2.02 | 3.2 |

Upper limits at 90%CL:

$$Br(\tau \rightarrow \ell h h') < (2.0-8.4) \times 10^{-8}$$

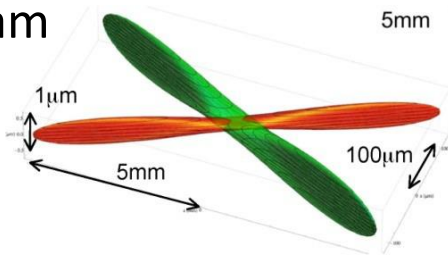
Phys.Lett.B719,346 (2013)

Future prospects at Belle II

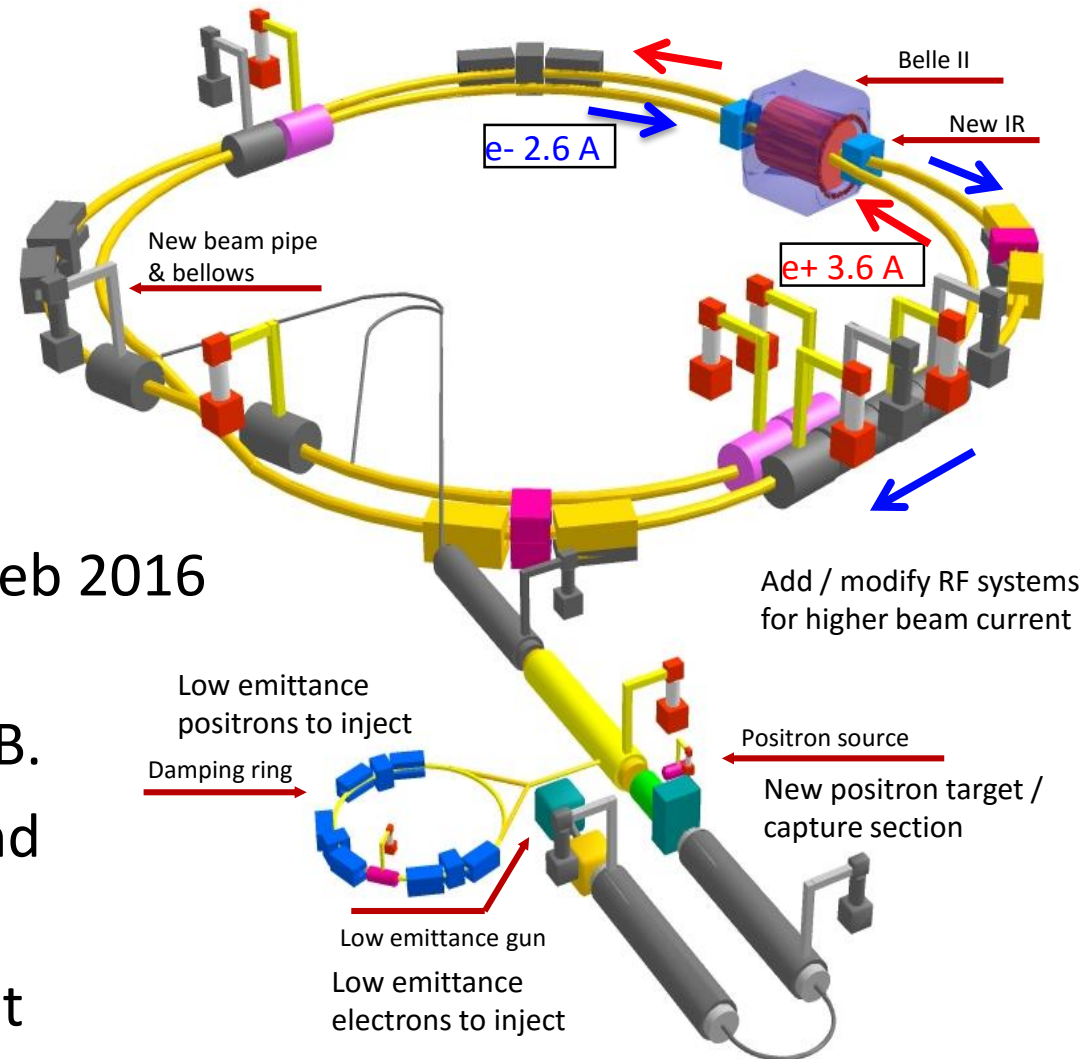
SuperKEKB accelerator



Nano-beam scheme



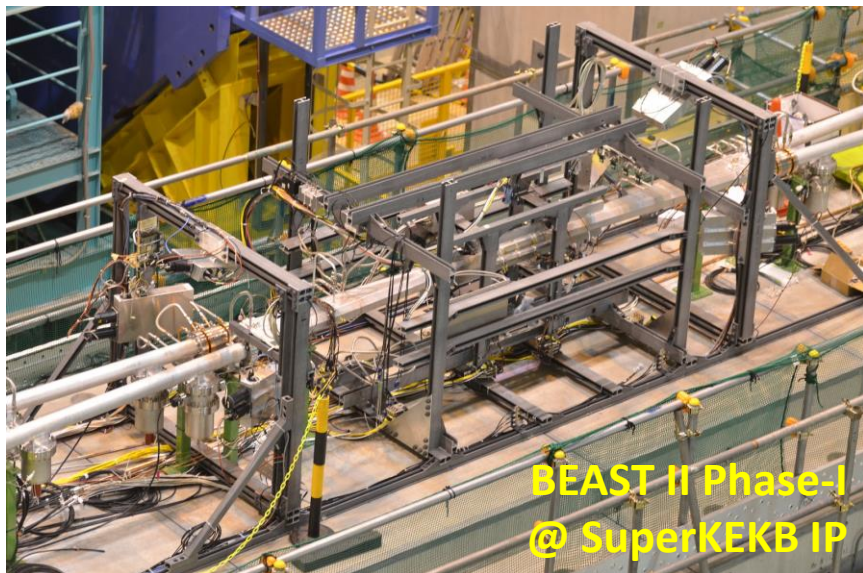
- 40 times higher luminosity
 - Focus on small β_y^* : **x 20**
 - Increase in current : **x 2**
- First tunings was achieved Feb 2016
- Beam background is also 40 times higher than at KEKB.
 - Reduce by collimators and shielding
 - Background measurement



Beam background studies



- **Beam Exorcism for a Stable Experiment II (BEAST II):**
 - Measure beam background for safe roll-in of Belle II.
 - Feedback to SuperKEKB : injector tuning, vacuum scrubbing...
 - Detailed tuning and verification of simulation essential for Belle II operation



- Phase-I (Feb-June 2016): finished
 - Single beam background studies
 - Analysis is now ongoing
- Phase-II (Dec 2017-)
 - First beam collisions
 - BEAST II VXD for background commissioning
 - Full Belle II outer detector

Belle II Detector

arXiv:1011.0352 (2011)

EM Calorimeter:
CsI(Tl), waveform sampling

KL and muon detector:
Resistive Plate Counter (outer barre)
Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (end-caps , inner barrel)

electrons
(7GeV)

Particle Identification
Time-of-Propagation counter (barrel)
Prox. focusing Aerogel RICH (fwd)

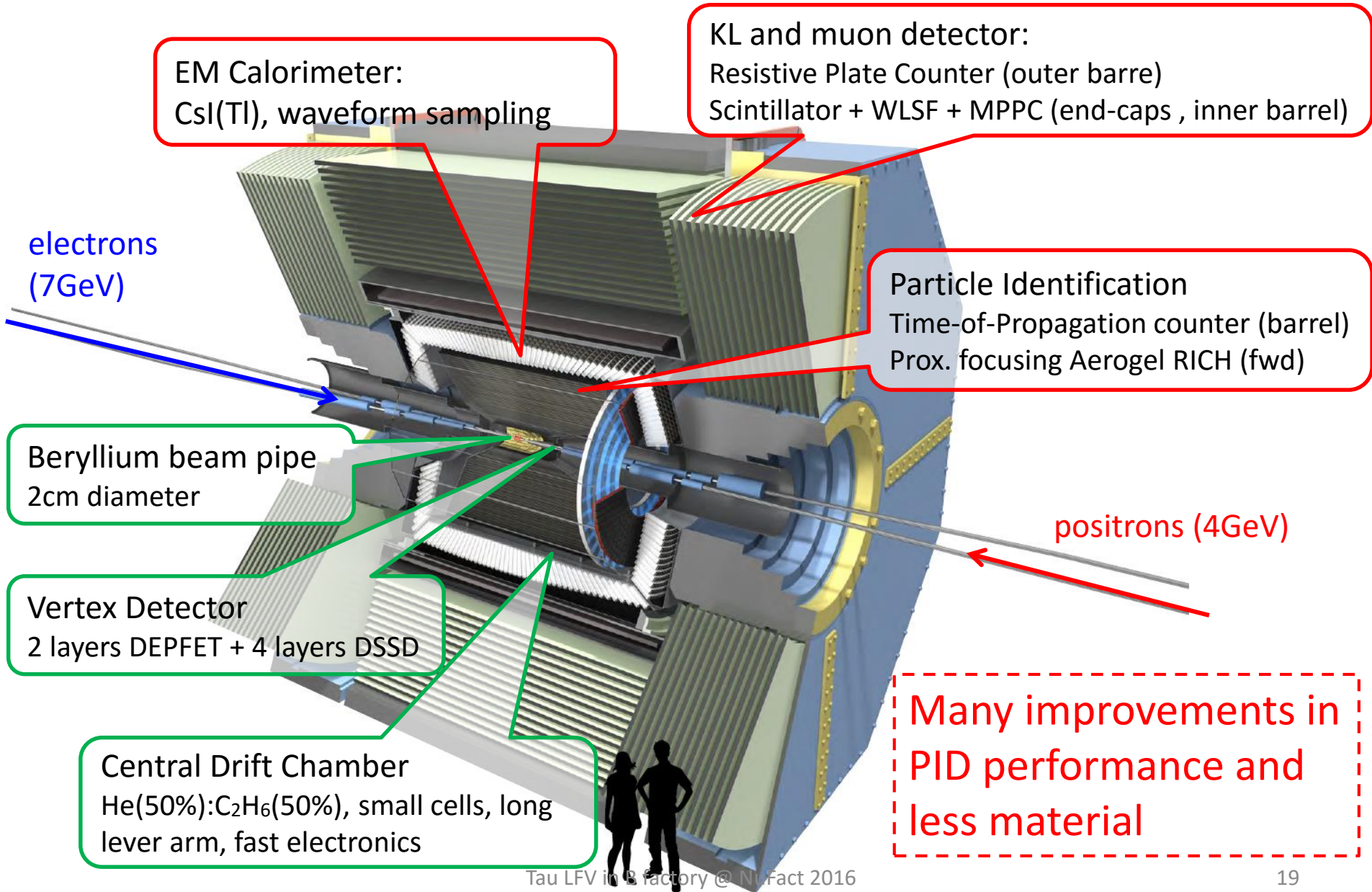
Beryllium beam pipe
2cm diameter

Vertex Detector
2 layers DEPFET + 4 layers DSSD

positrons (4GeV)

Central Drift Chamber
He(50%):C₂H₆(50%), small cells, long
lever arm, fast electronics

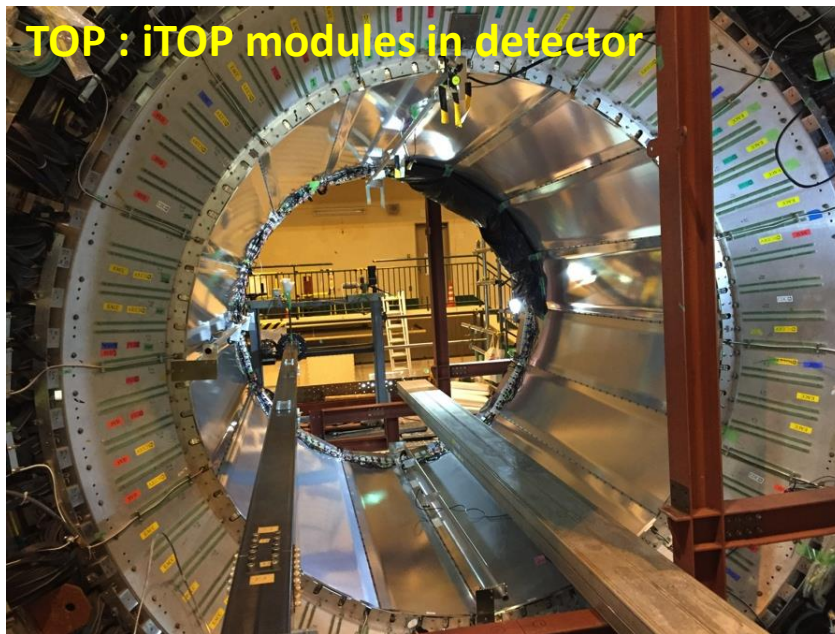
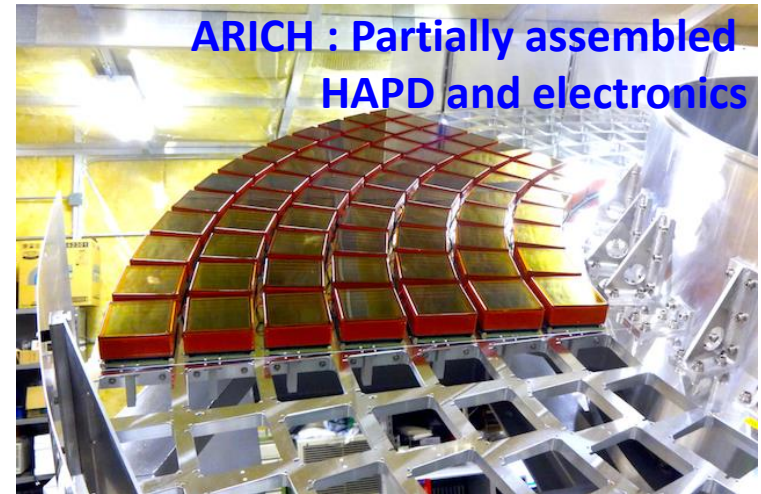
Many improvements in
PID performance and
less material



Belle II detector status

Outer detector installation in progress

- KLM and ECL are installed
- All 16 TOP modules are installed now
- CDC installation is in progress
- ARICH is in construction

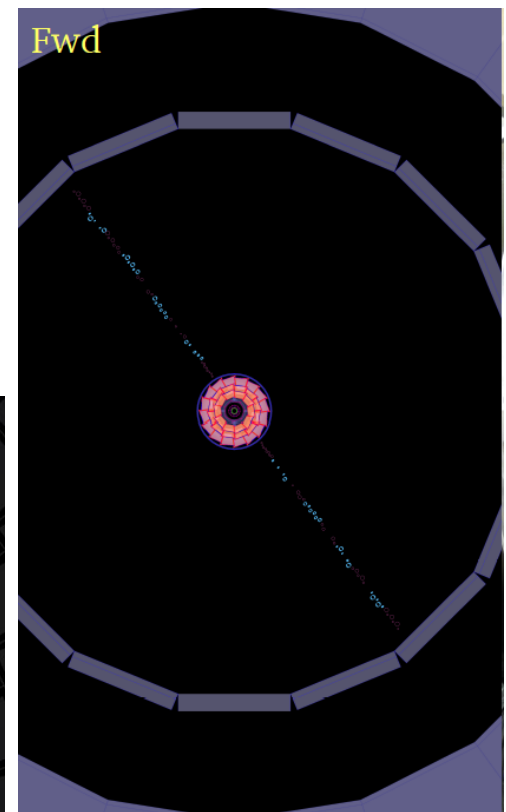


Cosmic ray & beam test

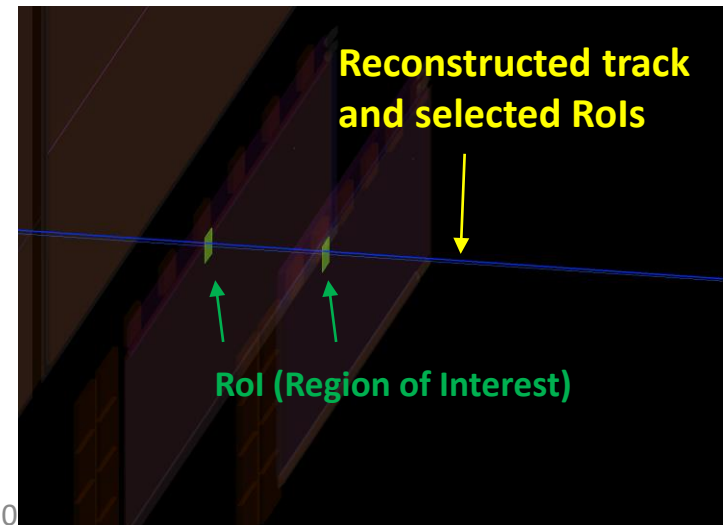
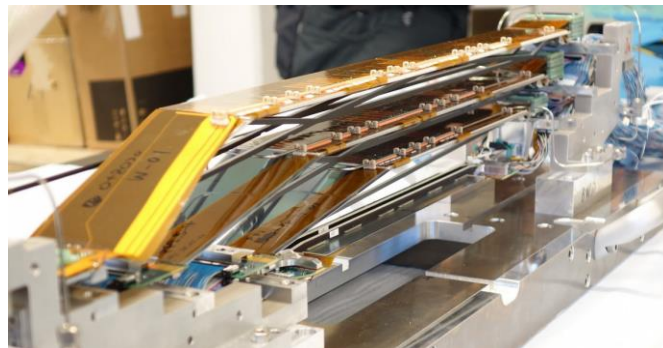
- Cosmic ray tests are in progress
 - KLM/TOP:
Electronics studies
 - ECL/CDC:
More than 10 months with cosmic data taking
 - ARICH: First cosmic ring image was observed

Cosmic track through CDC →

↓ Cherenkov ring in ARICH

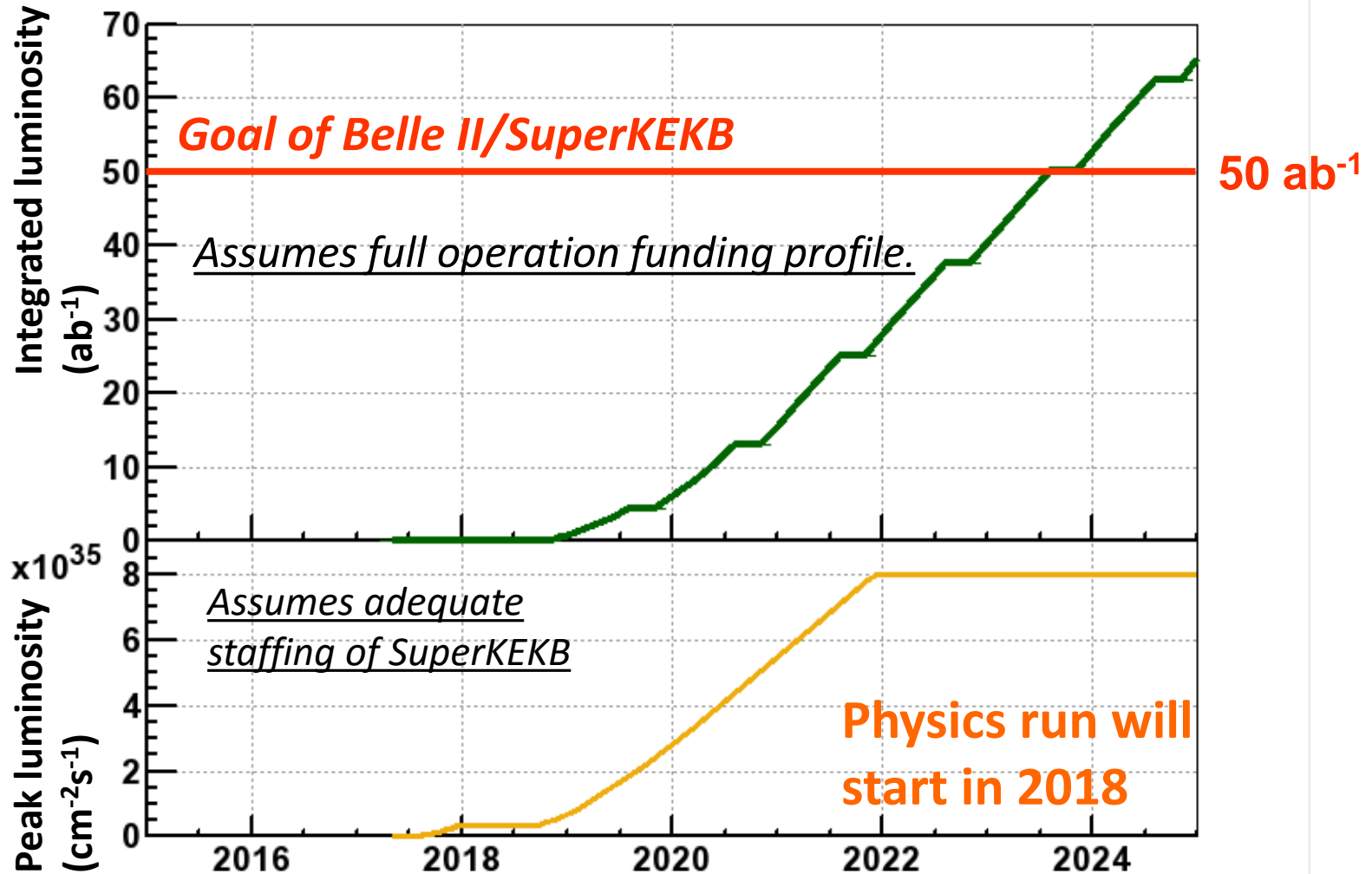


- VXD Beam test at DESY April, 2016
=> Data reduction and slow control schemes



VXD Prototype detector @ DESY beam test

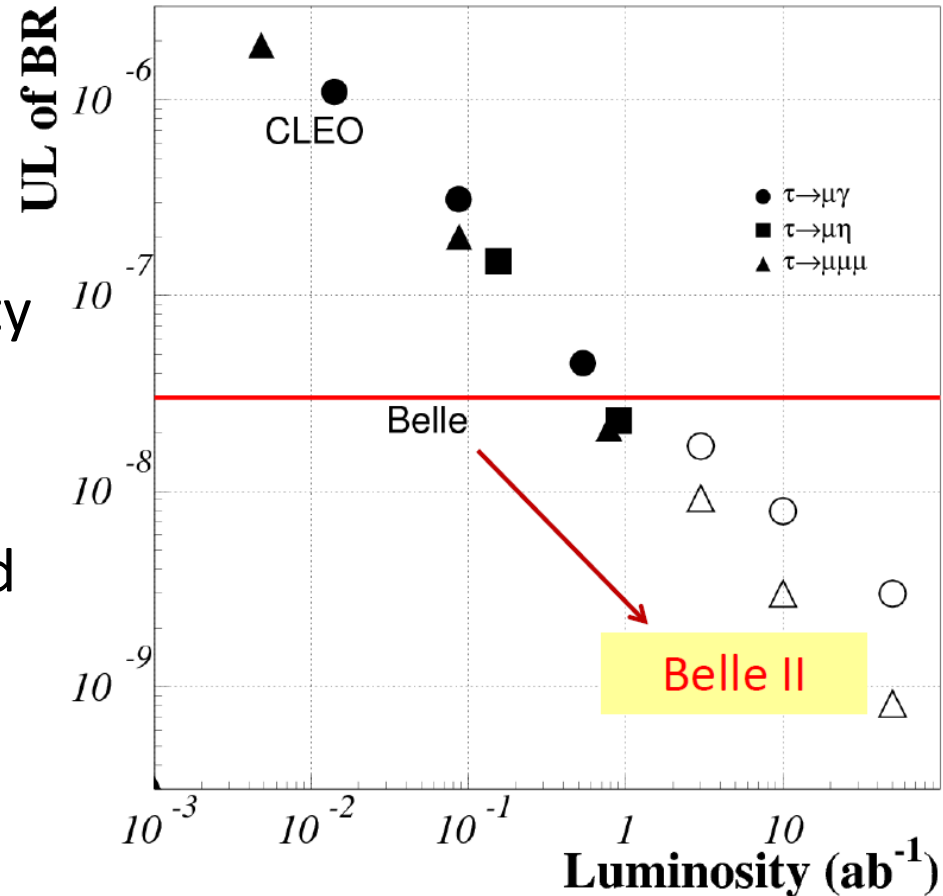
SuperKEKB Luminosity profile



Target integrated luminosity = $50\text{ab}^{-1} \Rightarrow \sim 5 \times 10^{10} \tau$ pairs

Prospects at Belle II

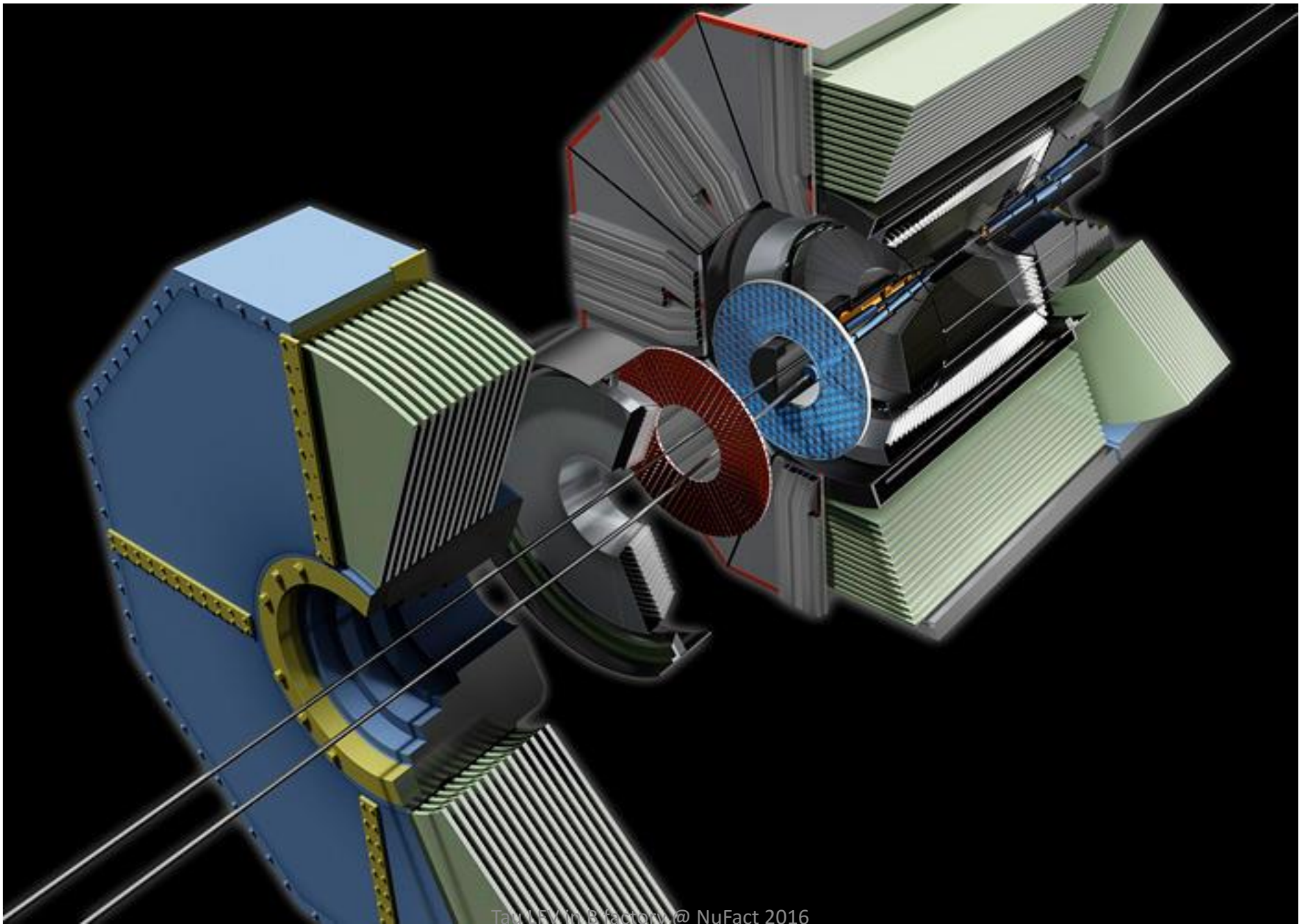
- Sensitivity depends on BG level
 - Recent improvement of the analysis (BG understanding, optimized selection)
 => Improve achievable sensitivity
- $B(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) \sim O(10^{-9})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu) \sim O(10^{-10})$ at 50ab^{-1}
 - Slopes depend on background
- Improvement of BG reduction is important.
 - Beam BG
 - Signal resolution



Summary

- Belle collected a 1ab^{-1} data sample containing $\sim 10^9$ τ pairs
 - Almost all upper limits on BF for τ LFV are analyzed with Belle's full data sample and reach $O(10^{-8})$
- Belle II experiment is scheduled to start at 2018 and collect $\sim 5 \times 10^{10}$ τ pairs in 50ab^{-1} data sample
 - LFV Sensitivity depends on statistics
 - Background free modes, such as $\tau \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell$ can be reached to $O(10^{-10})$ branching ratio sensitivity while $\tau \rightarrow \ell\gamma$ modes will be $O(10^{-9})$, highly depends on the background situation
- First tuning of SuperKEKB was succeeded
 - BEAST II will provide more knowledge of beam background
- Detector construction is ongoing with cosmic ray/beam tests
 - Belle II rolls in at the end of the year

backup



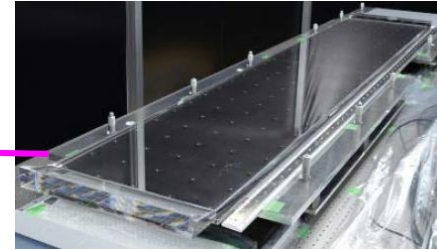
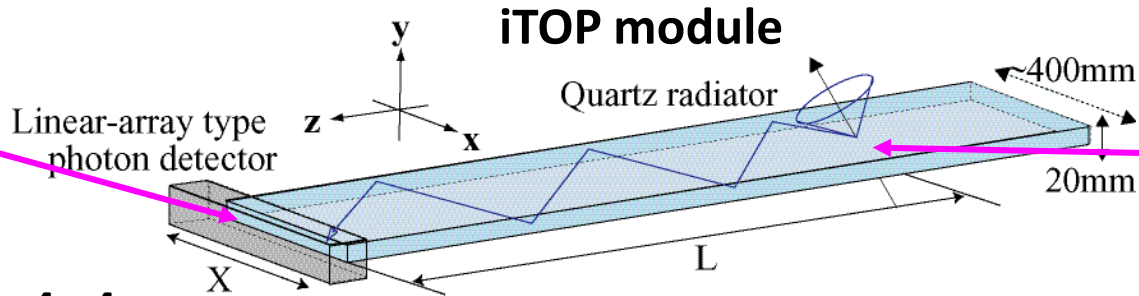
Barrel PID : iTOP

Detection of internally reflected Cherenkov (DIRC):

- Cherenkov pattern in two hit coordinates and time of propagation.

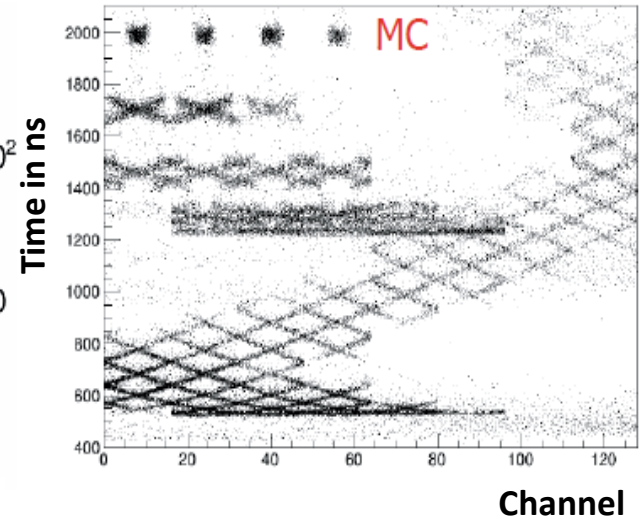
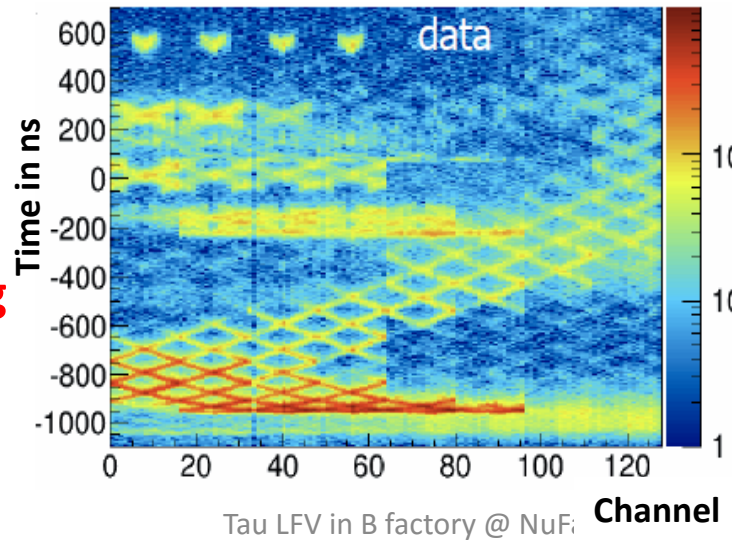


512 Hamamatsu 4 x 4
MCP-PMT



Quartz radiator

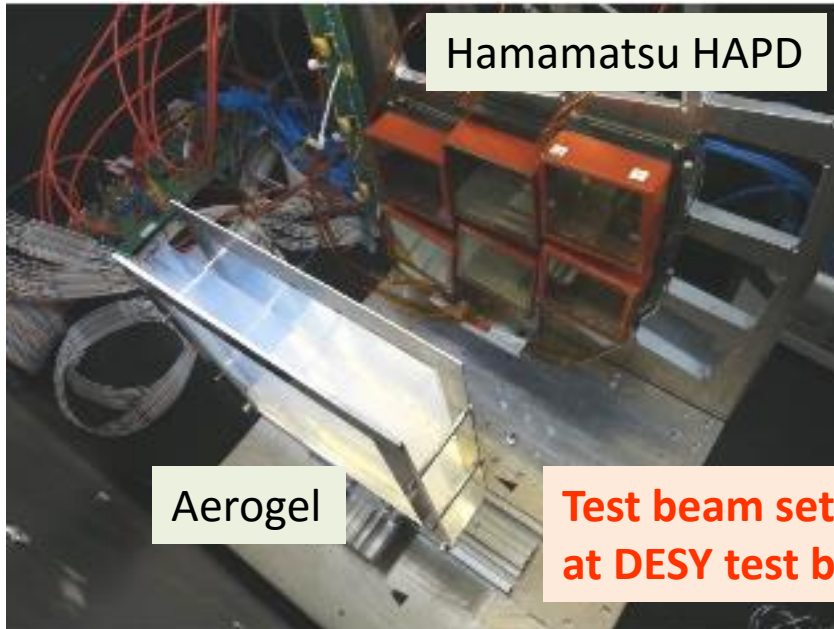
TOP test beam data



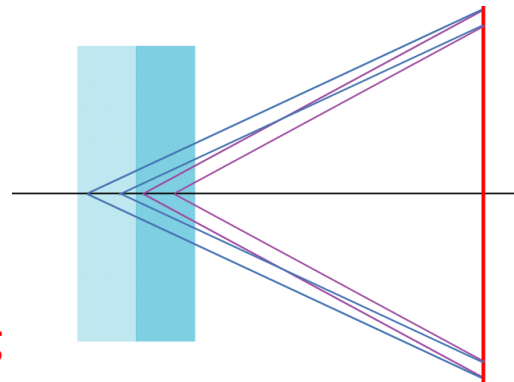
- Good conformity in data and MC
- **Assembly of iTOP modules is ongoing**

Tau LFV in B factory @ NuF_i

End-cap PID: Aerogel RICH

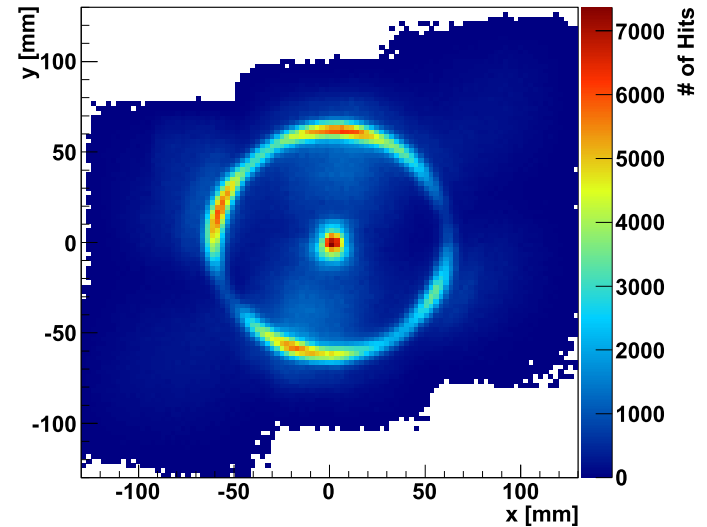


- Employ multiple layers with different refractive indices
- Cherenkov images from individual layers overlap on the photon detector
- **Mass test of HAPD is on going**

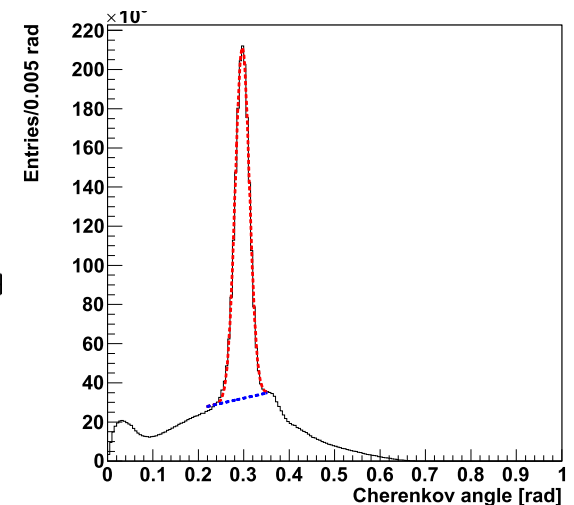


Tau LFV in B factory @ NuFact 2016

Clear Cherenkov image observed

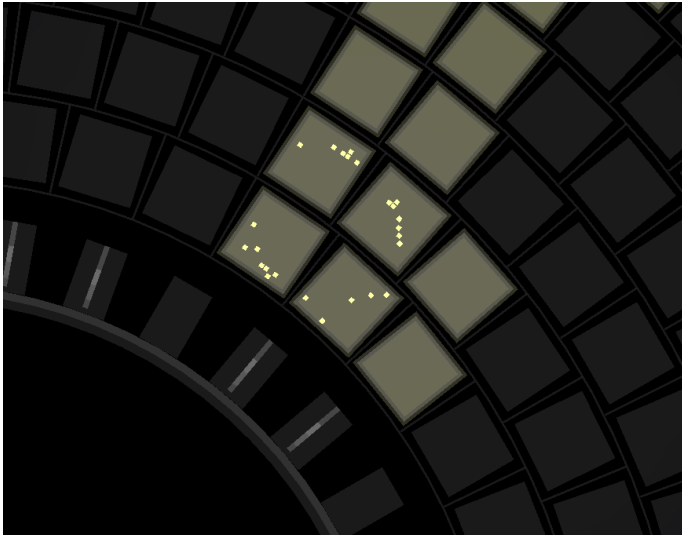


Cherenkov angle distribution

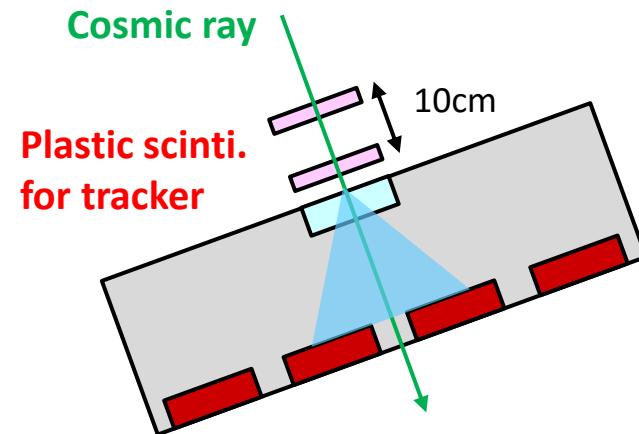


Cosmic ray test at Tsukuba BF4

- Coincidence of 2 plastic scintillators
 - Less than 0.1Hz but clean signal
- One Aerogel tile is inside black box
 - 6 HAPDs are applied HVs and GBs.
- Parameter tuning was done last week
- **First ring images was observed!**
 - Long run will start this week

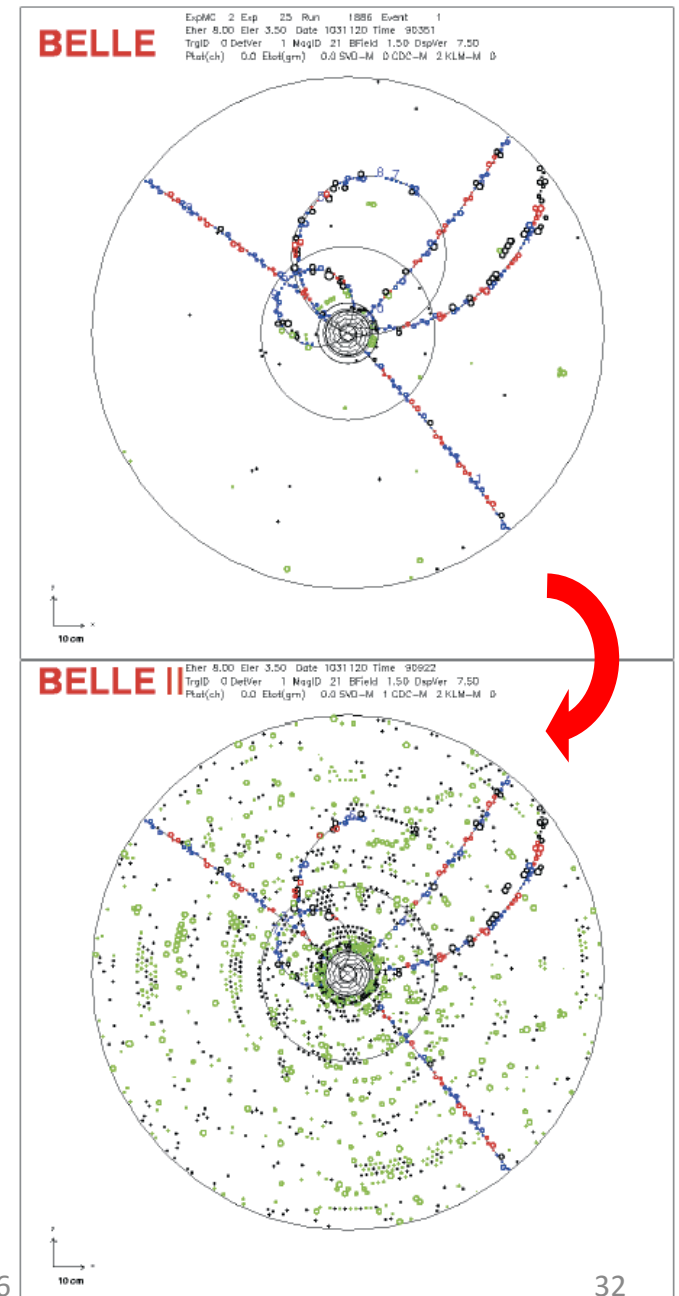


Cosmic tracker on the ARICH structure



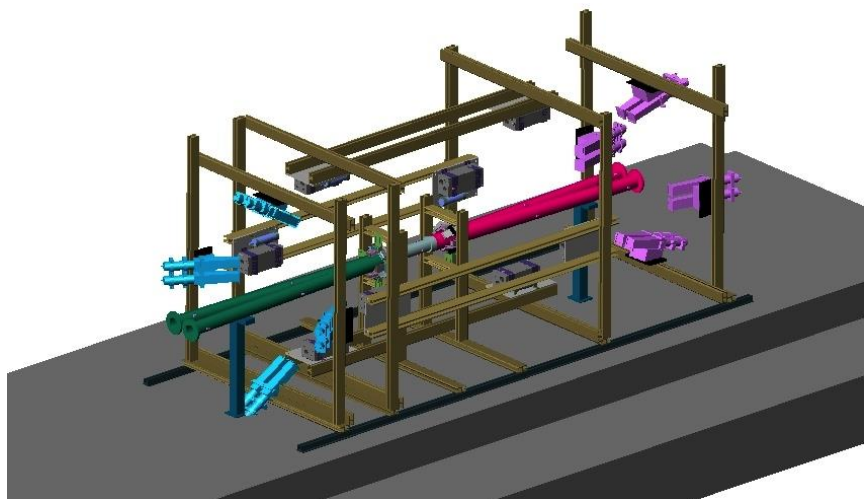
Experimental challenge at higher luminosity

- For a higher luminosity
 - More beam background (**20 x**)
 - Higher trigger rate (**0.5 -> 30kHz**)
 - More radiation hardness
- Important improvements
 - Hermeticity for full reconstruction
=> Finer granularity (more channels)
 - Impact parameter resolution
=> Smaller beam pipe (**1.5cm -> 1.0cm**)
=> Pixel detector (DEPFET)
 - K_s vertex reconstruction efficiency
=> Larger SVD coverage
 - Better K / π separation
=> New Particle ID devices

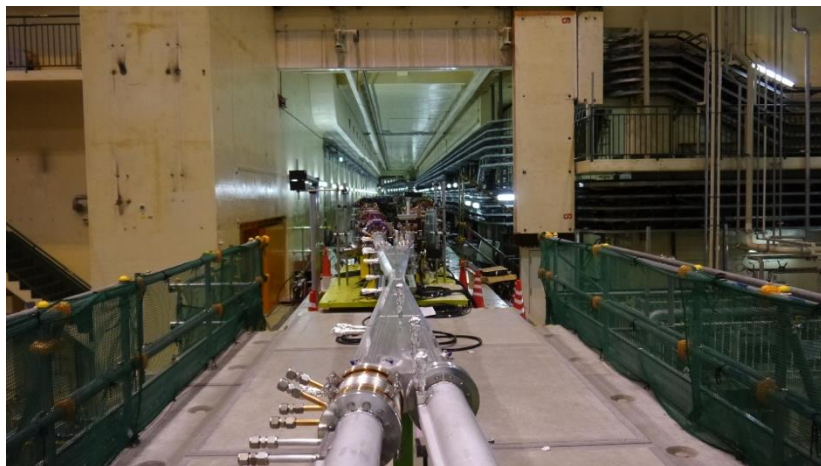
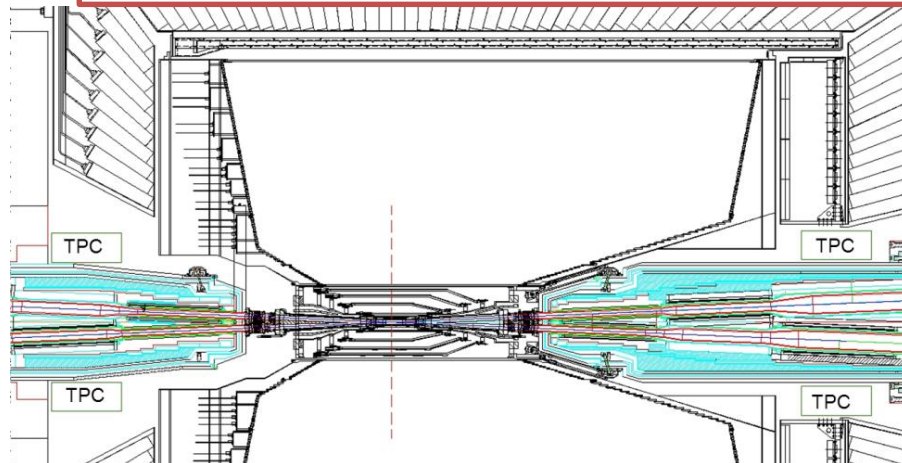


Two Phases of the BEAST (Beam Background Commissioning Experiment)

Phase I installation on-going



Now finalizing the suite of BEAST detectors and converging on design.

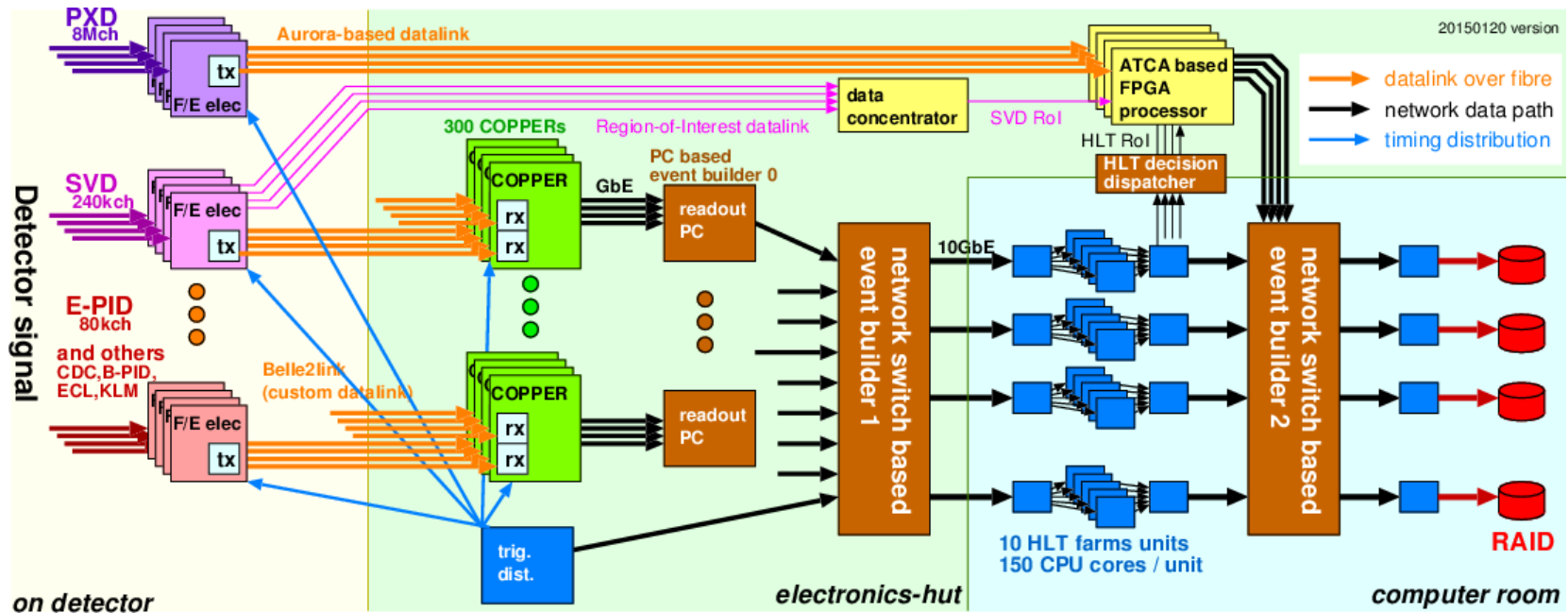


BEAST Phase 2: ~May 2017

- BelleII outer detector rolled in.
- VXD BEAST Assembly
- BEAST detectors in dock space and around QCS
- **BEAST DAQ & Belle DAQ**

BEAST Phase I beampipe now installed (3.1 km of ring is complete)

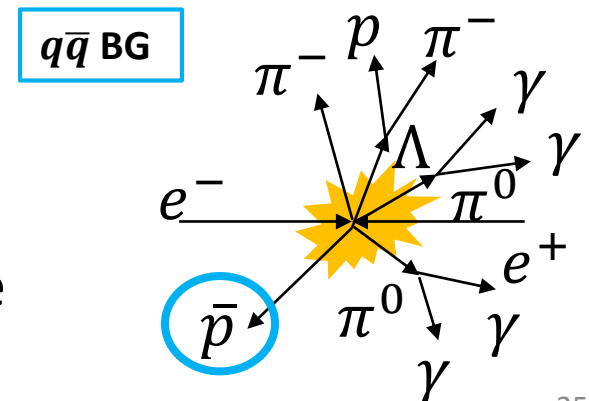
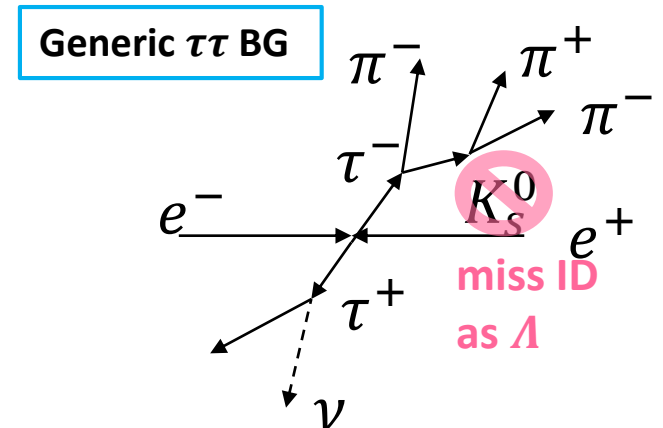
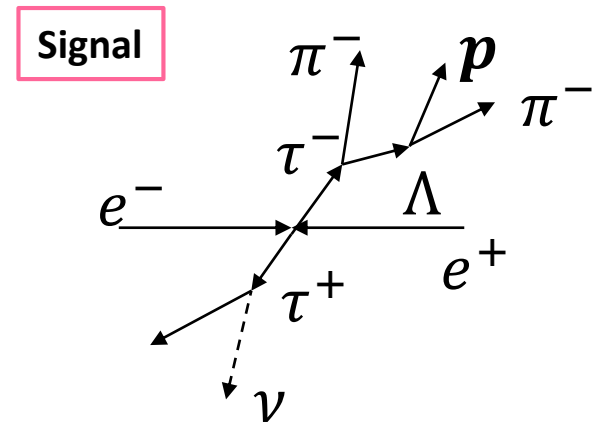
Belle II DAQ system



- Belle2Link : High speed serial link for unified readout scheme except PXD
 - COPPER : Platform for receiver part of Belle2Link
- Special readouts for PXD reduce data size according to Region of Interests
- Unified trigger timing distribution for FEEs and COPPERs
- Two layers of event building in network data flow
- High Level Trigger (HLT) farm analyzing online data using offline software

$\tau \rightarrow \Lambda h / \bar{\Lambda} h$

- Search with 904fb^{-1} data sample
 - Select three hadrons
 - Require Λ vertex
- 4 modes are searched for. ($h = p, K$)
 - $\tau \rightarrow \Lambda h^-$: (B-L) conserving decay
 - $\tau \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} h^-$: (B-L) violating decay
- $\tau\tau$ BG including K_S^0 miss ID as Λ
 - Reconstruct K_S^0 and reduce reject events that are likely to be K_S^0
- $q\bar{q}$ BG including Λ
 - Reject events with proton in tag side



$\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma, e\gamma$

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- Previous results:
- Search with 545 fb^{-1}
 - Main BG : $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu + \text{ISR } \gamma$
- ISR: Initial State Radiation
- $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$: $\text{Br} < 4.5 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.
- $\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$: $\text{Br} < 1.2 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

