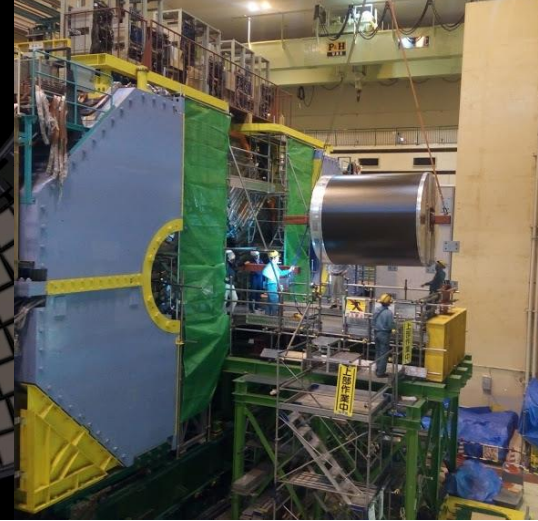


ARICH



The Belle II Experiment: Status and Prospects

High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK)

S. Tanaka on the behalf of the Belle II collaboration

39th International Conference on High Energy Physics



Jan, 2018
Beam pipe connection



EXPERIMENT 3, RUN 782, Event 2195
Belle II 2018/05/ 6 17:58 JST

PXD/SVD

B factory experiment

Detectors across the range of machines look remarkably similar (important differences in detail)

Paraphrasing: boosted $(4s)$ detector does not look very different

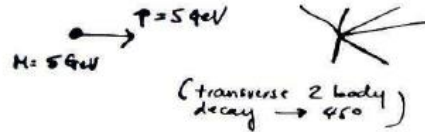


Figure 2: First presentation [17] of the boosted- $\Upsilon(4S)$ idea in 1987.

- Asymmetric High luminosity e^+e^- collider can provide high statistics of
 - boosted B/D meson and also
 - τ lepton

Flavor physics

- Verification of CKM mechanism

- CKM matrix / unitarity triangle

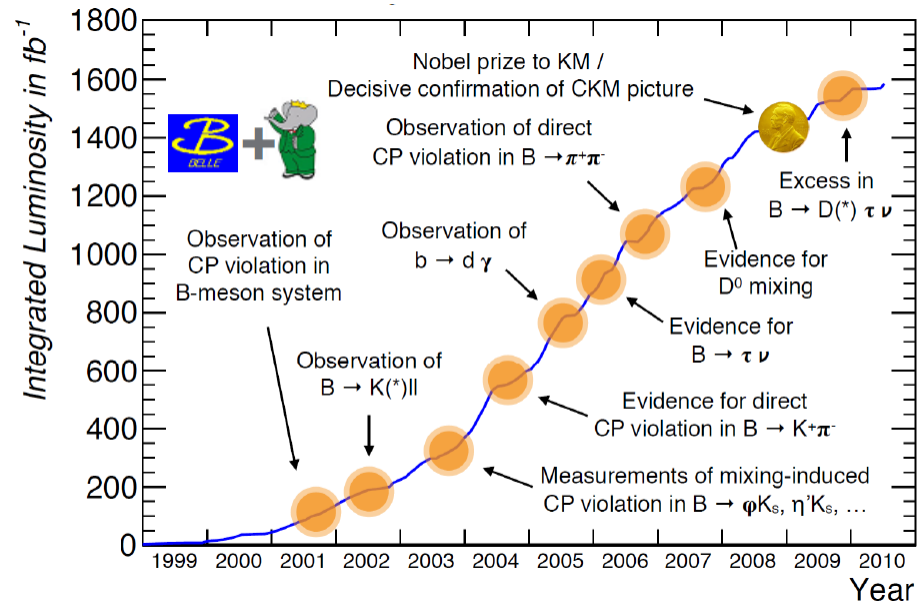
- CPV in B decays

Limits on BSM physics

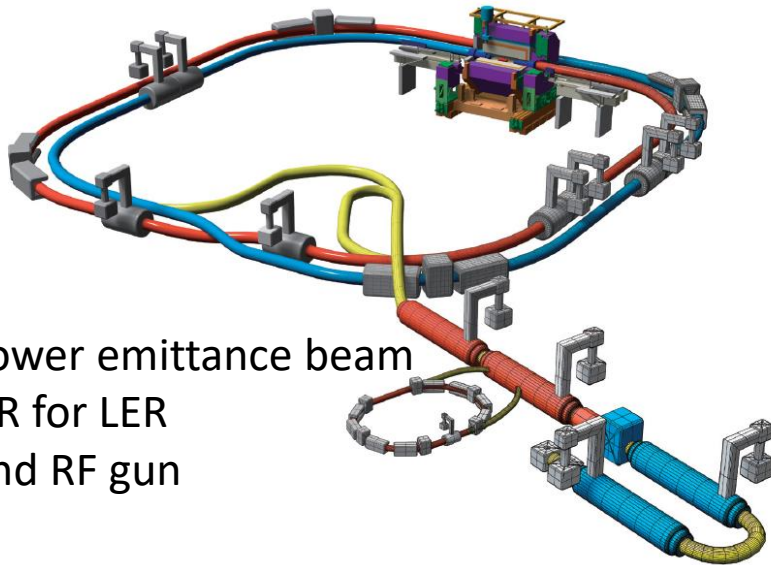
- B/D's rare decays
- $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, $b \rightarrow sl^+\bar{l}$
- LFV τ decays

Exploring New particles

- Four quark states



SuperKEKB (nano-beam scheme)



Beam current

Beam-beam parameter

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{e^\pm}}{2e r_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{e^\pm} \xi_y^{e^\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}} \right)$$

σ : beam size

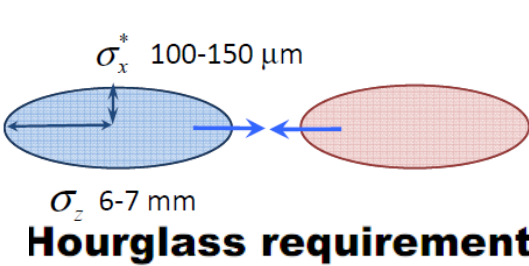
β function

		KEKB		SuperKEKB		units	
		LER	HER	LER	HER		
Beam energy	E_b	3.5	8	4	7.007	GeV	
Beam crossing angle	φ	22		83		mrad	
β function @ IP	β_x^*/β_y	1200/5.9		32/0.27	25/0.30	mm	X 20
Beam current	I_b	1.64	1.19	3.6	2.6	A	X 2
Luminosity	L	2.1×10^{34}		8×10^{35}		$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	X 40

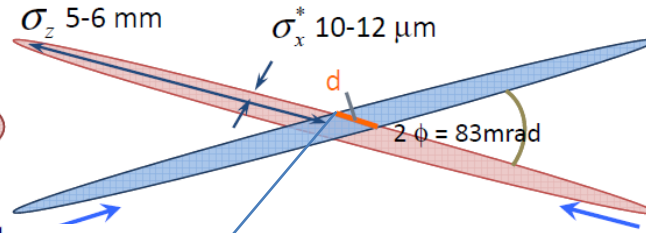
New Constraints by the nano-beam scheme

KEKB head-on (crab crossing)

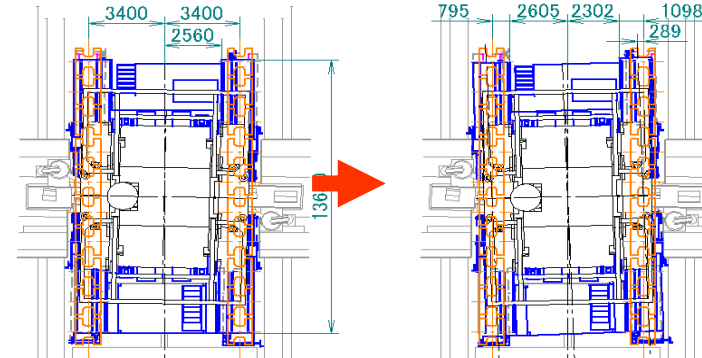
Nano-Beam SuperKEKB



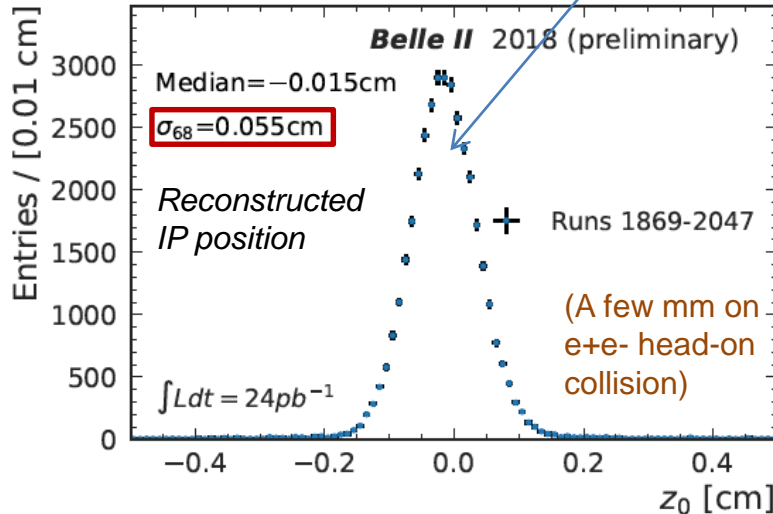
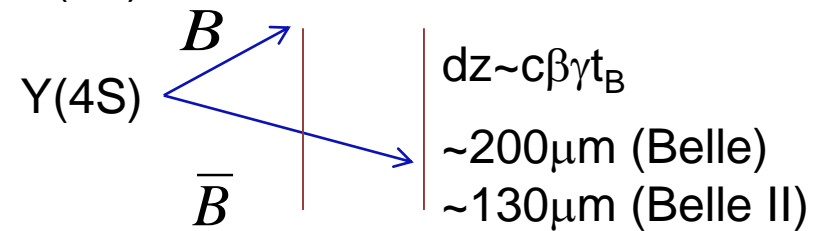
$$\beta_y^* \geq \sigma_z \sim 6 \text{ mm}$$



$$\beta_y^* \geq \frac{\sigma_x^*}{\phi} \sim 300 \mu\text{m}$$



In order to fit beam line in the tunnel, Belle II detector has rotated.



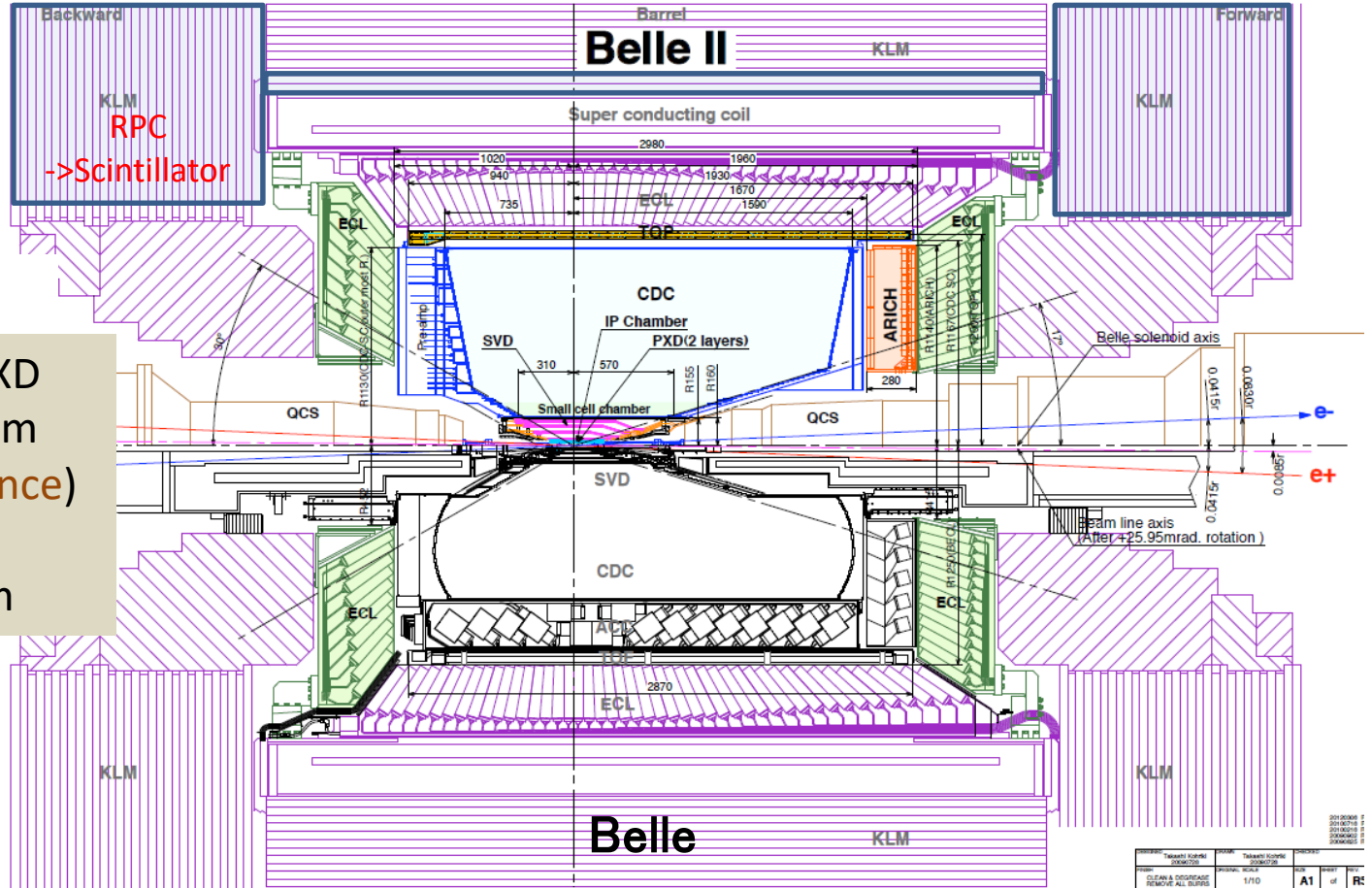
SuperKEKB $\beta\gamma = 0.28$: e- (7 GeV), e+ (4 GeV)
 KEKB $\beta\gamma = 0.42$: e- (8 GeV), e+ (3.5 GeV)

LER (3.5 GeV \rightarrow 4 GeV):
 • for longer Touschek lifetime $\propto E^3$

HER (8 GeV \rightarrow 7 GeV):
 • Lower emittance beam $\propto 1/E^2$
 • Lower Synchrotron radiation loss

To realize nano-beam, we admit Lorentz boost factor down to 2/3 w.r.t. KEKB.

Detector layout (Belle -> Belle II)



Belle II VXD
 $R=14-140\text{mm}$
(Ks acceptance)
 Belle SVD
 $R=20-88\text{mm}$

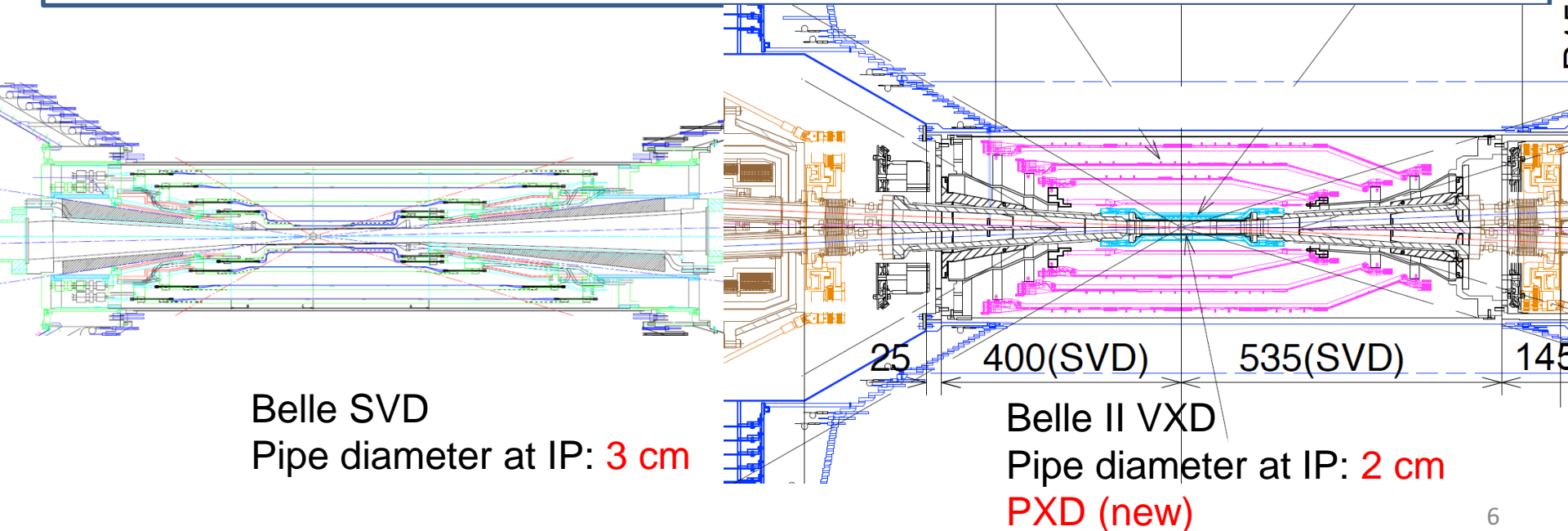


- | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| SVD 4 layers (DSSD) | → | 2 DEPFET + 4 DSSD |
| CDC:
ACC+TOF | → | small cell, long lever arm
TOP+ARICH (Better K/p separation) |
| ECL: | → | waveform sampling |
| KLM: RPC | → | Scintillator+SiPM |
- (Endcap and inner two layer of Barrel for neutron BG)

REV. 001	REV. 001	REV. 001
DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT	DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT	DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT
1/10	1/10	1/10
A1	A1	A1
Belle & Iano beam option		

Requirements on Belle-> Belle II upgrade

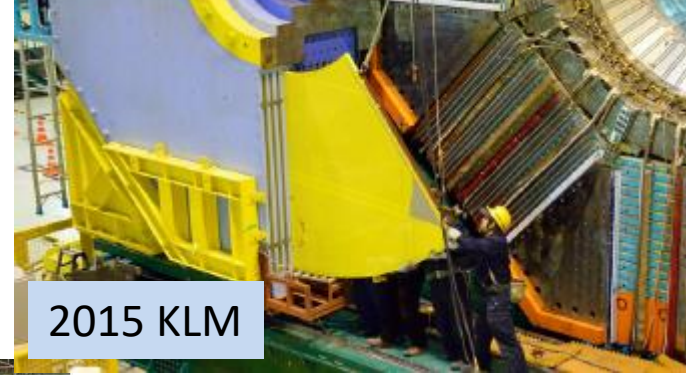
- 40 times higher Luminosity
 - Huge BG: need to control BG with 20 times level than Belle
 - Effective shielding and Collimator optimization
 - Higher rate capability of DAQ, Trigger and data transfer (max.:30kHz)
 - To avoid signal pile-up, replacing with faster FE
 - SVD, CDC, ECL
- Keeping physics acceptance even if the beam crossing angle is changed from 22 to 83 mrad by the nano-beam scheme



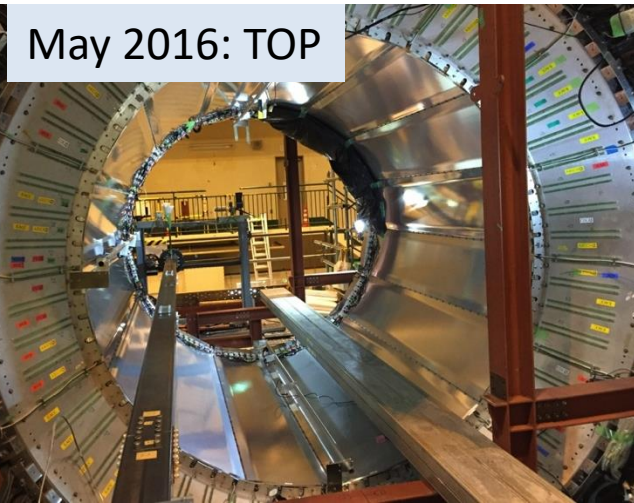
Belle SVD
Pipe diameter at IP: 3 cm

Belle II VXD
Pipe diameter at IP: 2 cm
PXD (new)

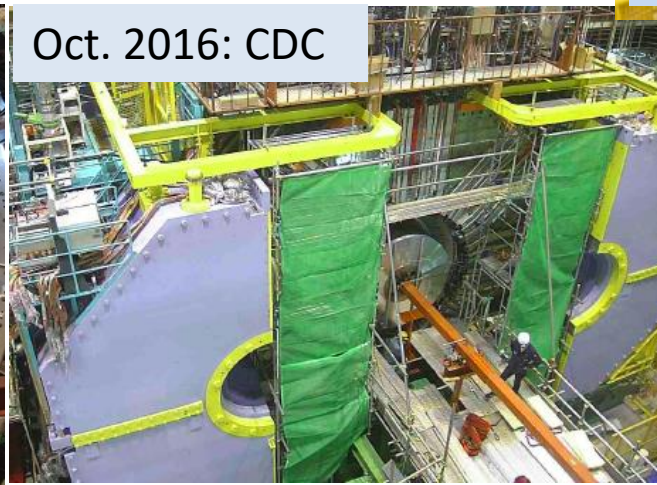
Sub-detector installation



2015 KLM



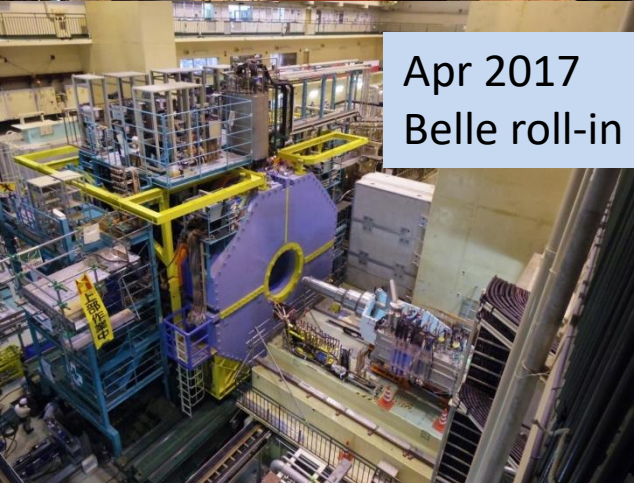
May 2016: TOP



Oct. 2016: CDC



Jan. 2017 BWD ECL



Apr 2017
Belle roll-in



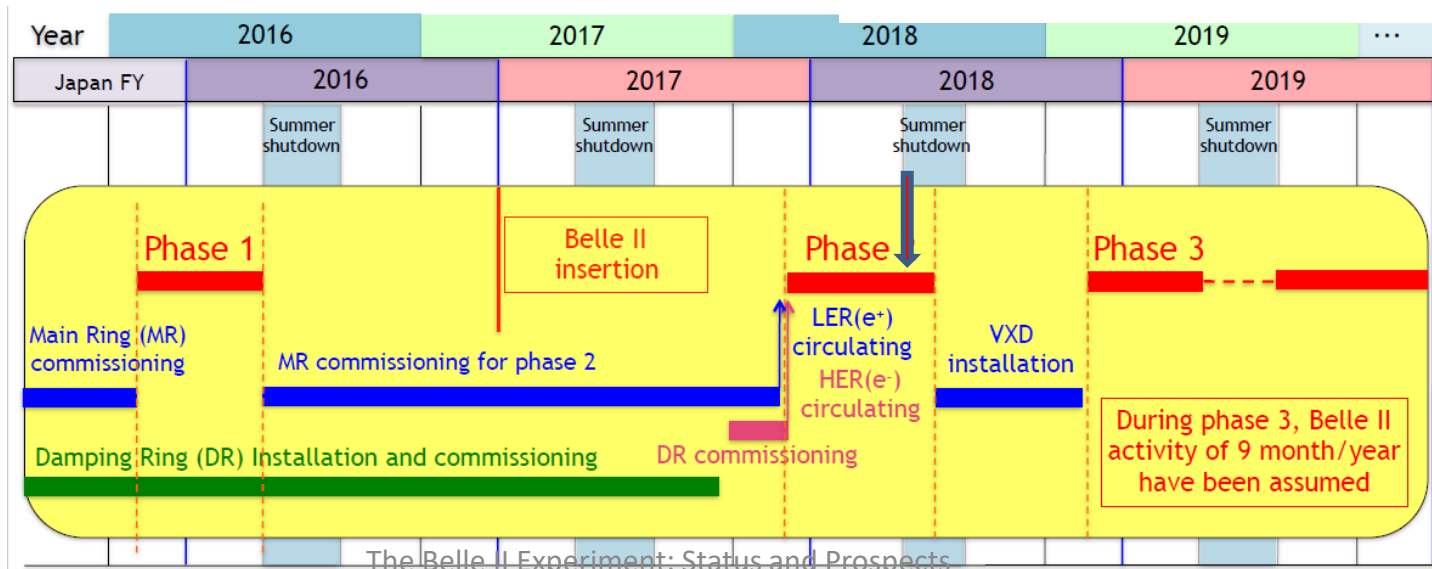
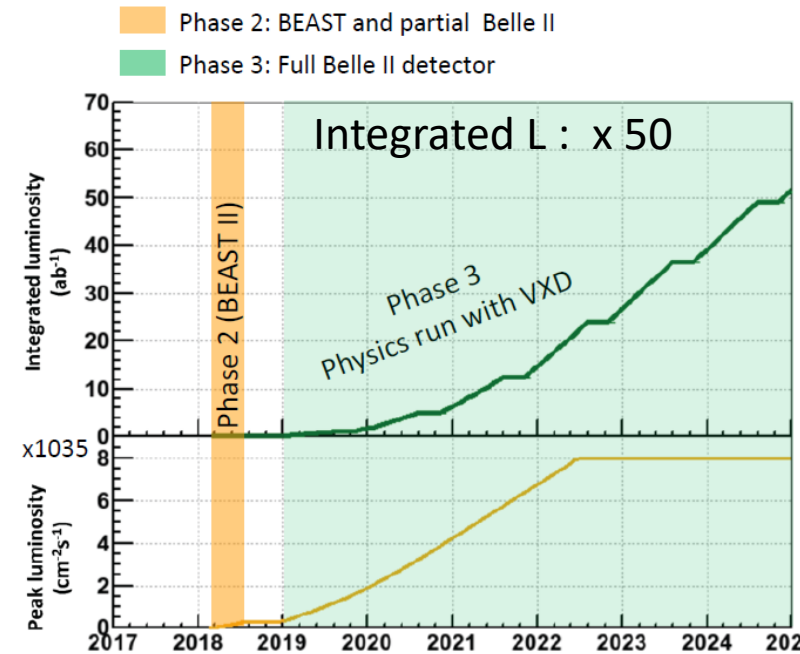
Aug.2017:ARICH



VXD: 2017 Nov.

Belle II /superKEKB commissioning

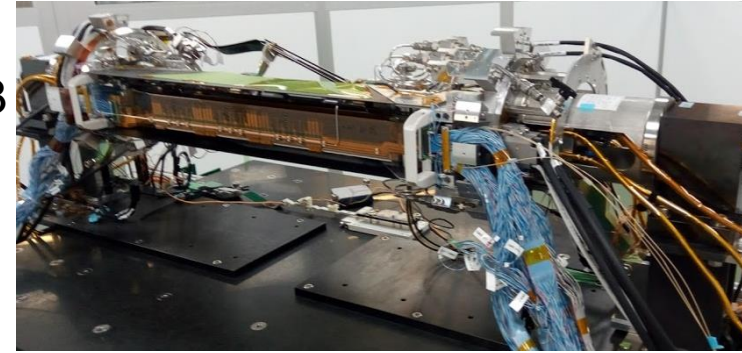
- **Phase 1 (finished):** Beam operation without final focus magnets and Belle II
 - Commissioning of beam transportation and vacuum scrubbing
- **Phase 2 (4 month):** Start data taking with Beam collision
 - Target Luminosity $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ which is comparable with KEKB
 - No final VXD but one ladder/layer with background sensors
- **Phase 3 (2019):** final detector configuration



Phase 2 VXD

Phase 2 VXD:

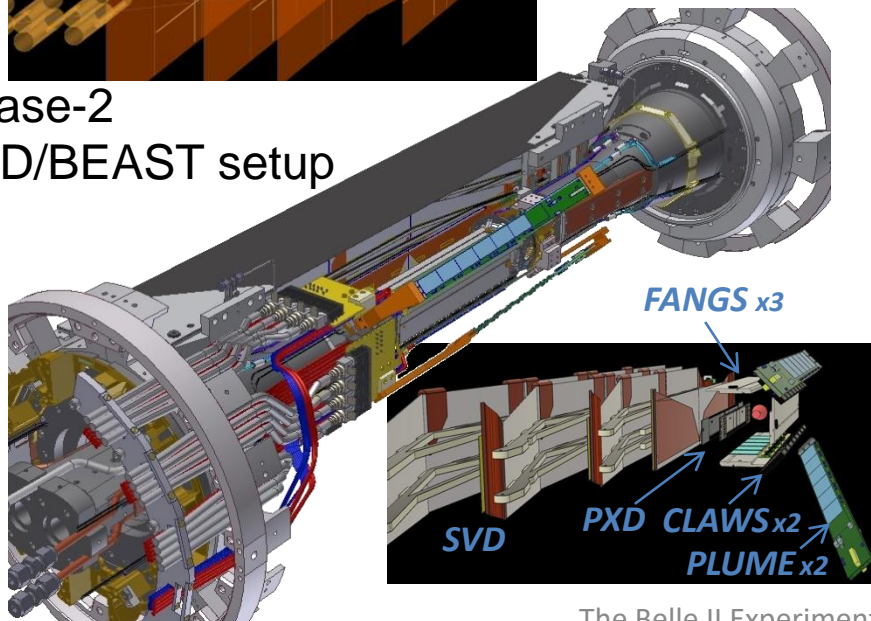
- Mechanical components are the same with phase 3
- 1 ladder/payer of PXD, SVD
 - **BG hit rate, DAQ test and Rol tracking study**
- BG sensors only for phase 2
 - To judge BG condition for phase 3 VXD



BG sensors in phase 2 VXD



Phase-2
VXD/BEAST setup

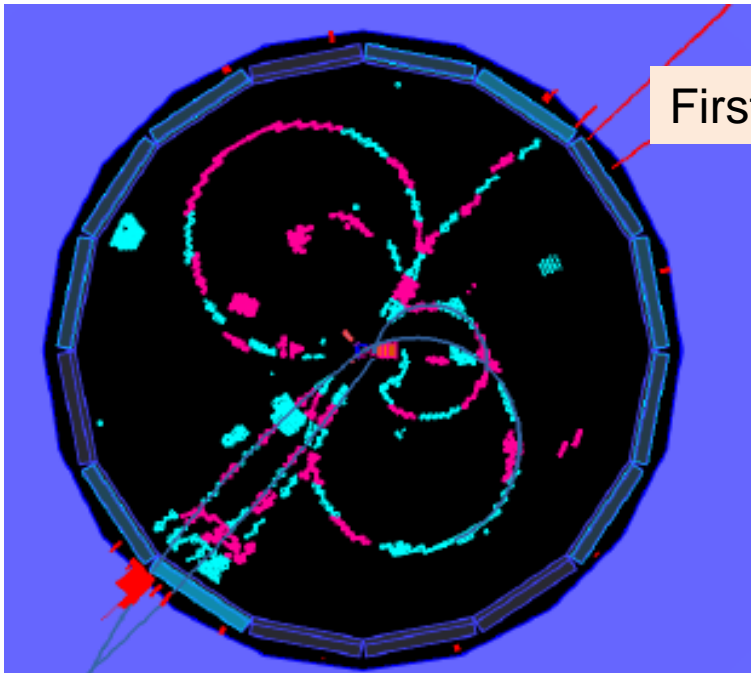


FANGS	Silicon pixel sensor : x-ray energy spectrum for SR
CLAWS	Scintillators w/ SiPMTs: Beam injection noise
PLUME	Two-side silicon pixel sensors: hit rate measurement in radially
Micro-TPC	Fast neutron from EM shower
He-3 tube	Thermal neutron
Scintillators +PIN diode	BG measurement around the final focus magnets
Diamond sensor	BG dose measurement @IP Aborting beam to protect VXD

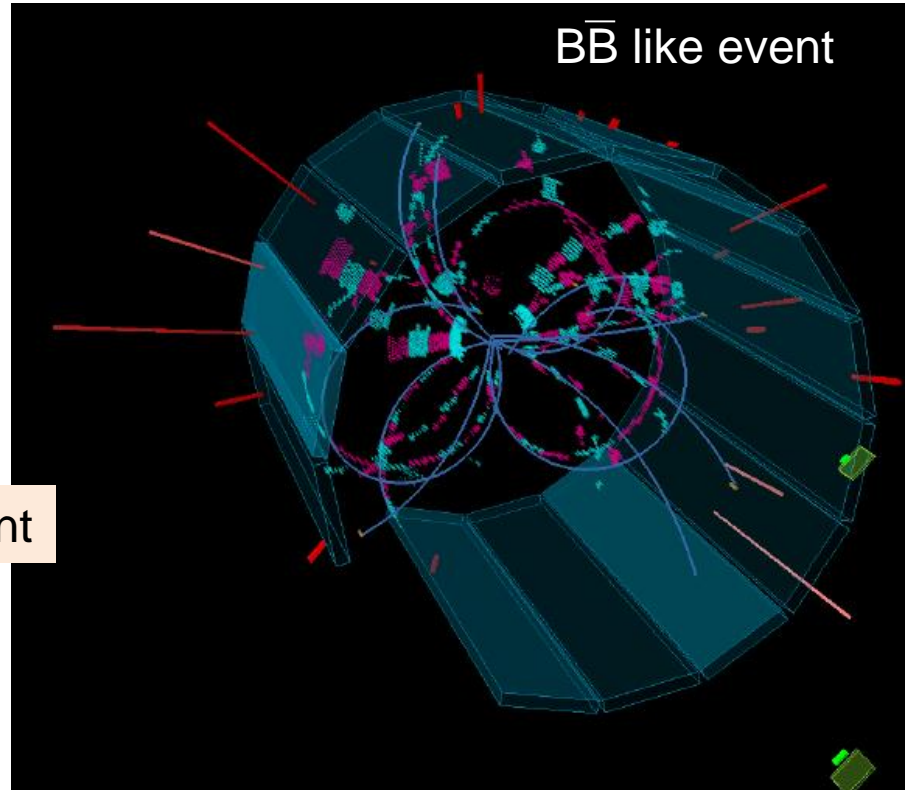
Integrated dose: film dosimeters

First event

First hadronic event (26th Apr.)



$B\bar{B}$ like event



Bhabha like event



Latest Machine achievement

$L \sim 5.39 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

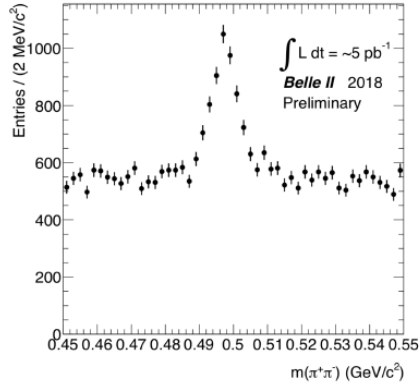
LER: 800mA

HER: 745mA

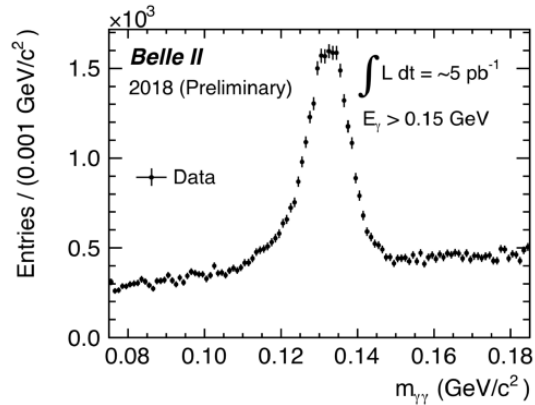
First studies

Hadron reconstruction (based on 5 pb⁻¹ data)
(corrected ~0.5 fb⁻¹)

$K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



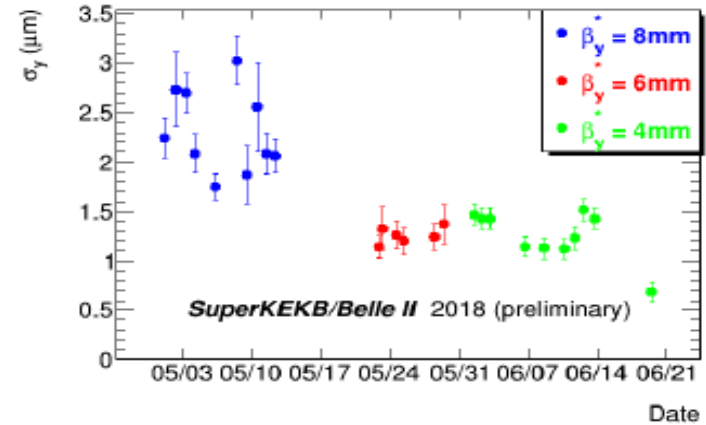
$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$



Phase 2 Objective:

- 1, Luminosity measurement, hadronic events, B/D counting
- 2, Re-discovery of hadronic events (for calibration)
- 3, Performance measurements
(tracking, neutrals, hadron ID, lepton ID, trigger)
- 4, Dark matter search
 $e+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$, $e+e^- \rightarrow \gamma (\gamma\gamma)$
- 5, BG measurement to confirm phase 3 operation

Squeezing Vertical beam size

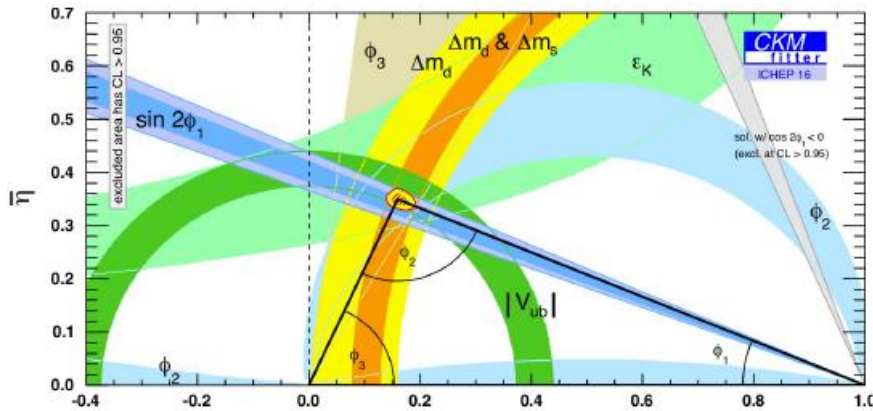


By reconstructing IP, the beam Size change in each beam optics has confirmed

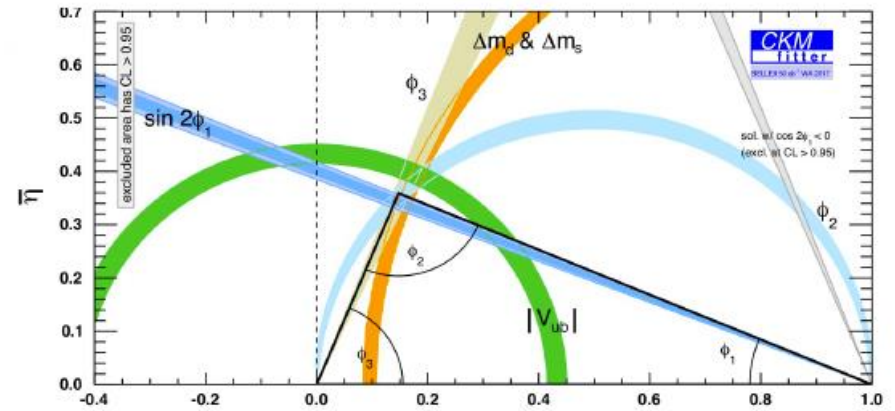
Experimental targets on Belle II

1. Measuring CP violation with B meson
2. Fine verification of CKM mechanism which causes CP violation
3. Exploring new physics by high statistics data

State of the art 2016



Belle II 50 ab⁻¹



Belle II physics report via Belle Theory Interface Platform(B2TIP) will be public soon. (<https://confluence.desy.de/display/BI/B2TiP+WebHome#space-menu-link-content>)

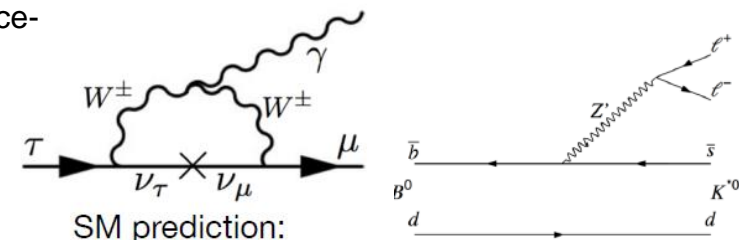
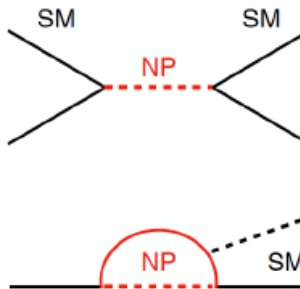
Energy frontier

Direct production of new particles - limited by beam energy

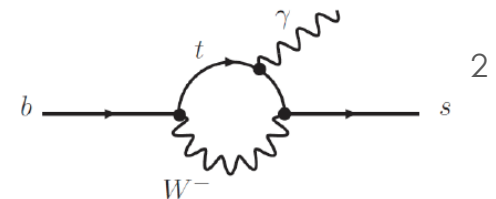


Intensity frontier:

indirectly reveal NP virtual particles in loops – probe energy above 10 TeV



SM prediction:
 $BF(\tau \rightarrow l\gamma) \sim 10^{-40}$



Vertex Detector (Phase 3)

Beam Pipe
DEPFET

$r = 10\text{mm}$

Layer 1

$r = 14\text{mm}$

Layer 2

$r = 22\text{mm}$

DSSD

Layer 3

$r = 39\text{mm}$

Layer 4

$r = 80\text{mm}$

Layer 5

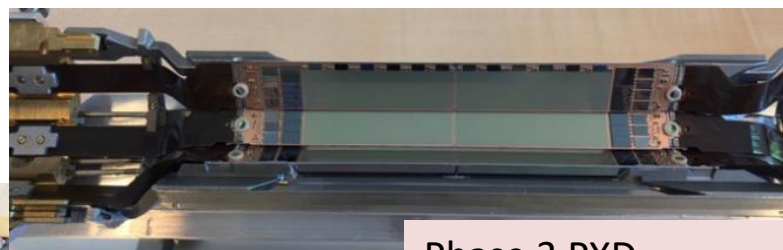
$r = 115\text{mm}$

Layer 6

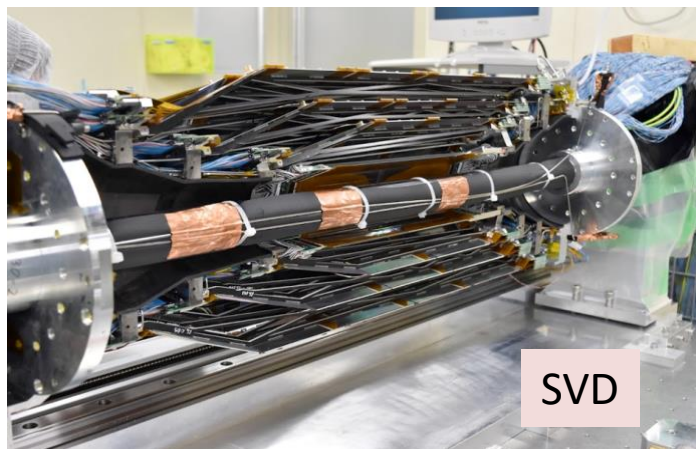
$r = 140\text{mm}$



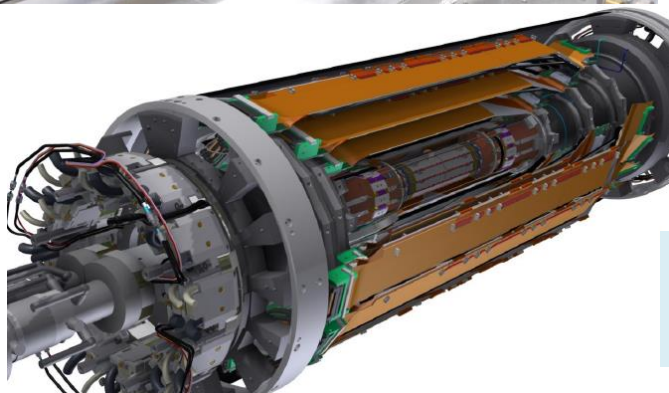
IP Beam pipe



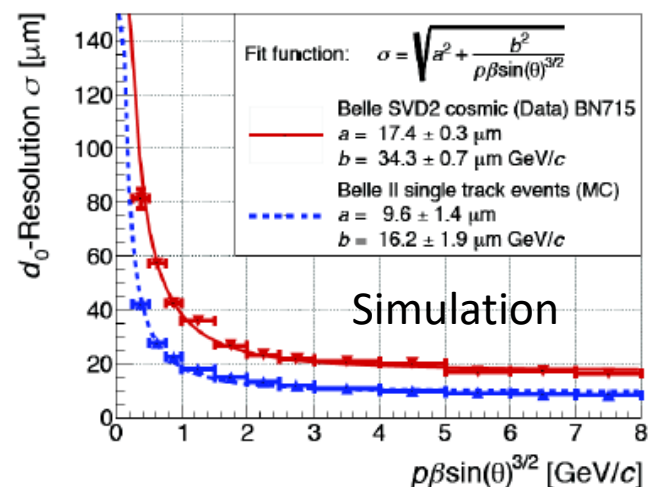
Phase 3 PXD
1st layer at phase 3 start



SVD



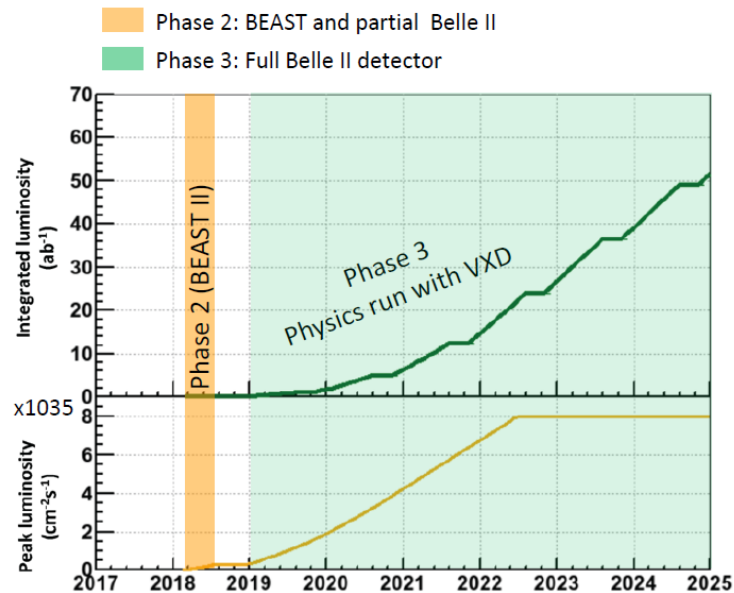
Phase 3 VXD installation in 2018



VXD can provide factor 2 or more better impact parameter resolution in spite of lowered Lorentz boost.

Summary

- Phase 2 Belle II detector with superKEKB has completed in 2018 Mar.
- After the beam tuning, First beam collision has observed on 26th Apr.
- Phase2 Belle II operation is schedule from Apr. to middle of July 2018.
 - Phase 2 VXD equip 1 ladder/layer of PXD/SVD
 - DAQ, Trigger optimization
 - Event reconstruction parameter optimization
 - Rediscovery of heavy flavor
 - Performance measurement (tracking, particle ID, trigger)
 - Understanding/control BG
- Phase3 operation with full Belle II detector is scheduled from next spring.



Bkup

Summary of detector performance.

Measurement	Belle	Belle II
<i>B</i> Vertex Reconstruction (typical)	$\sigma_z = 61 \mu\text{m}$	$\sigma_z = 26 \mu\text{m}$
Tracking	$\sigma_{p_t}/p_t = 0.0019p_t \text{ [GeV}/c] \oplus 0.0030/\beta$	$\sigma_{p_t}/p_t = 0.0011p_t \text{ [GeV}/c] \oplus 0.0025/\beta$
<i>K</i> π ID	Kaon efficiency $\epsilon_K \simeq 0.85$ with pion fake rate $\epsilon_\pi \simeq 0.10$ for $p = 2 \text{ GeV}/c$	$\epsilon_K \simeq 0.90$ with $\epsilon_\pi \simeq 0.04$ for $p = 2 \text{ GeV}/c$
Calorimetry	$\frac{\sigma E}{E} = \frac{0.066\%}{E} \oplus \frac{0.81\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1.34\%$	$\frac{\sigma E}{E} = 7.7\%$ at 0.1 GeV, 2.25% at 1 GeV
Muon ID	Muon efficiency $\epsilon_\mu \simeq 0.90$ with fake rate $\epsilon \simeq 0.02$ for $p_t > 0.8 \text{ GeV}/c$ tracks	$\epsilon_\mu = 0.92 - 0.98$ with $\epsilon = 0.02 - 0.06$ for $p > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$
L1 Trigger	500 Hz typical average, Efficiency for hadronic events $\epsilon_{\text{hadron}} \simeq 1$	30 kHz max. average rate, $\epsilon_{\text{hadron}} \simeq 1$
DAQ	$\sim 5\%$ dead time at 500 Hz L1 rate	$< 3\%$ dead time at 30 kHz L1 rate

HER .108 [A] 395 [bunches]
 LER .067 [A] 395 [bunches]
 Luminosity 4.222 (now) 55.454 (peak in 24H @21:04) [$10^{32}/\text{cm}^2/\text{sec}$]
 Integ. Lum. .0 (Fill) .0 (Day) .0 (24H) [/pb]

Luminosity Run

Phase 2.1.5 (100/4,100/4): 2018/06/12
 Phase 2.1.6 (200/4,100/4): 2018/06/13
 Phase 2.1.7 (200/3,100/3): 2018/06/20

7/6/2018 5:05 JST

